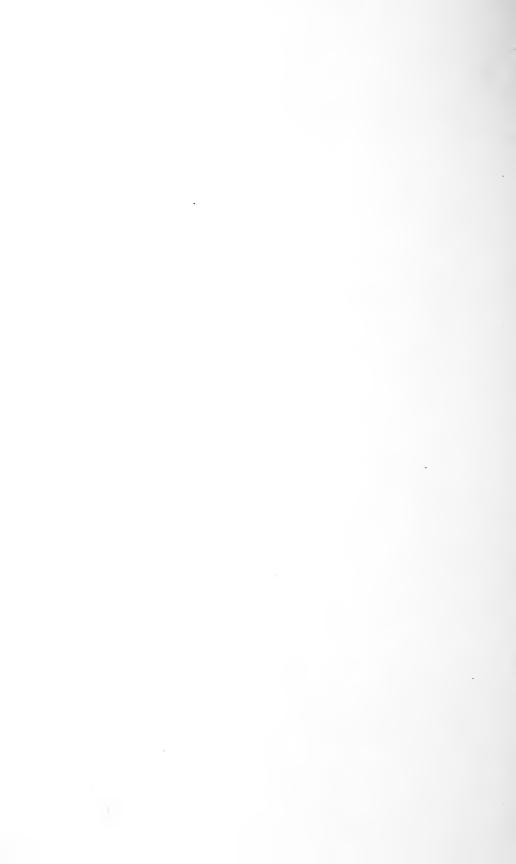
Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



E.

INDEXE

Roeding & Wood Nursery Company

Choice Fruit Trees
—— ORNAMENTAL

Trees and Shrubs
Vines and Plants



1915-1916

SA JEV

OFFICE AND SALESYARD:

NO. 1603 EAST WASHINGTON STREET LOS ANGELES, CAL.



A PRICED SCHEDULE

of

Economic-Ornamental Plants

Citrus and Deciduous Fruit Trees Avenue and Ornamental Trees Choice Garden Shrubs and Vines Palms, New and Standard Roses

including

MANY NEW AND RARE VARIETIES



Grown and For Sale by the

Roeding & Wood Nursery Co.

NO. 1603 EAST WASHINGTON STREET LOS ANGELES, CAL.

GEORGE C. ROEDING, President
J. D. MERIWETHER, Secretary-Manager



NURSERIES AND ORCHARDS:

Fruit Tree Nurseries:

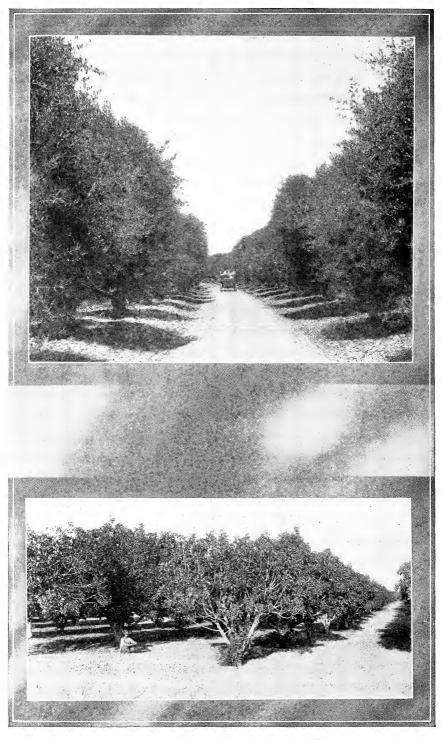
Ornamental Nurseries:

100 acres - La Habra, Orange County

20 acres, Laguna, 10 miles E. of Los Angeles

Experiment Orchards:

250 acres - - Exeter, Tulare County



CALIMYRNA FIG ORCHARD ON THE ROEDING PLACE

ROEDING'S TRUE TREES

FOR SEASON 1915-1916

Are described, illustrated and quoted in this new Catalog. We list only such varieties as have been tested and found worthy of planting.

To those who have never dealt with us, we will be glad to demonstrate the high quality of our stock. The yearly growth of our business has required scientific method of growing and the prompt handling of our large output of trees and plants.

At our office and sales yard, No. 1603 East Washington Street, Los Angeles, we carry a full and complete line of citrus and deciduous fruit trees, ornamental trees, shrubs, palms and roses, to meet the demands of customers. We shall be pleased to have all those contemplating the planting of trees call and inspect our stock before purchasing elsewhere. Whether large or small, your order is always appreciated.

We invite your correspondence on any subject pertaining to our business, especially for information concerning the best varieties of trees and plants for your locality. In addition to this, we have a "Landscape Service" Department at your disposal. We want to assist you in planning the planting of your grounds, orchards or vineyards, and further to supply you with "ROEDING'S TRUE TREES," which are not excelled by any other nursery concern on the Coast.

GUARANTEE OF GENUINENESS

In growing and furnishing all nursery stock, every care and precaution is exercised to have it true to name; still with all our care, mistakes are liable to be made, but we hold ourselves in readiness, on proper proof, to replace all stock that may be untrue to name, free of charge, or to refund the amount paid. This statement is due notice to purchasers of nursery stock of the extent of our liability after the same has been accepted by the buyer.

ADVICE TO CORRESPONDENTS

ORDERS

All orders should be legibly written on the enclosed order blank or a separate sheet of paper, and not mixed up with the body of the letter.

Write your name, postoffice, county and State; also give your nearest express office and railway station, or stage route, giving us the name of the transportation company. Orders for export to Old Mexico, the Hawaiian Islands, Cuba and South American points should give, in addition to the above, the steamship routes by which their orders are to be shipped.

Please state whether substitution will be permitted, as we feel at liberty when no instructions accompany the order to use other varieties as nearly similar as possible.

It very often happens on orders of small assorted varieties, for a home orchard, that it is necessary to make substitutions. On orders for commercial planting, substitutions are never made without first corresponding with the customer and making our recommendations before any alterations are made in the order.

Orders from unknown correspondents must be accompanied by a remittance or satisfactory reference.

Orders to be sent by express, C. O. D., will be filled, provided one-half of the amount is sent with the order.

All remittances should be by postoffice money order, registered letter, express order, bank draft, or check. All orders from foreign countries to be accompanied by draft or international money order.

PACKING

Our packing is as perfect as possible, and we charge for the same only to cover the cost of material. Cartage to the railway or express office free of charge.

We tie our trees in bunches of 10, and grape-vines in bundles of 50; and we suggest to our patrons to make their orders for assortments as far as possible in multiples of these numbers.

Articles mentioned in this Catalog will be furnished at prices named as follows: Five at the 10 rate; 50 at the 100 rate; 500 or more at the 1,000 rate. Less than five of a variety at the single rate. This does not mean, as an illustration, that 10 pears, 10 apples, 10 plums, 10 nectarines, 10 peaches would be charged at the 100 rate. To secure this rate it will be necessary to order 50 trees of one sort.

If any mistakes are made in filling orders, we will cheerfully rectify the same, but must respectfully request our customers to notify us at once, or, at the most, within ten days after receipt of the goods.

It is difficult to give the actual cost of packing charges accurately, as they will vary according to the size of the trees; however, the figures given are taken from our records of charges for the run of shipments for sizes specified: 6 to 8 ft. trees in bales, \$3.00 per 1,000; 4 to 6 ft. trees, \$2.50 per 1,000; 3 to 4 ft. trees, \$2.25 per 1,000; 6 to 8 ft. trees completely boxed, \$6.00 per 1,000; 4 to 6 ft. trees, \$4.00 per 1,000; 3 to 4 ft. trees, \$3.50 per 1,000.

Grape-vines, in bales, 75c per 1,000 vines; in cases completely boxed, \$3.00 per 1,000 vines.

Deciduous ornamental trees, 6 to 8 ft. and up to 12 to 15 ft., in bales, from 50c to \$1.00 per 100, and completely boxed, \$1.00 to \$2.00 per 100.

Potted plants in from 3 to 6 inch pots, from 3c to 10c each.

Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, tops protected with burlap, 10c per tree (boxes hold from 10 to 12 trees); in cases, completely boxed, 20c per tree; naked roots, packed in moss in boxes, tops burlaped, 2c per tree; completely boxed, 3c per tree.

Olive trees, packed in crates, tops protected, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ caliper, 35c per 100; $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$, 55c per 100; $\frac{1}{8}$ to $\frac{1}{4}$, 75c per 100; $\frac{3}{4}$ to 1 inch, \$1.00 per 100.

Palms, balled, in boxes, tops burlaped, from 10c to 20c per plant, according to size.

Grape cuttings packed in bales, 50c per 1,000 cuttings, and in cases, completely boxed, 75c per 1,000.

Eucalyptus, Cypress and hedge plants, tops covered with burlap, in flats, 15c per flat.

This data is supplied for the purpose of placing our customers in position to figure out about what their stock will cost them delivered at destination.

WEIGHTS

The general run of deciduous fruit trees, either in bales or cases, averages about as follows: 6 to 8 ft., 2 pounds each; 4 to 6 ft., 1½ pounds each; 3 to 4 ft., 1 pound each; 2 to 3 ft., one-half of a pound each. Grape-vines, one-third of a pound each.

Deciduous ornamental trees from 6 to 8 ft. and up to 12 to 15 ft., 3 to 6 pounds each.

Potted plants in from 3 to 6 inch pots, packed in boxes, weigh from 4 to 12 pounds each.

Citrus trees, balled, packed in boxes, 40 pounds each, and with naked roots, 3 pounds each.

Palms, packed in boxes, with ball of earth, 2 to 3 ft. plants, 40 pounds, and gradually increasing to 110 pounds each on 5 to 6 ft. plants.

Grape cuttings 14 to 16 inches long, 80 pounds to the thousand cuttings, in either bales or boxes.

Eucalyptus, Cypress, about 100 to the flat, 50 pounds per flat; hedge plants from 50 to 100 to the box, according to size, 50 pounds per flat.

SHIPPING

State distinctly how you wish us to ship by freight or express; also designate the route, otherwise we use our own discretion in forwarding.

The method of packing a shipment of trees or plants is the basis on which freight charges are made. Nursery stock in bales or boxes completely covered with tule or burlap takes a first-class rate, while in cases completely boxed the third-class rate applies. When trees are shipped without packing, the double first-class rate applies.

In carload lots with a minimum of ten tons, class C applies, and this is as a rule from 50 to 75 per cent less than the first-class rate.

For shipments in California, trees are either packed in bales, wrapped with tule, or in boxes, tops protected with burlap; for the difference between the first and third-class rates is so slight that nothing would be gained by boxing, as the increased cost would more than offset the saving in freight charges.

To distant points in Texas, Mexico, Colorado, and to other States and countries outside of California, when stock is to be a long time in transit, it is packed in paper-lined cases, not only with a view of having the trees carry better, but also because of the saving in freight charges, the difference in classification being in many cases \$1.00 per 100 pounds.

We have made a very close study of traffic conditions, and our knowledge is used to secure in all cases the very lowest freight rates for the benefit of our customers.

No accurate data can be given as to freight charges on orders for export, except that in a general way a shipment by water to Australia or Japan from San Francisco will cost about one-third less than it does from Fresno to San Francisco, a distance of 206 miles.

San Francisco, a distance of 206 miles.

Parcel Post: Within a radius of 150 miles of Fresno, orders not exceeding 50 pounds in weight, and outside this zone in the United States or any of its possessions, not exceeding 20 pounds, may be forwarded by parcel post. In ordering by parcel post, remittances must cover articles charged at single rate and postage extra. Refer to table on this page for approximate weights. Parcel postage rates on different weights may be obtained from your postmaster.

After delivering to the carriers we cannot hold ourselves responsible for any loss or injury to trees or plants after they have been carefully packed and shipped, but we will do everything in our power, if any loss should occur, for the protection and recovery of our customer's property.

PLANTING DISTANCES

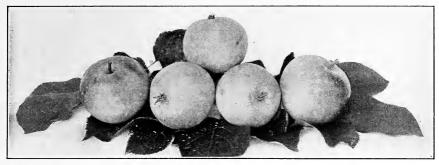
NUMBER OF TREES OR PLANTS ON AN ACRE

			-			
		Distan	ıce		Square Method	Equilateral Trian. Method
4	ft.	apart	each	way	2,722	3.143
5	"	- "	**	""	1.742	2,011
5 6	"	66	"	"	1,210	1,397
7	"	"	"	"	888	1,025
8	"	**	"	"	680	785
8	"	"	"	"	537	620
10	"	"	"	"	435	502
$\tilde{1}\tilde{2}$	"	"	"	"	302	348
14	"	"	"	"	222	256
15	"	"	"	"	193	222
16	"	**	"	"	170	196
18	"	"	"	"	134	154
20	"		"	"	108	125
$\frac{20}{25}$	"	"	**	"	69	79
30	"	"	"	"	48	55
35	"	"	"	"	35	40
40	"	"	"	"	$\frac{35}{27}$	31

Square Method—Multiply the distance in feet between the rows by the distance the plants are apart in the rows, and the product will be the number of square feet for each plant or hill; which, divided into the number of feet in an acre (43,560), will give the number of plants or trees to an acre.

Equilateral Triangle Method—Divide the number required to the acre "square method" by the decimal .866. The result will be the number of plants required to the acre by this method.

Address all correspondence to



SPRAY OF APPLES

FRUIT DEPARTMENT

Certain varieties of trees grow stocky, making it impossible to grade them on a basis of their height. We reserve the right on such trees to grade them on a diameter or caliper basis, as follows: The measurements are made one inch above the intersection of the bud with the stock.

1	to	2-inch	caliper8 to	10-foot	trees	3/8	to	½-inch	caliper 3 t	o 4-foot	trees
			caliper6 to			1/4	to	¾-inch	caliper 2 t	o 3-foot	trees
1/2	to	%-inch	caliper4 to	6-foot	trees						

The difficulty of selecting varieties is a problem which no doubt confronts many of our customers, and in order to assist them in this we have placed an asterisk (*) opposite the names of such sorts which rank high in the planting of commercial orchards.

PRICES SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

See Special Home Orchard Collections, page 24.

APPLES Took

			Eacn	10	100	1.000
1 year6	to 8	ft.	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$120,00
1 year4	to 6	ft.	.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
1 year3	to 4	ft.	.15	1.20	10.00	80.00

Alexander. Large; yellow, streaked red. Sept. *Arkansas Black. Valuable market variety; maroon, nearly black. Dec. to April.

Baldwin. Deep red. Nov. to Feb.

Ben Davis. Yellow, streaked red. Oct. to .Tan

Bismarck. Large; golden yellow. Sept.

Delicious. Brilliant dark red, with splashes of a golden yellow at the blossom end. Flesh fine-grained, highly flavored. Nov. *Delicious.

Duchess of Oldenburg. Yellow, streaked red; adapted to hot, dry climates. July.

Early Harvest. Bright straw-color; early

Early Harvest. July.

Esopus Spitzenburg. Striped red and yellow; bright red; good. Nov. to March. *Esopus Spitzenburg.

Fameuse or Snow. Greenish yellow, striped red; flesh remarkably white. Oct.

Gano. Regular and prolific bearer; deep dark red. Nov. to April.

*Gravenstein. Large; striped red and orange. Most popular early variety on Coast. Aug. Grimes Golden Pippin. Golden yellow. Dec. to March.

*Jonathan. Yellow, covered with red stripes; great table and market variety, good keeper Oct. to Dec. and productive.

*King David. Fruit large, wine-red, blotched yellow. Its high color and delicious flavor are causing it to be a winner. Oct.

*King of Tompkins County. Very large; yellow splashed crimson; fine for mountains. Sept.

Lady Apple. Bri flavored. Dec. Bright red cheek; small, highly

Showy bright red; great shipper; Lawver. suitable for warm, dry climates. Dec. to May.

McIntosh. Very attractive; good size; bright deep red; flesh snow-white, tender. Valuable fall apple.

Maiden's Blush. Yellow with red cheek. Aug. Mammoth Black Twig. (Paragon.) Large; dark red; good keeper. Nov. to Jan.

Missouri Pippin. Yellow; striped red. Dec.

Marshall Red or Red Bellflower. Very large; shape of Yellow Bellflower, but with color of Red June. Quality best. Very popular variety. Oct.

Northern Spy. Greenish yellow striped purplish red; productive; late keeper. Nov. to April.

*Red Astrachan. Red Astrachan. Large; deep crimson. A popular and productive early market variety, adapted to interior valleys. July.

Beitigheimer. Large; cream-colored. flushed with light and dark red. Sept.

Red June. Deep red; very showy. June.

Rhode Island Greening. Greenish yellow. Oct. *Rome Beauty. Large; exceptionally beautiful; yellow, shaded and striped with red. One of the most popular varieties. Nov. to Feb.

Smith's Cider. Large and handsome; yellow, shaded red. Nov. to Feb.

Greenish yellow, Fine market apple. *Stayman's Winesap. splashed with red. Jan. to May.

*White Astrachan. Greenish white; showy; increasing in popularity. July.

Winter Banana. Fancy market fruit; large; pale yellow; pink blush. Nov.

White Winter Pearmain. Pale yellow. Adapts itself to all conditions, A favorite commercial variety. Nov. to Jan.

APPLES-Continued

- *Winesap. Yellow, streaked red; excellent for cider. Nov. to Feb.
- *Yellow Bellflower. Large, oblong; yellow; a standard in California. Oct. to Jan.

 *Yellow Newtown Pippin. Large; golden yellow; extensively planted in California. A promising commercial sort. Jan. to May.

NEW APPLE, "THE GOLDRIDGE"

Each\$0.75 \$6.00 \$50.00 Prices

Fruit large, smooth, pale yellow with a crimson blush on sunny side; quality equal to Yellow Newtown Pippin, with an added aromatic fragrance; unusually handsome fruit. Nov. to Feb.

CRAB APPLES

10 Prices-Each \$2.00 \$15.00 1.80 100 100 1 year, 4 to 6 feet......\$0.25 \$2.00 1 year, 3 to 4 feet.......20 1.80

Hyslop. Fruit large, deep crimson, thick blue bloom. Tree vigorous, heavy cropper. Sept.

Yellow, with scarlet cheek. *Red Siberian. Bears early and abundantly. Sept.

*Transcendent. Fruit very larg striped red. Productive. Sept.

*Whitney No. 20. A vigorous grower; great bearer; fruit large, smooth, glossy green, striped and splashed with carmine; flesh firm, juicy. Aug.

*Yellow Siberian. Beautiful golden yellow. Aug.

PEARS

Prices of Pear on Pear roots:

	\mathbf{Each}	10	100	10 0 0
1 year6 to 8 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$175.00
1 year4 to 6 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	150.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.20	1.80	15.00	125.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.15	1.40	12.00	100.00

Pear on Quince roots. "Double worked" on Beurre Hardy Pear:

		\mathbf{Each}	10	100	1000
1	year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$180.00
1	year3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	150.00

It is a recognized fact that a great many varieties of Pears lack affinity when budded on Quince root. Experience has demonstrated the necessity for budding the Beurre Hardy on the Quince, as it makes an unusually strong, perfect union. After the Beurre Hardy are grown they are then budded to the following varieties: Bartlett, Beurre Clairgeau, Crocker Bartlett, Doyenne du Comice, Easter Beurre, Glou Morceau, Madeleine, Seckel, Winter Bartlett and Winter Nelis. This is what is termed "Double Worked" trees. The Quince root causes the trees to become of a dwarfish habit; they bear very much earlier and produce immense crops of fruit when only a few feet high. It is practical to plant them among "standard" orchard trees, and they are also very desirable for home grounds. They can be planted 12 feet apart in explored form. planted 12 feet apart in orchard form.

Sartlett. The leading commercial pear of California for canning, shipping and drying, and more extensively planted than any other. Large; golden yellow, red cheek: thrives in all parts of California. Aug. *Bartlett.

*Beurre Clairgeau. Large; crimson; good

shipper. Sept. Beurre d'Anjou. Large; russet yellow, shaded with crimson; juicy and delicious; fine for table and market. Sept.

*Beurre Hardy. Large; greenish, cover with light russet. Flesh buttery. Sept. covered

with light was greenish-year with golden yellow russet. Oct.

*Crocker Bartlett. (New.) Fruit oblong, acute, pyriform; large; rich golden yellow; netted and overspread with russet. Flesh wellowish, buttery, juicy, subacid to rich flavor. Tree vigorous

Doyenne d'Alencon. Medium; skin rough yellow, shaded dull crimson. Dec.

Doyenne d'Ete. Small, yellow, shaded bright red. One of the earliest. July.

Doyenne du Comice. Large; greenish yellow, shaded with crimson. As a market pear ranks next to Bartlett. Oct.

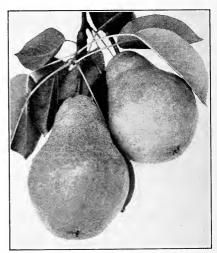
greenish-yellow, netted with russet. Flesh yellowish, injey with rich. Dana's yellowish, juley, with rich aromatic flavor. Heavy bearer. Nov.

Easter Beurre. Large, roundish; grained; most desirable. Oct. to Jan. *Easter Beurre. roundish; fine-

Flemish Beauty. Large, pale yellow; good bearer; hardy. Sept. and Oct.

Forelle or Trout. Lemon-yellow with large crimson specks. Sept. and Oct.

Glou Morceau. Pale greenish yellow, marked with small green dots; flesh fine-grained, with sugary flavor; fine shipper. Dec.



BARTLETT PEAR

Howe!I. Medium; yellow, with mi dots. Immensely prolific. Aug. Medium; yellow, with minute russet

*Madeleine. The first early pear. low, dotted with brown. June. Pale yel-

Lawson or Comet. Large; bright crimson on yellow ground; good shipper. June.

Le Conte. Tree a wonderful grower, with rich, luxuriant foliage. Fruit large, bell-shaped; skin smooth; rich creamy yellow color; fine for shipping and excellent for cooking. July.

- P. Barry. Large; yellow; juicy, fine-grained; excellent keeper. Tree vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Dec. to March.
- *Seckel. Highly flavored variety; brownish green with russet brown cheek; flesh whitish, buttery. Aug. to Sept.
- *Winter Bartlett. Large; yellow, slightly russeted on one side; tender, juicy. Flavor almost identical with summer Bartlett. One of the finest winter varieties. Nov.
- *Winter Nelis. Medium; yellowish green, gray-russet dots; flesh yellowish white; ex-cellent shipper. Dec.

CHERRIES

Prices on Mazzard roots:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	$\begin{array}{c} \$2.50 \\ 2.00 \end{array}$	\$20.00 18.00	\$180.00
1 year	$^{.25}_{.20}$	$\frac{2.00}{1.80}$	16.00	$160.00 \\ 140.00$

Except Burbank and Abundance—see special prices.

The Hearts, or Bigarreaus, are the sweet Cherries, the trees being strong and vigorous growers. These are designated by the letter "H"; the Dukes, or Morellos, which are the sour Cherries, by the letter "D." These grow slowly, the branches are slender; the leaves are thicker, smaller and of a deeper green.

Belle d'Orleans. H. Roundish, heart-s light yellow, flushed with red. May. H. Roundish, heart-shaped,

*Bing. H. One of the grandest blacks. Its large size, firmness and delicious flavor have caused it to be in active demand. A thrifty grower and prolific bearer. Middle of June.

*Black Tartarian. H. An old favorite. Deep purplish black. Late May.

Centennial. H. Pale yellow, marbled and splashed with crimson; flesh firm, sweet. Early June.

Chapman. H. One of the best early market varieties. Deep black; firm. April and May. One of the best early market

Early Purple Guigne. H. One of best. Purple; tender, juicy, sweet. April and May.



LAMBERT CHERRIES

- arly Richmond. D. Medium; dark red; juicy; very productive. Middle of May. Early Richmond.
- English Morello. D. Large; deep red; tree small and slender. July. Governor Wood. H. Deep yellow, shaded red. Fine for canning and table use. Early June.
- ewelling. H. (Black Republican; Black Oregon.) Large size; black; young and profuse bearer. July. Lewelling.
- *Lambert. H. Its large size, rich, glossy, deep red color, firm flesh, unsurpassed flavor, combine to make it one of the leading market varieties. Middle of June.

May Duke. D. Large; rich dark red. May. *Napoleon Bigarreau. H. (Royal Ann.) A magnificent cherry of largest size; pale yellow with bright red cheek; flesh firm, sweet; most popular all-round cherry. Late June.

NEW CHERRIES On Mazzard roots.

						10	
1	year4	to	6	ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$35.00
1	year3	to	4	ft.	.40	3.50	30.00
	-						

"Abundance"

Tree a strong grower and an early bearer Tree a strong grower and an early beautof very heavy crops. Fully twice as productive as Royal Ann, fruit larger, handsomer, as firm, better form and color, sweeter and far more delicious, never cracks. When far more delicious, never cracks. When canned, in appearance and color the very best.

"Burbank"

This cherry has been tested by practical cherry growers and its commercial value has been fully established. Ripens earlier than the Early Purple Guigne, and its size, firmness and flavor far surpass that variety. Averages medium to large in size; skin deep purplish black; tree a beautiful grower, vigorous and erect.

PLUMS

Prices of Plums, General Collection, on Almond, Myrobolan and Peach roots:

	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.40	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.30	2.50	20.00	180.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft	25	2.00	18.00	150.00

merica. Fruit large; skin glossy coral-red; flesh yellow, moderately firm, delicious; one of the most highly flavored plums. America.

Apple. Deep red with white marbling; large, firm and of fine flavor. Late July.

Bartlett. Yellow, turning to crimson; flesh salmon-colored, firm, juicy. Last of June. Bavay's Green Gage. (Reine Claude de Bavay.) Large; greenish yellow; juicy. Aug.

*Burbank. Medium; globular; cherry-red, with lilac bloom; flesh yellow. Late June.

Chalco. Large; cinnabar-red; fine flavor; tremendous grower; prolific. Early Aug.

Cherry. Really identical with the Myrobolan Plum, so extensively used as a stock. The variety we offer has been carefully selected. June.

*Climax. Very large; deep, dark red; flesh delicious flavor. Tree vigorous and yellow, delicious flavor. very productive. Middle of June.

*Clyman. Reddish purple; firm and sweet. Valuable for shipping; very prolific. June.

PLUMS-Continued

- *Diamond. Tree wonderful grower and heavy and regular producer. Fruit very large, oblong; dark purple with deep bloom. A splendid shipper. Middle of July to early August.
- Giant. Tree handsome, vigorous grower. Fruit large; flesh yellow; flavor good; free-*Giant. stone. Fine market variety. Late August.
- *Grand Duke. Tree regular and prolific bearer. Dark purple; flesh greenish yellow, with rich flavor; fine shipper. Late August.
- Ickworth Imperatrice. Deep purple, with golden fawn tracings; flesh greenish yellow. Sept.
- *Jefferson. Jefferson. Large; greenish yellow; of the best for canning. July to Sept. one of
- Kelsey Japan. Rich yellow overspread with red; flesh yellow. Its large size and extended period over which it ripens make it *Kelsey Japan. invaluable as a shipping plum. Firm. July to Sept.
- An English plum of very recent on. Fruit uniform, large and introduction. Fruit uniform, large and shaped like Yellow Egg. Skin purple; flesh

- yellow and of fine texture. Remarkably sweet, with no acidity under the skin. In the Vacaville district it is recognized as the most promising of market plums.
- *Satsuma. (Blood Plum.) Large; dark red from skin to pit; firm; ships and keeps well; juicy. Early July. Sultan. Very large, deep purple; flesh dark crimson, firm and sweet. Late July.
- *Shropshire Damson. Oval; dark blue; very firm; flesh greenish, juicy and sprightly. firm; flesh Late Sept.
- *Simon Plum. (Apricot Plum.) Prunus Si-moni. Large, cinnabar-red; flesh yellow, with pineapple and banana flavor. Early July.
- *Washington. Large; yellow, with crimson blush; flesh yellow, firm, sweet. Fine for canning. Early Aug.
- *Wickson. Tree strong, upright grower and heavy bearer. Heart-shaped; flesh amber; heavy bearer. Hea
- *Yellow Egg. Showy market variety and good for canning. Large; oval; deep golden; juicy; rather acid. July and Aug.

100

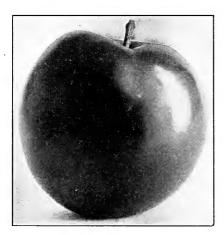
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NEW PLUMS

On Peach and Myrobolan roots:

	Eacn	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$30.00	\$250.00
1 year 3 to 4 ft.	.40	3.00	25.00	200.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.30	2.50	20.00	

APEX PLUMCOT. This new fruit ripens with the earliest plums. Tree a strong, compact, upright grower and good bearer even where apricots cannot be grown, and in seasons where some plums are failures. Fruit very large; color deep pink or light crimson, freestone; flesh honey-yellow, firm, rich, aromatic.



SANTA ROSA PLUM

- BEAUTY. Another of the new introductions, having been accorded a leading place by the growers of shipping plums. Tree a most remarkably vigorous, upright grower, with large, healthy foliage. Fruit beautiful, oval, crimson with amber-crimson flesh. The largest of the early plums and ripening ten days earlier than Santa Rosa.
- *FORMOSA. A grand shipping fruit. Tree is a vigorous, upright grower with large, cherry-like foliage; fruit of the largest size, heart-shaped and of light cherry-red color. Flesh pale yellow, usually firm, sweet, rich, delicious, with delightful flavor. Ripens July.
- GAVIOTA. Ripens two weeks after Formosa; is of a deep reddish purple color; flesh honey-yellow; fragrant and sweet to the pit, which is so small in comparison with size of fruit that it might almost be called "seedless." *GAVIOTA.
- RUTLAND PLUMCOT. As its name indicates, this new fruit is a cross between a Plum and an Apricot. The tree grows very much like a weeping willow; its long, pendulous branches bend gracefully over. Fruit large, with a deep purple, velvety skin and with a brilliant red flesh with subacid flavor, making it very desirable for cooking, jellies and jams.
- SANTA ROSA. Regarded as one of the best of the Japanese type of plums. Very large; deep purplish crimson color, with pale blue bloom. Flesh yellow, streaked and shaded with crimson. As a shlpping plum it has few equals. Ripens middle of June.

PRIINES

IRONDA	,			
Prune—On Myrobolan roots:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00	\$200.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.30	2.50	20.00	180.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	150.00
Prune—On Peach roots:				
1 year6 to 8 ft.	.35	2.50	20.00	180.00
1 year4 to 6 ft.	.30	2.00	18.00	150.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.25	1.80	16.00	125.00
1 year2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.40	12.00	100.00

Except Conquest, Standard and Improved French. See special prices.

Fellenberg. (Italian Prune.) Large; dark purple; flesh greenish yellow; freestone. Aug.

*French. (Petite Prune d'Agen.) Medium size; purple; sweet and rich; standard for drying—the most extensively planted prune. Aug.

German. (Quetsche.) Long; purple blue bloom; flesh green, sweet; freestone. Aug.

*Hungarian. Tree is a vigorous grower, and heavy bearer. Very large; reddish violet; juicy, sweet; profitable for shipment. Aug.

*Imperial Epineuse. (Imperial.) Very large; violet-purple; exceedingly sweet. Very valuable for drying and a great market variety on account of its size and quality. Sept.

*Robe de Sargent. Large; deep purple; flesh rich and sugary. Fine prune for drying; ten days earlier than French prune. Aug. and Sept.

Silver Prune. Largest size; pale yellow; profitable for bleaching and canning. Sept.

*Sugar. Dark purple; flesh yellow, tender and rich; valuable for shipping green and for drying; a great bearer. Early Aug.

*Tragedy. Dark purple; flesh yellowish green, very rich and sweet. Valuable shipper. Early July.

NEW INTRODUCTIONS

					Each	10	100
	year4						
1	year3	to	4	ft.	.50	4.00	25,00

NEW PRUNE "STANDARD"

This late introduction is a cross between Tragedy and Sugar Prune. It has been tried in a commercial way now for several years, and it undoubtedly has great possibilities as a high-grade Prune.

The trees are heavy bearers, and strong, healthy growers. Well-grown fruits measure four and a half inches around one way by nearly six inches the long way. Skin dark reddish purple, with a heavy blue bloom; flesh honey-yellow, fine-grained, juicy, yet firmer than most other drying prunes. Is very sweet and a perfect freestone.

NEW PRUNE "CONQUEST"

The tree is a vigorous, healthy, rapid grower and unusually productive. The fruit is very similar to the French Prune in form, size and color, with golden, sweet, rich flesh. The stone has been eliminated with the exception of a tiny speck. The fruit is valuable and the tree is very productive. Ripens with the French Prune.

FRENCH PRUNE (IMPROVED)

On Myrobolan and Peach roots:

					Each	10	100	1000
1	year6	to	8	ft.	\$0.40	\$3.50	\$30.00	\$250.00
1	year4	to	6	ft.	.35	3.00	25.00	225.00
	year3				.30	2.50	22.50	200.00
1	year2	to	3	ft.	.25	2.25	20.00	180.00

This improved type of French Prune was discovered by us at Suisun, Solano County. Years of observation have demonstrated that this new variety is identical in every particular with the French Prune with the exception that the prunes average 30s to 40s from year to year. The marked distinction in the tree is its weeping habit. It produces without fall every year heavy crops of fruits. This demonstration of selection must appeal to every fruit grower.



Hemskirke Apricots

APRICOTS

Apricots—On Myrobolan roots: 1 year4 to 6 ft.	Each \$0.30	$^{10}_{$2.50}$	100 \$20,00	$1000 \\ 180.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	160.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.80	16.00	125.00
Apricot-On Apricot and Peach roots:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.00	\$18.00	\$160.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.25	1.80	16.00	140.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.60	14.00	120.00

Black Apricot. Dull, reddish purple, covered with slight down; juicy, with pleasant flavor. June.

*Blenhelm. (Shipley.) Above medium; deep yellow; juicy and rich flesh. In great demand both for canning and drying. Trees regular and heavy bearers. Middle of June.

*Hemskirke. (Alameda Hemskirke.) Almost as large as Moorpark, but earlier and more prolific; flesh bright orange; tender. June. Large Early Montgamet. Fruit large, compressed; golden yellow. Early June.

*Moorpark. Very large; red on the sunny side; flesh bright orange. Late June.

Newcastle Early. Medium; fine quality; good shipper and valuable on account of its earliness. First of June.

Pringle. Small; clingstone; good quality; very early. Middle of May.

APRICOTS—Continued

- *Royal. The most extensively planted variety. Medium; flesh pale orange, with rich, vinous flavor. Early June.
- Routier's Peach. (Peach; Bergetti's French.) Yellow; flesh yellow, juicy. June 15.
- Smyrna. Large; flesh bright orange-yellow; freestone. Kernel is sweet, having the properties of an almond. June.
- *Tilton. Orange-yellow, with pronounced flavor; valuable for canning and shipping. June.

QUINCES

On Quince stock:	Each	10	100
1 year 4 to 6	ft. \$0.35	\$3.00	\$25.00
1 year 3 to 4	ft30	2.50	20.00
Apple or Orange. La	rge; fine	golden	color;
valuable for preserve	s or flavor	ring. S	lept.
*Rea's Mammoth. La	arge, brig	ht yell	ow; a

- valuable for preserves or flavoring. Sept. *Rea's Mammoth. Large, bright yellow; a strong grower, and very productive. Oct. Champion. Large, bright yellow, ripening two weeks later than Orange. Sept.
- *Pineapple. Flavor is suggestive of the pineapple. Makes a superior jelly and will cook tender in five minutes. Sept.
- *Smyrna. Introduced by us from Smyrna. Very large and of a lively lemon-yellow; when cooked it is very tender, with a pronounced Quince taste and odor. Oct.

PEACHES

Prices on Peach Stocks, except special varietie	s noted.			
Peach—Clingstone varieties—On Peach root:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$18.00	\$150.00
1 year 3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	15.00	120.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft	.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
Peach—Freestone varieties—On Peach root:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.25	\$2.00	\$15.00	\$120.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.20	1.50	12.00	100.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.15	1.20	10.00	80.00

All varieties not designated as Clingstones are free.



PEAK'S CLING PEACH See page 11

- *Admiral Dewey. Identical with Triumph. Large and handsome; the first early yellowfleshed variety to ripen; a good market sort. Middle June.
- *Alexander. Large; greenish white, shaded deep maroon; juicy, sweet; a standard shipping sort. Early June.
- Australian Saucer. Medium; flat; white, shaded crimson; flesh white, sweet. July.
- Bilyeu's Late. Large; white with blush cheek; flesh white; excellent late shipper. Oct.
- Blood Cling. Medium; clouded purplish red; flesh deep red. July.

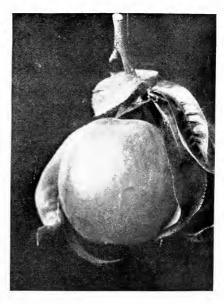
- Briggs Red May. Greenish white, with red cheek; flesh white. Recognized market variety. Middle of June.
- Crosby. Orange-yellow, splashed with carmine; valuable for shipping. Late Aug.
- *Early Imperial. Identical with Yellow St. John. Deep yellow, with dark red cheek; flesh juicy and firm. Good for table and shipping. Last of June.
- *Elberta. Very showy and one of the best market and table varieties. Last of July.
- *Foster. Large; yellow, dark red cheek; fine for drying, market or canning. July.
- George's Late Cling. Large; yellowish white, splashed with red; flesh firm. Ships well. Sept.
- *Hale's Early. Large; skin greenish, mottled red; flesh white, juicy, sweet. A standard among shipping varieties. Early July.
- *Heath Cling. Very large; creamy white, with faint blush; flesh white; highly flavored and one of the best for canning. Sept.
- Late Crawford. Very large; yellow, with red cheek; flavor excellent; dries well. Early Aug.
- Levis Cling. Strong grower; fruit deep golden yellow, slightly blushed on one side. Flesh clear yellow to pit; fine-grained, excellent flavor. Ripens before Tuscan Cling.
- Levy's Late or Henrietta Cling. Deep yellow, shaded brownish red; of the largest size and one of the best for canning for home use. Oct.
- *Lovell. Leads all other clear yellow freestones; medium to large. One of the best drying and canning freestones. Dries even heavier than the Muir. First week in Aug.
- *McDevitt's Cling. Large; golden yellow; flesh superior flavor. In demand by canners. Aug.
- *McKevitt's Cling. Creamy white, with delicate blush; flesh firm, rich and sugary; as a canning peach it has few superiors. Late Aug.
- Morris White. Large; greenish white; flesh firm, sweet and juicy. First of Aug.
- *Mulr. Very large; flesh clear yellow, very rich and sweet. The leading drying peach of California; good for canning. Last of July.

- Opulent. Originated by Luther Burbank. Medium to large, almost globular; creamy white, with crimson dots and blush; flesh firm, very juicy. Early July.
- *Phillip's Cling. Large; yellow; flesh firm, clear yellow. Always commands the highest market price for canning. Late Aug.
- Picquet's Late. Large; skin yellow with red cheeks; flesh yellow. Early Sept.
- *Runyon's Orange Cling. Very large; yellow, with a dark crimson cheek. Early Aug.
- *Salway. Large; flesh deep yellow; rich and sweet. Good for canning and drying. Middle of Sept.
- Sellers' Orange Cling. Very large; rich golden. Middle of Aug.
- *Sims Cling. An improved Phillip's Cling. Large to very large; golden yellow, with faint blush; flesh deep yellow, of fine texture, firm and rich; pit small. We regard it as the best clingstone for canning and recommend extensive planting. Ripens middle of Aug.
- Sneed. Large, creamy white, with blush cheek; tender, juicy; valuable for early shipping. Middle of May.
- Strawberry. Medium white, marbled dark red; flesh white, juicy, with rich flavor; good table sort. Early July.
- *Susquehanna. Large; yellow, nearly covered with red; flesh yellow, sweet, juicy. Aug.
- *Tuscan Cling. (Tuskena; Yellow Tuscan.) Very large; yellow. The best early canning peach; takes the lead over all other peaches in price. Middle of July.
- Van Buren Dwarf. Tree very dwarf and ornamental; loaded with fruit when three feet high; fruit medium, yellow shaded red; flesh yellow. Middle of Aug.
- *Wheatland. Very large; yellow, shaded red; flesh yellow; firm, melting, juicy. Aug.

NEW PEACHES

- Each 10 100 1 year......4 to 6 ft. \$0.40 \$3.00 \$25.00 1 year.....3 to 4 ft. .30 2.50 20.00
- CONNET'S SOUTHERN EARLY. Creamy white, with bright red blush; large, and of fine flavor; vigorous grower. Last of May.
- GREENSBORO. Among the earliest and largest. Creamy white, with dainty blush; a wonderfully vigorous grower. May 1.
- LEADER. The earliest of all the Muir X Crawford types, ripening near the coast in July. Unusually vigorous trees, which never fall to produce a full crop of beautiful, smooth, globular, bright yellow fruit with deep crimson blush; flesh pure yellow, meaty, firm, very sweet and delicious.
- LIBBY CLING. This is another new peach which originated in Selma, and which commences to ripen its fruit shortly after the Peak. In general appearance, the fruit bears a rather close resemblance to the Peak Cling, except that the skin is more highly colored and the flesh is of a somewhat deeper yellow tinge. The fruit is very large. The tree is of an exceptionally robust habit and a very heavy producer. This variety has been planted in a small way for several years and it has been tested sufficiently so that its value as a canning peach with a great future ahead of it cannot be questioned. The Peak and the Libby are two varieties which will undoubtedly stand out prominently as leaders among the canning peaches.

- MAYFLOWER. One of the earliest peaches; red all over. Tree a strong grower, late bloomer and heavy bearer. Early May.
- NATIONAL. Tree a strong grower and never-failing producer of very firm, nearly globular fruits. Freestone—small stone. Flesh pale yellow, firm, superior quality, far excelling either parent. Ripening two weeks after the "Leader." A firm and most delicious peach when canned, and unexcelled for drying and shipping. Extra handsome and good. A market or home peach.
- OKLAHOMA BEAUTY. Extremely large; nearly round, with high color. Among the finest in quality. Specimens measure 8 inches in circumference. May.
- OKLAHOMA QUEEN. "Queen of Peaches." Larger than Greensboro in size, and in quality one of the finest early peaches grown. Wonderfully productive. Middle of May.
- PEAK'S CLING. Originated near Selma, Fresno County, California. This new variety has so many points in its favor that it is sure to be in heavy demand by canners. The peach averages uniform in size, is almost round, with skin slightly colored where exposed to the sun, but the flesh is clear yellow to the pit. It is fine-grained and of excellent flavor. The pit is very small—a point which appeals very forcibly to those who engage in the canning of fruit. It ripens immediately after the Tuscan and therefore fills a long-felt want, for canners throughout California have for years been seeking just such a peach as this. Its value as a commercial peach has been thoroughly tested out by the canners, and they are very profuse in their praises of this new sort. We take great pleasure in recommending it as worthy of extensive planting. The tree has every appearance of being a Muir and this variety is undoubtedly a seedling developed from the Muir, except that, instead of being a freestone.



STANWICK NECTARINE See page 12

NECTARINES

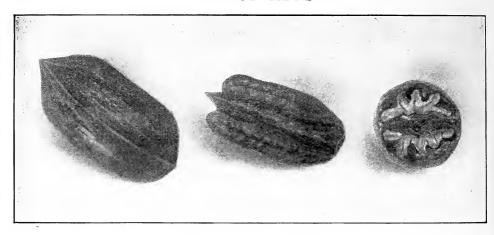
On Peach roots:	Each	10	100
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	16.00
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.50	12.00

Humboldt. Very large; bright orange-yellow, streaked crimson; flesh orange. Aug.

Very large; skin pale, shaded rich violet; flesh white, tender, juicy. The best drying, shipping and canning sort. Aug. New White. Large; greenish white. Early July.

Victoria. Tree a strong grower and heavy Medium, roundish, oval, greenish crimson on sunny side. Rich in bearer. yellow, sugar. Aug.

THE NUT TREES



STUART PECAN—See page 13

ALMONDS

On Almond and Peach roots:	Each	10	100	1000
1 year4 to 6 ft.	\$0.30	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$175.00
1 year 3 to 4 ft.	.25	2.00	18.00	150.0 0
1 year 2 to 3 ft.	.20	1.80	15.00	125.00

Orake's Seedling. Regular and abundant bearer, due to its late flowering. Soft shell. *Drake's Seedling.

Harriot's Seedling or Commercial. One of the largest of the soft shells, with a sweet Tree very ornamental.

. X. L. Sturdy, upright grower; nut large; soft shell; bears heavily and regularly. Highly recommended by all orchardists.

Languedoc. anguedoc. One of the best of the foreign varieties grown in California. Nut large; kernel sweet.

Ne Plus Ultra. Large and very long; soft shell. A rapid grower and regular, heavy bearer. *Ne Plus Ultra.

*Nonpareil. Weeping habit and forms a beautiful tree. One of the best. An extraordinarily heavy bearer of the paper-shell type.

Peerless. Preferred by some to I. X. L., which it resembles, but the nut is larger.

*Texas Prolific. Closely resembles Drake's Seedling. Kernel very plump and of medi-

Italian or Spanish. Introduced from Europe. Very ornamental; medium-sized nuts.

BUTTERNUT

The rough-coated nut, with a peculiar but most attractive flavor, so well known in the Middle West. Each 10 1 to 2 feet. \$0.50 \$4.00

CHESTNUT SEEDLINGS

·6	to	8	fee	t	 	 		eh 30 \$		100 \$40.00
4	to	6	fee	t	 	 	 	50	4.00	30.00 25.00
										e tree

of the Eastern States; nuts small but sweet; very desirable in coast counties.

CHESTNUT Grafted Varieties

Each \$8.00 6.00 6 to 8 feet.....\$1.00 3 to 4 feet..... .60 5.00

The grafted varieties come into bearing when four years old and produce nuts of superior quality. The trees have more distinctive character. For fruit and ornamental purposes they have few equals.

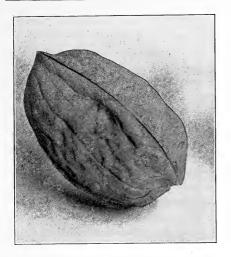
um size, shell soft, hulls very easily. Never fails to produce a good crop. The Jordan. The famous Spanish variety so

or our an . The tamous Spanish variety so long sought after by nut-growers. Nuts are long, with hard shells; the kernels are superior in flavor, long and plump and filling the entire cavity. A strong grower and heavy bearer.

heavy bearer.

*EUREKA (New). Blooms with Nonpareil, usually in full bloom March 1. Nuts mature September 1. The Eureka, on account of the similarity of the kernel in shape and flavor to the famous Jordan, commands the very highest price, and confectioners pay a premium to secure it. It differs in two essentials from the Jordan, being somewhat smaller in size and is a paper-shell. The tree is an exceptionally strong grower and heavy cropper. Originated on the farm of A. M. Newland, Colusa, Cal. His orchard is twenty years old and a failure of crop has never been known.

and a failure of crop has never been known. The commercial value of this nut has been established by years of trial.



FRANQUETTE WALNUT

Marron Combale. French; nut large, sweet and highly flavored; glossy foliage.

Marron de Lyon. Similar to the preceding, but the nuts are somewhat larger.

Numbo. Nuts large, handsome, and as finely flavored as any large Chestnut.

Tree hardy, very productive; nut Paragon. large.

idgely. One of the hardiest nuts; nut of exceptionally good quality. Ridgely.

PECAN SEEDLINGS

			Each		
4	to	6	feet\$0.70	\$6.00	\$50.00
3	to	4	feet	5.00	40.00

PECANS GRAFTED

	Each	10	100
1 year6 to 8 ft.	\$2.50	\$20.00	\$150.00
1 year4 to 6 ft.	2.00	15.00	125.00
1 year3 to 4 ft.	1.50	12.50	100.00
Too much cannot be			
improved types of the			
shell types, which we			
are so far superior to			
that they cannot be con			
category. The Pecan			
fine crops of nuts in all	localit	ies thro	ughout
California, except in th			
of the coast, where, on a			
cool breezes, they wou			
maturing, and it would			
visable to plant them ex		r avenu	ie pur-
poses or specimen trees			

*Frotscher. One of the best; nuts cylindrical; shell thin, parting from the kernel easily. Pabst. Nut cylindrical; soft-shell; kernel particularly well filled.

stuart. A standard for commercial or-chards; large; good shape and of fine ap-pearance; always well filled; meat of good *Stuart.

*Success. One of the largest and best; shell

very thin; kernel plump.

an Deman. Large and oblong in shape; shell thin; kernels plump; good quality. Van

THE PISTACHIO

The Pistachio. Pistacia vera is the botanical he Pistachio. Pistacia vera is the botanical name for the Pistachio nuts of commerce, sometimes called green almond. Very extensively used for coloring and flavoring confectionery, imparting a peculiar but agreeable flavor, which cannot be acquired from any other source.

Each to 6 feet. \$2.50 WALNUTS **SEEDLINGS**

Each 4 to 6 feet......\$0.40 \$3.00

American Black. Moderate grower, starting late in the spring. Nut is very hard, with corrugated exterior.

alifornia Black. Rapid growing and desirable as a stock for grafting or budding; adapts itself to all conditions. Nut medium California Black. size; hard, smooth shell.

GRAFTED ON CALIFORNIA BLACK

We have practically discontinued the growing of the recognized leading varieties of Walnuts from seed, for the reason of the Walnuts from seed, for the reason of the variation in the seedlings, which even the most careful selection cannot overcome. Standardization of the established varieties can only be maintained by the selecting of grafting wood from trees which are known to be true to their type. Grafted trees worked on the California Black Walnut have so many points in their favor, and one in particular is that they come into bearing several years earlier than the seedlings, making the difference in price in favor of seedling not worthy of consideration.

Each 10 100

				Eacn	10	100
10	to	12	feet	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$90.00
8	to	10	feet	1.00	9.00	75.00
6	to	8	feet	90	7.50	65.00

'Bijou. (Large-fruited.) Immense in size; the quality of the kernel is excellent. A'Bijou.

Chaberte. Good size; kernel extra fine flavor; a good bearer; one of the best.

Cut-leaved. A most graceful ornamental tree, particularly adapted to gardens and lawns; foliage deeply cut and laciniated; nut large, round, smooth shell; kernel sweet and well filled; very best quality. *Cut-leaved.

Franquette. The standard among walnuts, and commanding a higher price in the market than any other. Nut large, elongated, oval and very attractive in form; kernel full, sweet, with a very rich nutty flavor. Blooms late in spring. *Franquette.

*Mayette. This ranks with the Franquette as one of the leading commercial varieties. Size large, and unequaled as a dessert nut; an abundant bearer; starts late in the spring.

Mayette Rouge. Identical with the Mayette, except that the nut is reddish.

Parisienne. Large; excellent; starts late. The nut is large and of fine shape.



CUT-LEAVED WALNUT

WALNUTS-Continued

WALNUTS OF RECENT INTRODUCTION

Grafted on California Black:

Each \$12.50 10 to 12 feet.....\$1.50 10.00 \$90.00

State.

worthy of trial in other sections of the State.

*Eureka. Tree is remarkably vigorous, upright grower, leaves and blooms fully three weeks later than seedlings of the Santa Barbara Soft-Shell, and is therefore very desirable in localities subject to late frosts. An immense producer. Nuts large, elongated, smooth and tightly sealed.

*Neff's Prolific. A rapid-spreading grower with smooth and clean bark. Blooms late, but ripens its nut early. Nuts large, oval, slightly ribbed and tightly sealed. Trees fifteen years old in orchard form have produced 215 pounds of fine, large nuts. Highly resistant to blight. Especially suited to Southern California conditions.

*Placentia Perfection. A vigorous grower; commences to bear abundantly about the fifth year after planting. An improved Santa Barbara Soft-Shell.

*Willson. Originated by F. C. Willson and

*Willson. Originated by F. C. Willson and probably a seedling of the A'Bijou, to which

it bears a very close resemblance as to size, which is exceptionally large. The shell is much smoother. The variety is noted for its precocity, even in the nursery row being loaded with nuts. Valuable for planting in the confines of the home

WALNUT TREES FOR TIMBER

Gr	aft	ed	on California Black Walnut:	
			Each	10
10	to	12	feet\$2.00	\$15.00
-8	tó	10	feet	12.50
6	to	8	feet	10.00
			feet	8.00
_	D.,,	ho	nle's letest exections in regid s	nowing

urbank's latest creations in rapid-growing timber trees.

Paradox. It grows fully a third faster than the California Black, is very hardy and free from pests. Produces timber light in color and with fine, compact grain. In cold climates, winter protection should be given the trees for two or three years. Very rarely produces any quantity of nuts.

Royal. A stately, symmetrical tree, with all the good qualities of the California Black, exceeding it by far in its rapidity of growth. The wood is exceedingly hard, closegrained and takes a silky polish, more nearly resembling the tropical mahogany.

IAPANESE VARIETIES

						lach	
6	to	8	feet		9	80.75	\$6.00
4	to	6	feet		٠.	.60	5.00
3	to	4	feet			.50	4.00

Japanese. Nuts produced in clusters; shell smooth; kernel very sweet.

NEW FIGS

SMYRNA CLASS

Each 10 100 1000 2 year..4 to 5 ft. 2 year..3 to 4 ft. 2 year..2 to 3 ft. \$0.30 \$2.00 .25 1.80 \$18.00 \$160.00 16.00 140.00 $.\overline{25}$ 1.60.20 14.00

All of our fig trees are two years old and are thoroughly ripened up. One-year trees are pithy and do not transplant well.

are pithy and do not transplant well.

Bardajic. A magnificent table fig, with rich, deep purple pulp. Aug. and Sept.

*Calimyrna. Large to very large; lemonyellow; pulp reddish amber, sometimes pale, turning dark just before falling; seeds large, yellow, fertile, overspread with a clear, white syrup, giving the fruit a richness and meatiness unsurpassed by any other fig. Dries readily, dropping to the ground of its own accord. Aug to Oct. other fig. Dries readily, dropping to the ground of its own accord. Aug. to Oct. Kassaba. Large; almost globular; skin pale green; pulp reddish pink. Sept.

WILD, OR CAPRI CLASS

the Smyrna types.

the Smyrna types.

It is necessary to write us as soon as your Capri Figs are four years old for figs containing the fig wasp, Blastophaga Grossorum. The time for distributing is in April. These figs will be mailed free of charge.

It is necessary to have one Capri Fig tree with every 20 Smyrnas. Even where one Smyrna tree is planted, a Capri Fig tree should be ordered. In plantings of any consequence it is important to have an assortment of Capri Figs. For detailed information regarding the culture of figs and the relation of the Capri Fig to the edible Smyrna varieties, ask for Roeding's "Practical Horticulture on the Fig." It is free.

Capri Howard. Ripens shortly after Capri No. 1. The figs are large and the Profichi crop has an abundance of male flowers, which always mature. This variety is one of the best of the late introductions. Capri Magnissalis. By far the largest of all Capri Figs and more abundantly supplied with insect ealls than any other variety.

with insect galls than any other variety.

with insect galls than any other variety.

Capri Milco. One of the most promising varieties. A good producer of all the crops necessary to perpetuate the insect. Profichi crop rather late in maturing and valuable on this account.

Roeding's Capri No. 1. Very rapid, vigorous grower, maturing its first Profichi figs June 12th, following closely after Roeding's Capri No. 3. Produces an abundance of all crops necessary to sustain the life of the Blastophaga insects from year to year.

Roeding's Capri No. 2. Produces an abundance of the Profichi crop and lengthens the season of caprification and is valuable on this account. Its first figs ripen June 16th.

16th.

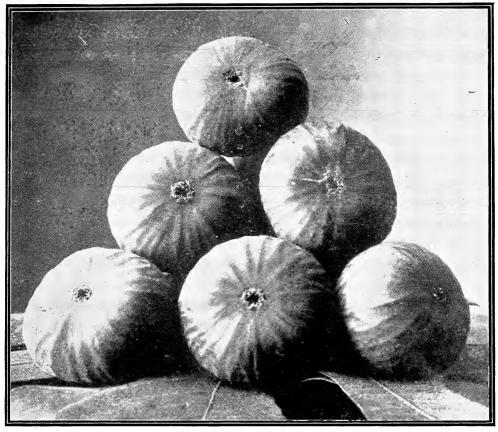
Roeding's Capri No. 3. A decidedly distinct variety. Branches very heavy; closely jointed; a spreading grower; figs very large, heavily ribbed and always abundantly supplied with insects in the Profichi crop. It also carries a good crop of the over-wintering or Mamme figs.
an Lennep Capri. This variety has

grown by us for a great many years. Intro-duced from Smyrna by D. Van Lennep, of Auburn, Cal. We regard this variety as one of the best of the Capri Figs. Ripens June 10th.

ADRIATIC CLASS

This class of figs does not require pollina-tion to mature its fruits. They will adapt themselves to a wider range of localities than the Smyrna types.

			•	E	lach	10	100	1000
4	to	5	feet	\$	0.30	\$2.00	\$18.00	\$160.00
			feet			1.80	16.00	140.00
			feet			1.60	14.00	



Calimyrna Figs See page 14

Bourjasotte Panache. The most ornamental of all fig trees. Fruit medium, green and yellow. Early Aug.

Brown Turkey. The earliest large fig. Color violet-brown. Identical with the so-called Magnolia Fig.

*Mission. (California Black.) Stands in the lead of all black figs for shipping and dry-Stands in the Tree a vigorous grower and heavy r. Late June and Aug.

San Pedro White (Fico de San Pietro). "Apple Fig." Excellent flavor; skin golden yellow; very palatable. Middle of June.

San Pedro Black. Very large; violet-black; pulp red. Early in Aug.

Verdal Longue (Sultana; Verdal Honde). Very rich, sweet, aromatic. Sept. and Oct. *White Adriatic. Fruit large; greenish yel-low: nuln cornection and St. low; pulp carnation-red. Second week in Aug.

White Endich. (Kadota.) Medium sized; thin, white skin; pulp white. One of the best for canning and pickling. First week *White Endich. in Aug.

very small fig of amber ish. Fine for preserving White Celeste. A very small color, pulp reddish. Fine fo and crystallizing. Early Aug.

OLIVES

Our nurseries have been more closely associated with the growing of the Olive than possibly any other concern in the State. Twenty-five years ago we were growing over 30 varieties of Olives. At that time equal attention was being given to both the oil and pickling varieties. Now that it has been demonstrated that a good pickling olive makes an excellent grade of oil in nearly all cases, the elimination of so many varieties has been very pronounced. The demand has dwindled down to a few standard varieties which seem to meet the exacting demands of the firms engaged in the business commercially.

We are devating our attention particularly to growing the best types of these recognized.

We are devoting our attention particularly to growing the best types of these recognized standards, the cuttings having been taken from our own orchards, of which there are none

superior in the State.

We do not grow our trees on Picholine roots except such varieties as will not root readily we do not grow our trees on Fignoine roots except such varieties as will not root readily from cuttings. We are constantly receiving letters inquiring for trees on Picholine roots. Our own orchards and other orchards which have come under our observation, from trees sold by us, have demonstrated that there is no advantage either in the growth of the trees or in their fruitfulness; therefore we have never used this root to any extent. We wish to state to our customers that had we deemed it to their advantage to give budded trees the preference, we would have followed this policy years ago.

Olive trees are sold on the basis of caliper measurement, the heavier the body, the higher the price. In filling orders, we make an invariable rule to cut trees back to three feet or

less and shorten in all the side branches. To insure the life of the trees, it is very essential that this should be done. For detailed information about the Olive, write for copy of Roeding's "Practical Horticulture on the Olive." It is free.

See Special Price on Ascolano and Sevillano, as noted below. Write for special prices on large qua

	acu	10	100
1 inch and up, caliper	31.00	\$7.50	\$60.00
% to 1 inch, caliper	.75	6.00	50.00
% to % inch, caliper	.60	5.00	40.00
½ to % inch, caliper	.50	4.00	30.00

Atroviolacea. Medium size; deep jet-black; a good oil olive. Late Oct.

Chemlaly. (New.) There are several hundred thousand acres of these olives growing in Algiers on arid lands and the orchards are never irrigated. The trees are enor-mous bearers. The olives are small and mous bearers. The olives a only adapted for oil purposes.

Corregiola. Small; high grade for oil. Nov. Lucques. Crescent-shape; good for oil and pickling. Middle of Oct.

picking. Middle of Oct.

*Manzanillo. One of the standards for green and ripe pickles. Produces oil of a very high grade. Very hardy, and a regular and prolific bearer. First week in Oct.

Manzanillo No. 2. Valuable for green pickles; rich in oil. Middle of Nov.

*Mission. Tree a handsome, upright grower, and fine for avenues. Medium to large; excellent pickles; makes a superior oil. Late Oct.

Nevadillo Blanco. Medium; deep black; rapid grower, and makes a pickle of superior flavor, but runs somewhat small in size. Sept.

*Obliza. Large; borne in clusters on the stems. Excellent for pickles. Middle Oct.

Pendulina. Grows in clusters and produces a high grade of oil. Last of Nov.

Razzo. Oval; medium; yields the finest grade of oil. Last of Nov.

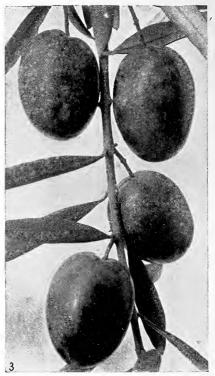
Yields oil of highest grade, Early Rubra. Nov.

Prices on Ascolano and Sevillano only:

	Each	10	100
1 inch and up, caliper	\$1.25	\$10.00	\$80.00
% to 1 inch, caliper	1.00	8.00	70.00
% to % inch, caliper	80	7.00	60.0 0
½ to % inch, caliper	70	6.00	50.00
*Ascolano. Large: early	r: amons	the	best of

the pickling varieties. Oct.

*Sevillano. The largest of all. The "Queen Olive" of commerce. Early Oct.



SEVILLANO OLIVE

CITRUS FRUITS

There is no variety of fruit trees grown that is so exacting in its demand for favorable soil and climatic conditions as citrus trees. Our nurseries at La Habra, Orange County, California, which are devoted to the growing of citrus and other tropical and semi-tropical fruits, are admirably situated for growing the very best of stock. Intense cultivation and close attention to every detail must be exercised to grow the high-grade citrus trees which we supply to our customers. We make it a point to grow trees on Sweet, Sour and Citrus Trifoliata roots. This last-named root seems to exert a decided influence in causing citrus fruits to mature earlier, the skin to be smoother and the pulp finer grained and with less rag. It is a noticeable fact, and one very important to the grower, that trees on Citrus Trifoliata root are very heavy croppers. We particularly recommend this root for locations where early rivening is an important factor. ripening is an important factor.

Write for special low prices on commercial plantings of more than one hundred trees, of orange, lemon, pomelo, etc. Our stock is unusually fine this year, grown from buds of select strains from trees producing premium fruit, and if you will write us the kinds and varieties wanted, we will quote you by return mail, describing the stock, freight rates, etc.

ORANGES

Each 100

 34 to 1 inch, caliper.....\$0.80

 56 to 34 inch, caliper......70

 1/2 to 5% inch, caliper......60

 \$7.00 6.00 \$60.00 5.00

Golden Nugget Navel. (New.) Oblong; good size; deliciously sweet; seedless. Nov. to

March.

Fruit large; Joppa. Fruit large; red; nearly seedless; pulp very fine, sweet, juicy. April to July. Mediterranean Sweet. Large; pulp solid and few seeds; ripens late. Feb.
Navelencia. (New.) Ripens sixty days after Washington; equal to the very best. April

Ruby Blood. Medium; very smooth; rich, juicy and melting. Jan. to April.

*Thomson Navel. Medium size; very smooth and thin; pulp julcy. Earlier than Wash-ington Navel. Nov. to Jan.

*Valencia Late. Large; reaching the market when all other varieties are gone. A profitable variety.

Washington Navel. In California it has reached its highest stage of perfection, and stands in the lead of all other varieties for its large size, lusciousness and sweetness of pulp. The most extensively planted variety on the market. Nov. to March.



A VIEW OF SPECIMEN TREES IN OUR CITRUS NURSERIES

SPECIAL VARIETIES

Each 10 100 3 to 4 feet......\$1.50 \$12.50 \$100.00 Citron of Commerce. Large, weighing from 3 to 5 lbs.; shaped like a lemon; skin bright yellow, smooth and very glossy. The tree is of a dwarf habit, with large, glossy leaves and very ornamental.

*Bearss Seedless Lime. Very large; seedless: very juicy, with pronounced acidity. One of the best in cultivation. Hardy, enormously productive, and matures fruit year round.

Mexican Lime. Largely used in California for hedges; fruit large and excellent.

Kumquat. About the size of a large gooseberry; rind sweet, juicy, acid, delicious and refreshing. Tree dwarf and desirable for pot and garden culture. May to July.

*Satsuma. (Unshiu; Oonshiu.) Deep yellow; flesh very tender, juicy. Oct. to Dec. St. Michael. Small; round; firm; thin skin; pulp juicy and very sweet. Feb.

(Dancy's,) Medium size; very *Tangerine. sweet; rind thin and separating readily. March.

Willow-leaved Mandarin. /illow-leaved Mandarin. Skin thin; flesh dark orange-yellow, spicy and aromatic. Dec. to Feb. Tree handsome.

New Seedless Lemon. Buds sent to Mr. Roeding from Algiers, and has been fruiting with us for the past four years. Tree a vigorous grower and quite prolific; fruit about the size of the Eureka, but pearshaped; thin-skinned and very juicy; absolutely seedless.

onderosa Lemon. An ornamental type of dwarf habit, adapted to small gardens. Fruit large and abundantly supplied with juice. Of no commercial value. Ponderosa Lemon.

ALGERIAN CITRUS FRUITS

3 to 4 ft., each \$1.50.

NEW MANDARIN. Buds of this were forwarded to us several years ago by Dr. Trabut, of the French Government Experiment Station, Algeria. The tree is not ment Station, Algeria. The tree is not quite as vigorous as the ordinary Mandarin or Satsuma. It is more of a dwarfish habit and in addition to this is very striking on account of its willow-like foliage, making it a very handsome ornamental tree as well as being a heavy producer of most luscious oranges. The fruit is of the true Mandarin type with a few more seeds. The flavor is of the best and the fact that it ripens fully a month earlier, combined with the fact that it is exceedingly ornamental, as well as being very prolific, will make it a valuable acquisition for small gardens.

acquisition for small gardens.

EW TANGERINE. A vigorous, upright grower like the Dancy Tangerine. The fruit bears very close resemblance to the ordinary Tangerine, is almost seedless and ripens fully three months earlier. It gives promise of being one of the most valuable of our late introductions in the citrus line. NEW TANGERINE.

NEW LIME

RANGOON LIME. This is a very valuable ANGOON LIME. This is a very valuable Lime, unlike any known to the trade. The fruit has the appearance of a Tangerine, with the same loose skin, but with an intense acid and valuable for the uses that limes or lemons are put to. The tree is a very prolific bearer and a novelty of great value. Each 3 to 4 feet.....\$2.50

LEMONS

Each 10

est demand.

*Lisbon. isbon. Medium size; sweet rind and strong acid; few seeds; a prolific bearer. rind and

Very hardy.

*Villa Franca. Oblong; rind thin, without any trace of bitterness; pulp acid, juicy, nearly seedless. A fine commercial variety. without

POMELOS

Each \$8.00 \$70.00 7.00 60.00 1 inch, caliper.....\$1.00 ¾ to 6.00

*Marsh's Seedless. Medium to large; skin very smooth, glossy, lemon-yellow color; pulp juicy, with very little rag. The finest variety of Pomelo. The fruit will hang on the trees till late in September the following year.

riumph. Medium size: peel smooth, clear, thin, and fine-grained; very heavy. One of Triumph.

the best.

SPECIMEN CITRUS TREES



Washington Navel Orange See page 16

ORANGE, LEMON, POMELO

To meet a growing demand for citrus trees for indoor, conservatory and lawn purposes, we are offering this season a magnificent stock of established trees properly trained for immediate effects. Not only are they objects of beauty, with their rich, luxuriant foliage and symmetrical growth, but they possess an additional value on account of their early fruiting qualities. We can supply these extra fine trees at the following prices:

Dia.	Tubs and	Boxes	
of Tub	Caliper	Crown	Per Pair
		in. to 32	
20 in1	in, and up 24	in. to 28	in. 12.00
20 in1	in, and up 20	in. to 24	in. 10.00
16 in1	in. and up 16	in. to 20	in. 8.00
Same si	izes in boxes, S	1.00 per	pair less.

In less than carload lots the freight rates on citrus and ornamental trees and vines have been greatly reduced over those prevailing a year or so ago, making quite a reduction to purchasers in transportation. Our charges for boxing and packing cover only cost of material.



A SPECIMEN CITRUS TREE

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS

POMEGRANATES

4 to 5	ft		10 \$5.00	
3 to 4	ftft	50	4.00	30.00

Paper-Shell. Very large; skin thin; pale yellow, with crimson cheek.

*Sweet-fruited. Fruit large, with sweet, juicy pulp; ripens in Sept.

*Wonderful. The largest and most attractive, Valuable for shipment. Ripens early. Pulp a rich garnet color, with an abundance of juice, dark as port wine; exquisite flavor. Oct.

PERSIMMONS GRAFTED VARIETIES

			I	Tach	10	100
4	to	5	feet	\$0.50	\$4.00	\$25.00
3	to	4	feet	.40	3.00	20.00

*Dai-Dai-Maru. Very large; light yellow; flesh delicious, firm, juicy. Sept.

*Hachiya. Very large; conical; bright red with dark blotches; flesh deep yellow, soft and jelly-like when ripe. One of the best. Sept.

Hyakume. Very large; orange-yellow; few seeds; juicy and not astringent. Oct.

Mammoth Gosho. Very large; round; somewhat flattened. Specimens average 10 oz. Flesh red. Tree erect grower.

*Tene-Nashi. Very large; bright red; flesh yellow; seedless. A good market variety. Vigorous grower and heavy bearer. Sept. *Yemon. Large; dull red; flesh deep yellow; seedless. When fully ripened, one of the most delicious persimmons. Nov.

AHUACATE (Avocado) ALLIGATOR PEAR

A tropical or subtropical pear-shaped or spherical fruit, of great food value, which will undoubtedly become one of the leading commercial fruits of California, as all who have tested it so far are enthusiastic in its praise as an income producer.

SEEDLINGS

		Each	10
Balled, 4 to	6	feet\$1.00	\$7.50
		feet	

BUDDED VARIETIES

•	Each	10
Balled, 4 to 6 feet	\$2.50	\$20.00
Balled, 3 to 4 feet		15.00
6-inch box, 3 to 4 feet	1.50	10.00

See special price on Northrop.



HACHIYA PERSIMMON See page 18

AVOCADO-Continued

anter. A greenish, thin-skinned variety of oblong oval shape. A good sort for garden planting, being a uniform, prolific bearer of fine-flavored fruit from 3 to 4 inches long, ripening in the late fall. Ganter.

arman. An extra hardy, pear-shaped, thin-skinned variety, ripening in early winter, having a smooth, rich, nutty flavor. Tree an upright, uniform grower, bearing purple fruits weighing slightly over one-half pound.

Meserve. round, slightly pear-shaped, thick-skinned variety of greenish color, weighing about one pound, with a tight seed, which, together with its rich, buttery flavor, makes it one of the best for commercial planting. Ripens April to June.

Taft. A pyriform green thick-skinned variety weighing about a pound and ripening in midsummer, with a fine velvety rich flavor. Tree a good, uniform grower, very ornamental.

Wagner. Similar to the Meserve except it ripens later, making them desirable for planting together for a long fruiting period. Good market variety.

Northrop. Purple, thin-skinned, medium size; pear-shaped; rich flavor. Tree very hardy and vigorous. Yields two crops a year. Sept. to Nov. Each 10 Price, 2 to 3 feet, in boxes....\$2.00 \$15.00

BANANA

Leaves often 2 feet wide and 8 feet long make it a fine plant for decorative purposes. In pots, 2 to 3 feet, each.....\$2.00 avendishii. Dwarf in habit; fruit yellow; small; in immense bunches. Cavendishii.

Clear yellow,

Orientum or Hart's Choice. Cl with unsurpassed fruity flavor. Sapientum or Orinoco. Rapid and robust; large, dark green leaves; fruit large.

CAROB TREE (Ceretonia siliqua)

The saccharine seed-pods are of value as food for horses, cattle and hogs. A fine tree for dry situations, doing exceptionally well in the southern part of this State. A fine ave-

		Each	10
	4 feet		
Balled, 2 to	3 feet	. 1.00	7.50
In pots, 1½	to 2 feet	50	4.00

CHERIMOYER (Anona cherimolia) **CUSTARD APPLE**

Produces fruit in great abundance, the flesh f which has the consistency of ice cream, with a custard flavoring. Potted, each

ELAEAGNUS LONGIPES

Bears an abundance of oval-shaped fruits of deep orange-red, which make an excellent jelly. ..\$0.75

FEIJOA SELLOWIANA

Fruit 2½ inches long by 2 inches across. Flesh thick, white, pulpy and watery, with a sugary taste resembling the pineapple and guava, and with a strong, agreeable odor.

		\mathbf{Each}	
4 to 6	feet	\$2.00	\$15.00
3 to 4	feet	. 1.50	10.00
2 to 3	feet	1.00	7.50

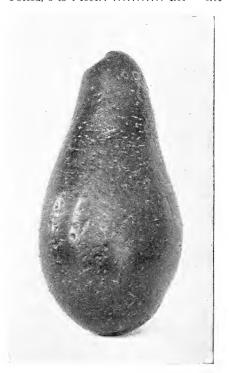
GUAVAS Each Pot-grown, 2 to 3 feet.......\$0.50 \$4.00 *Pear or Lemon Guava. Grows to be a large

*Pear or Lemon Guava. Grows to be a large shrub. Should be planted only in favored localities, as it is tender; fruit pear-shaped, yellowish; prized for jellies and jams. *Strawberry Guava. Shrub or small tree, producing fruit of a fine deep claret color, with strawberry.like flavor.

with strawberry-like flavor.

HOVENIA DULCIS

A small, round-headed tree, with handsome shining foliage and small, greenish flowers, succeeded by small, sweet, aromatic fruits with reddish flesh. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 6 feet. \$2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 feet. 1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 feet. 1.00 Potted, 3 to 4 feet. 1.00 \$15.00 10.00 8.00 8.00



THE AVOCADO

JUJUBE (Chinese Date Palm)

Beautiful ornamental tree, with bright, glossy green, locust-like foliage. The pulp of the fruit is of a gingerbread color, having a pleasant, agreeable flavor. Ripens in October.

				acii
12	to	18	inches\$	0.60

LOQUAT

A beautiful evergreen shrub or tree attaining a height of 15 to 20 feet, bearing pearshaped fruit of a pleasant acidulous flavor and of lemon-yellow color. Each 10

Seedlings

	eet	
Balled, 4 to 6 f	eet	1.50 12.50
Balled, 3 to 4 f	eet	1.00 7.50
Pot-grown, 2 to	o 3 feet	.75 6.00

Budded Varieties

4	to	6	feet				Each \$2.00
			feet				
·	co	-	100011111	 • • •	• • • •	 	. 1.00

*Advance. Very large; deep lemon-yellow; flesh firm, juicy, sweet. One of the best.

Champagne. A large midseason variety similar to Advance; bunches large and fruit sufficiently far apart in clusters to permit *Champagne. full development.

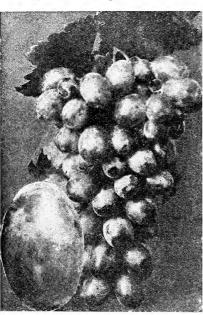
arly Red. Earliest variety grown; highly recommended for Southern California plant-Early Red. ing.

*Premier. Fruit large, lemon-yellow; flesh melting, juicy and sweet; seeds small.

GRAPES

Our stock of vines on their own roots, Phylloxera-Resistant roots and grafted on Phylloxera-Resistant roots, is very complete. Our vines are grown on new land, causing them to have a fine, vigorous root system.

The vines will be supplied as follows: 500 at the 1,000 rate, where this rate is quoted, in not less than 50 of any one variety; 50 at the 100 rate, in not less than 10 of a variety. In small lots of one or two of a kind, the 10 rate will apply, except in quantities of less than five vines, when the single rate will be charged.



DATTIER DE BEYROUTH GRAPE

NEW GRAPES

de Beyrouth (Rosaki). Introduced Dattier de Beyrouth (Hosaki). Introduced from Europe. Bunches large, only slightly shouldered; berries loose, never compact. Berries very large; quite oval in form, of a beautiful golden amber and covered with a whitish bloom; very fleshy; juicy and sweet, with little or no acidity. Its keeping qualities are unsurpassed. Aug.

Each 10 100 1000

On own root.....\$0.25 \$1.50 \$4.00 \$20.00

*Sultanina Rosea. (Own roots and grafted.)
Identical with the well-known Thompson
Seedless in everything except color. The
berries are oval; medium in size and vary
in color from a violet-rose to a deep coppery red; loose in cluster. Early Aug.

FOREIGN TABLE GRAPES OF VERY RECENT INTRODUCTION

Each 10 100 Price\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00

A few years ago we introduced a number of new varieties of grapes from France. It is only recently that we have observed these varieties sufficiently to feel at liberty to offer them for sale. They have been carefully tested in our trial grounds and their value has been fully determined. Our descriptions and recommendations are made from actual observation for several years observation for several years.

ngulato. A very handsome grape, bluish black, large size, oval. Bunch large, closely set; flesh firm, juicy, sweet and crackling. A good table and market sort. Aug.

Assouad Zeine. A fine, showy grape of excellent quality. Bunches loose; berries large and elongated; color dark red. One of the best of the new introductions. Aug.

Buckland Sweetwater. A splendid English variety, exclusively grown for table use; bunch medium, compact; berries medium juicy; fine yellow skin when ripe. Aug.

lack Monukka. A black seedless grape, similar in size and quality to the well-known Thompson Seedless. Bunches loose; berries deep black and of even size. Extra fine quality. Introduced from India. Sept.

amas Rose. (Grafted.) This is one of the finest of table grapes. Bunch large, rather compact; berries immense, an inch and over Damas Rose. in diameter. When fully matured, deep coppery red in color. For home use this is a very superior grape and we can recommend it highly. Sept.

rronkane. As a late shipping grape this sort has qualities which will cause it to be in great demand in the interior valleys. Bunches are very large, berries are ovalshaped, compactly set on the clusters. Berries of a metallic red, very firm and highly flavored. Nov. Dronkane.

Foster's Seedling. A strong-growing vine; bunches cylindrical; berries large, long, oval and of a beautiful golden amber color; flesh is very sweet, with a peculiar attractive flavor distinct from other varieties. We regard this as one of the best sorts for home use. Sept.

Gradiska. For home use this is a desirable variety. The bunches are large, heavily shouldered; berries large, greenish white and of excellent flavor. A fine trellis grape and a valuable dessert fruit. Sept.



OLIVETTE BLANCHE

*Gros Guilliaume. Among the grapes of recent introduction this of the black type is the show fruit of them all. Bunches are of medium size, but berries are as large as Damson Plums, with a coloring when used for table decoration that makes them look as if molded in wax. Flavor the very best. Ripe in early September, but keep well until the middle of October. Enormous producers. Vines should be cane-pruned. Suitable for trellising able for trellising.

*Joannenc or Lignan. Ripe with us July 1.
Much earlier and a far better grape than
the White Sweetwater. Bunch medium;
berries compact, medium; flesh sweet and
juicy; golden yellow when ripe.

*Maraville de Malaga. It is no exaggeration Maraville de Malaga. It is no exaggeration to say that this grape has a coloring of red which is later modified with a bluish tint, which will make it an excellent market variety. Bunches long and loose; berries large, conical, oval. Ripe in September and will keep in the best of condition until the middle of October; flesh crisp and juicy.

*Ohanes d'Almeria. Bunch above average. Berries are a beautiful golden color; fine flavor; good shipper. This variety is im-ported from Spain in cork dust. Nov.

*Olivette Blanche. As this variety does not ripen until October, it is adapted only to warm climates. The grape is large, fully 2 inches long, never too close; berries long, olive-shaped, greenish amber, slightly olive-shaped, greenish amber, slightly brown on side exposed to sun; crisp, firm, with a neutral flavor. Vine very abundantly furnished with foliage and not only produces heavily, but is a vigorous grower. As a market grape and for trellising it is sure to take a prominent place.

*Olivette de Vendemian. This grape bears a very close resemblance to the Almeria so extensively exported from Spain, packed in cork dust, with several important exceptions. Vine stronger grower; bunches and berries larger. In every way a better

ceptions. Vine stronger grower; bunches and berries larger. In eyery way a better grape and somewhat earlier in ripening.

Oct

Roeding's Improved Thompson Seedless. This is a sport of the well-known Thompson Seedless. Berries are twice as large. The

vine is a very strong grower, but the canes are heavier and more closely jointed. The leaves are identical with the parent with the exception that they have much heavier texture. We have propagated this variety for several years and know it comes true to the type. It is worthy of a trial and we can recommend it particularly as an arbor grane. larly as an arbor grape.

GENERAL COLLECTION FOREIGN GRAPES

For Table and Shipping

Each 10 100

*Black Cornichon. (Red Cornichon.) Bunches long, berries long; skin thick and dark; flesh firm, good flavor; good shipper. Oct.

Black Ferrera. Large, black with violet bloom. Flesh sweet. Valuable for shipbloom. Flesh sw ping. Late Sept.

Black Hamburg. (Frankenthal.) Large; round; coal-black; flesh sweet and juicy. *Black Hamburg. The famous English table grape. An immense bearer. Late Sept.

*Emperor. Large; oblong; deep rose; one of the most profitable market grapes. With-stands rain better than any other variety. Vine strong grower, heavy bearer. Nov.

Flame Tokay. Large; pale red, covered with bloom; flesh firm, sweet. Commands a good price in Eastern markets. Sept.

*Malaga. Very large; oval; yellowish green; fleshy; one of the best shipping grapes. Immensely productive, thriving in almost any soil. Makes good second-quality raisin. Aug.

RARE FOREIGN GRAPES

For Table and Shipping

Each\$0.20 \$1.50 \$5.00

*Black Morocco. Very large; black; flesh firm, juicy, sweet and crackling. Nov.

Chasselas Ciotat. Bunches small, compact; fruit greenish-white, small, juicy; leaves laciniated. Ripe about Aug. 1.

Chasselas de Fontainebleau. (White Sweetwater.) Medium size; round; greenish yellow; pulp juicy, sweet. Late July.

*Golden Champion. Golden yellow; large; round; flesh juicy; a fine table grape. Aug. *Gros Colman. As large as Damson Plums;

skin thin; dark; covered with bloom; flesh firm, with a pleasant vinous flavor. Nov. Rose of Peru. Large; fruit round; highly esteemed as a market variety. Oct.

Large; coppery red; bunches Sabal Kanski. often weigh 8 pounds. Sept.

FOREIGN WINE GRAPES

*Alicante Bouschet. Red; gives a very su-perior wine; bright in color. Sept.

Black Malvoise. Bunches large and long; berries large, black, oval. An excellent table grape and a valuable wine variety. Sept.

Burger. German; produces a light, white wine of excellent quality. Sept. *Burger.

*Carignan. Medium, slightly oblong; makes a superior type of red wine. Vine a fine grower and abundant bearer. Sept.

Zagos. Very productive in sandy greenish; a valuable sherry grape. *Feher Zagos. soils; greenis A good grape for interior valleys.

*Grenache. Heavy producer in the interior; makes an excellent claret. Always in good demand at the wineries. Sept. Always in good

Mission. Berries medium, round, purple-black, sweet and delicious. Sept.

Aug.

FOREIGN WINE GRAPES-Continued

*Petit Syrah. (Serine.) Medium; black; one of the best of the claret types. Sept.

*Zinfandel. Round; dark purple; most ex-tensively planted in California for claret.

RAISIN GRAPES

*Muscat. The variety so extensively planted for raisins. Fine for table and wine. Sept. *Sultana. Small; amber colored; seedless; makes fine seedless raisins. Aug.

Each 10 100 1000

Price\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.50 \$18.00 *Thompson's Seedless. (Sultanina Blanche.) Very large; greenish yellow; firm; oval, seedless; prized for shipping and raisins. Aug. Each 10 100 1000 Price\$0.15 \$1.00 \$2.00 \$18.00 *Zante Currant. (Black Corinth.) (Own roots and grafted.) Bunches medium; berries small, seedless; skin thin; black; blue bloom; this is the variety producing the currant of commerce and imported from Greece under the name "Zante Currant."

Price\$0.25 \$2.00 AMERICAN GRAPES

Each

Each 10 100 Price\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00 Except Campbell's Early

*Agawam. One of the best red varieties; large; pulp tender; sweet. Aug.

Catawba. Coppery red, becoming purplish when well ripened; vinous and rich. Sept. *Concord. Bunch and berry very large; blue-

black; sweet, pulpy, tender. Aug. Isabella. Berries black; oval; juicy, sweet,

with distinct musky flavor. An immense bearer and valuable market variety. Sept. *Moore's Early. Very large; black, resembling Concord; ten days earlier. Aug.

Niagara. Pale yellow; flesh tender, sweet;

one of the best whites. Sept.

Pierce. (Isabella Regia.) Of extraordinary size; exceedingly sweet. Cannot be surpassed by any of the American varieties. Late Sept.

Worden. Bunch and berry large: black: compact; handsome; fine table grape. Aug.

Campbell's Early. Extremely early. Bunch and berry large and glossy black, with blue bloom; very sweet and juicy. Aug.

10 100 1000 \$2.00 \$15.00 \$65.00 Each Price\$0.25

FOREIGN WINE AND TABLE GRAPES Grafted on Phylloxera-Resistant Roots

Grafted on R X R 3309

Thompson Seedless

Zinfandel

Grafted on Rupestris St. George

Alicante Bouschet Black Hamburg Emperor Flame Tokay Malaga

Muscat Petit Syrah Pierce Thompson Seedless Zinfandel



GROS COLMAN See page 21

PHYLLOXERA-RESISTANT GRAPES

These vines are all well established and have a fine root-system. They can be benchgrafted and planted in vineyard form, or in nursery rows this season.

E	ach	10	100	1000
Aramon X Rupestris Ganzin No. 1\$	0.25	\$2.00	\$6.00	\$30.00
Mourvedre X Rupes- tris 1202	.25	2.00	4.00	25.00
Riparia X Rupestris 3306	.20	1.00	- 3.00	18.00
Riparia X Rupestris 3309	.20	1.00	3.00	18.00
Riparia X Rupestris	.20	1.00	3.00	18.00
Rupestris St. George	.20	1.00	3.00	18.00
Solonis X Riparia 1616	.25	2.00	4.00	25.00



THE SMALL FRUITS

LOGANBERRY

Fruit is 1¼ inch long, dark red; as large as the largest blackberry and partakes of the flavor of both the blackberry and raspberry; excellent for table, eaten raw or stewed; makes a fine jelly or jam. Ripe in May.

Each 10 100 1000 Tips\$0.15 \$0.75 \$5.00 \$30.00

MAMMOTH BLACKBERRY

Supposed to be a cross between the wild blackberry of California and the Crandall's Early. Deep red; enormously productive and exceedingly early; fruit enormous size.

Each 10 100 1000 Tips\$0.15 \$0.75 \$5.00 \$40.00

HIMALAYA BLACKBERRY

Imported originally from the Himalaya It is a remarkable grower, canes Mountains. Mountains. It is a remarkable grower, causes growing 40 feet in a single season; an enormous bearer, a good shipper; berry round; very few seeds and with almost no core. June to late fall. o late fall. Each 10 100 Price\$0,20 \$1.00 \$5.00

PHENOMENAL BERRY

Berries in clusters of from 5 to 10 and somewhat larger than the Loganberry, to which it has a close resemblance.

Each Tips\$0.20 \$1.50 \$6.00

BLACKBERRY

Each 10 100 1000 1 year\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 \$25.00 Crandall Black. Everbearing, large and fine. Very early. One of the best.

*Erie. Largest size; coal-black.

Evergreen. Large; black; sweet. July to Nov.

*Kittatinny. Large: conical: juicy: sweet, Excellent.

Lawton. Large; ripens late; very productive.

DEWBERRY

Each 10 100 1000 Tips\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 \$20.00 *Gardena. Large; glossy black; delicious; heavy bearer. Middle of May.

Lucretia. Very large; glossy black; luscious. Dense foliage. May 1.

RASPBERRY

Each 10 100 1000 1 year\$0.15 \$0.75 \$3.00 \$25.00 *Cuthbert. Large; rich crimson; good shipper.

Cumberland. Best of all; very productive of fine, large fruit.

Golden Queen. Large; golden yellow; fine quality.

*Gregg. Standard blackcap; productive and hardy; seeds large; best shipper.

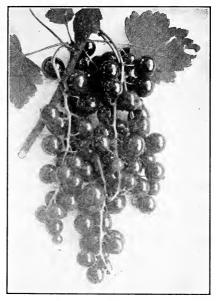
*Hansell. Bright crimson; productive; very early.

Souhegan. One of the most valuable of the blacks; very large; early.

NEW RASPBERRY

*SUPERLATIVE. New. Large: red; conical; a great improvement over all other varieties of raspberries. It is a continual bearer and is worthy of general cultivation.

Each 10 100 Tips\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00



Perfection Currant

CURRANTS

Each \$0.15 10 1 year ... \$1.00 \$8.00 Except where noted.

Cherry. Very large; deep red.

*Fay's Prolific. Bright red; very sweet. *White Grape. Large; yellowish white.

*Crandall's Black. Only variety which will grow in the hot interior valleys; deep black; very large. Each 10 100 1 year\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00

*Perfection. New. Large, bright red: rich subacid flavor; plenty of pulp and few seeds. Fully as large as Fay's and a very seeds. Fully a heavy bearer. Each 1 year\$0.40 \$3.00

GOOSEBERRIES

In the mountains, at an elevation of 3,000 feet, and anywhere in the coast regions, the gooseberry thrives and produces an abundance of fruit.

American Varieties

Each 10 100 1 year\$0.25 \$2.00 \$15.00 *Downing. Good size; whitish green; good.

*Oregon Champion. Very large; brownish red.

*Smith's Improved. Quite large; light green.

English Varieties

Industry. Largest size; dark red. Each 1 year\$0.25 \$2.00

STRAWBERRIES

Price\$0.25 \$1.00 \$5.00

*Brandywine. Large; roundish; conical; flesh firm; a valuable medium to late variety.
*Jessie. Large; handsome; roundish; conical;

dark red; plant vigorous and productive.
*Marshall. Very large; dark rich crimson; quality good; firm.

VEGETABLES AND ESCULENT ROOTS

ASPARAGUS

Roots	10	100 \$1.50	
Conover's Colossal. A quality: tender and h	standard	kind	
Palmetto. A valuable enormous and delicit			oducing

ARTICHOKE

lobe. Plant presents a very tropical appearance and is therefore a valuable addi-Globe. tion to any garden. Flower-buds should be cut off as soon as they are well formed and before the scales open, otherwise they are tough and tasteless. Never allow flowers to mature, as plants will dwindle down and die. 10 Each 100 Price\$0.20 \$1.50 \$12.00

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKES

Jerusalem,					
producing	from 15	to 20	tons	to the	acre.
					100 lbs.
Tubers				. \$0.50	\$2.00

Jerusalem, White. Resembles a potato	
than an artichoke, having shallower	
much smoother skin than the preceding	ng.
5 lbs. 1	$0\bar{0}$ lbs.
Tubers\$1.00	\$5.00

RHUBARB

Myatt's	Lin	naeus.	Lа	rge;	early	7; te	ender	and	
fine.					Eacl				
Price					.\$0.15	5 \$1	.00	\$8.00	
Burbank									
crims	n;	especia	.lly	adaj	oted	to	the	long	

seasons of California. Each 10 100 Price\$0.20 \$1.50 \$10.00

Burbank's Giant Crimson Winter. A robust grower and prolific producer of mammoth stalks, three times the size of the older sort; thrives amazingly during the winter months; of fine flavor. Each 10 100 Price\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00

HOP ROOTS

																								Eacn	
Male																								. \$0.20	
Female																									
remaie	٠	٠	 ٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	٠		•	•	•	•	٠	٠	٠	٠	٠	•		10	\$U.15

HOME ORCHARD COLLECTIONS

Three collections selected by us as a guide in ordering a "Home Orchard" We give the kinds, you select the varieties

In order to advance the planting of "Home Orchards" and to aid the planter in selecting the right kinds, also quantities of stock to meet his requirements, we have classified the following collections.

We are often asked to assist in making selections of varieties and will, if you so desire, pick out for you the particular varieties best adapted to your soil and climatic conditions.

conditions.

The prices as below are for stock at Fresno, Cal. This offer refers to stock in General Collection and does not include Special Varieties.

Fruit Collection No. 1, \$5.25

27 Fruit Trees, your selection.

3	Apple4	to	6	feet	
2	Fig4	to	6	feet	
2	Crab4	to	6	feet	
2	Pear4	to	6	feet	
2	Cherry4	to	6	feet	
2	Plum4	to	6	feet	
2	Prune4	to	6	feet	
2	Apricot4	to	6	feet	
1	Quince4	to	6	feet	
1	Nectarine4	to	6	feet	
4	Peach, Free4	to	6	feet	
4	Peach, Cling4	to	6	feet	
Sho	uld any one item above no	ot :	he	degir	٠,

Should any one item above not be desired may be omitted, adding the quantity to it may any other variety above noted.

Fruit Collection No. 2, \$10.35

48 Fruit Trees, your selection.

4 Apple4	to 6	feet
2 Crab4	to 6	feet
4 Pear4	to 6	feet
4 Cherry4	to 6	feet
4 Plum4	to 6	feet

4 Prune4	to	6 feet
4 Apricot4	to	6 feet
2 Quince4	to	6 feet
4 Peach, Free4	to	6 feet
4 Peach, Cling4	to	6 feet
4 Fig4	to	6 feet
2 Nectarine4	to	6 feet
2 Olive4	to	6 feet
2 Almond4	to	6 feet
2 Walnut4	to	6 feet

Fruit Collection No. 3, \$15.50

70 Fruit Troog wour gelection

	To Fluit Trees, your selection.
2 5 5	Apple 4 to 6 feet Crab 4 to 6 feet Pear 4 to 6 feet Cherry 4 to 6 feet Plum 4 to 6 feet
	Prune4 to 6 feet
	Apricot4 to 6 feet
	Quince4 to 6 feet
10	Peach, Free4 to 6 feet
	Peach, Cling4 to 6 feet
	Fig4 to 6 feet
	Nectarine4 to 6 feet
	Olive4 to 6 feet
3	Almond4 to 6 feet
1	Pecan4 to 6 feet
2	Walnut4 to 6 feet

Any one of the first twelve items of fruit trees in Collections No. 2 and No. 3 above may be omitted, the quantity added to any other of the twelve items referred to. Additional stock may be added at Catalog prices.

In ordering any of these collections, all that is necessary is to specify "Fruit Collection" No. 1, No. 2 or No. 3, as desired. Where remittances are sent with orders, enclose draft, check or money order.



A FORMAL GARDEN SCENE

Showing Boxwoods and Hydrangeas in tubs, a Lily Pond and Pergola covered with Wistaria

ORNAMENTAL DEPARTMENT

LANDSCAPE SERVICE

We shall be pleased to be of service to any who contemplate beautifying their grounds. Get started early on your landscape problem. Write now, so that we may help you plan what to plant, when to plant and where to plant.

Landscape plans showing the proper locations for buildings, walks, drives, trees, shrubs, vines and flowers, with the names of each, together with planting list and estimates, are prepared. NO CHARGE is made for plans for small grounds. Send for our sketch plan cross-section blank. By filling it out and returning it to us, you will have supplied us with such information that we can offer you valuable suggestions for which there will be no charge.

INSTRUCTIONS. In forwarding data to us for small home lots, the location of the house, garage, walks and drives should be drawn out roughly to a scale of 10 feet to one inch. For larger places, 20 to 40 feet to an inch is a good scale. Always send photographs of buildings and grounds and mark on sketch points from which they are taken.

We are glad to offer suggestions without charge to our customers, but where landscape problems require special visits, detailed plans, and specifications, etc., a charge is made consistent with value of service rendered.

Our service covers special plans for

HOME GROUNDSCEMETERIESSCHOOL GROUNDSPARKSRANCHESCOLONY DEVELOPMENTSUBDIVISIONSSTREET PLANTINGTOWN AND CITY PLANS

Space will not permit us to give more than a very brief description of ornamentals in this catalog. Further descriptions will be supplied upon request. We shall be pleased to quote special prices on larger grades of deciduous trees than those quoted in this list. Before shipping these large trees, we invariably cut them back to 10 feet and shorten in the side branches for the purpose of saving freight charges. When these trees are planted, cut them down to within 8 feet of the ground, shortening lateral branches, thinning out if too thick and cut away entirely to about 6 feet from the ground. To such customers as desire to purchase ornamentals in large quantities, we would esteem it a favor if they would send us a list of their requirements for special quotations.

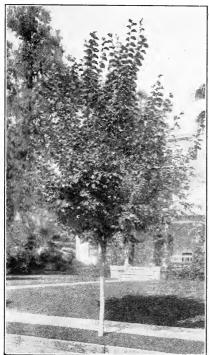
DECIDUOUS TREES

DECIDUO
ALBIZZIA Julibrissin (Acacia Nemu). A handsome avenue tree. Feathery foliage; pink, feathery flowers.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
ALDER, European (Alnus glutinosa). A rapid-growing tree, well adapted to moist situations. Each 6 to 8 ft
ALMOND, Double White (Amygdalus Davidiana alba). First tree to bloom in the spring. Double white flowers appearing before the leaves.
Double Pink (A. Davidiana rubra). Red flowers; very double. Each 10 4 to 6 feet
APRICOT, Japanese (Prunus Mune). A tree of dwarf habit, sending out long, pendulous branches. The small, double, rose-like flowers make their appearance in February before there is any sign of foliage. This tree is worthy of extensive cultivation. Varieties red and white. Each 10 6 to 8 ft. \$0.60 \$5.00 4 to 6 ft. 50 4.00
ASH (Fraxinus). Important forest trees; valuable for avenues and parks; forming tall, broad-headed trees. The wood is very valuable for the manufacture of carriages, tools, and for interior finish. Well adapted to California soils and climate. Each 10 8 to 10 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50 6 to 8 ft. 80 6.00
American White (Fraxinus Americana).

Magnificent avenue tree with broad, round head and dense bluish-green foliage.

Furonean (F. excelsion) Beautiful rapid-

European (F. excelsior). Beautiful, rapid-growing tree with dark green leaves and black buds.



HUNTINGDON ELM See page 27

Flowering (F. Ornus).		
with fragrant, green	ish-white	flowers,
borne in large clusters on	ends of b	ranches.

Green (F. lanceolata). Of medium growth, with slender branches and bright green leaves. A fine specimen tree.

BALD CY						
	us conife					
Trunk	straight	and	taper	ing;	very	orna-
mental.				_	Each	
6 to	8 ft				\$1.25	\$10.00

b tO 8 II................\$1.25 \$10.00 4 to 6 ft..................1.00 7.50 REFCH (Fagus) Among the most beautiful

BEECH (Fagus). Among the most beautiful of deciduous trees, with rich, glossy foliage. Do best in a cool, damp climate.

BIRCH, European White (Betula alba). A rapid-growing tree with silvery white bark, and slender, drooping branches.

Purple-leaved (B. alba atropurpurea). A striking variety; leaves purple above, and of a lustrous metallic hue underneath.

BIRD CHERRY (Cerasus padus). Widespreading tree with long racemes of white flowers in spring and bearing a small black fruit, resembling wild cherries. Each 10 6 to 8 ft....\$0.75 \$6.00

BROUSSONETIA papyrifera (Paper Mulberry). A fine tree for city streets; of rapid growth and forming a compact head. Remarkable for its cylindrical catkins.

Each 10
12 to 15 ft ...\$1.50 \$12.50
10 to 12 ft ...125 10.00
6 to 8 ft ...80 7,50

CATALPA. Highly ornamental tree with large, bright green foliage and beautiful white flowers in showy panicles.

 Each
 10

 10 to 12 ft
 \$0.75
 \$6.00

 8 to 10 ft
 60
 5.00

 6 to 8 ft
 50
 4.00

Except BUNGEI.

Common (C. syringafolia). A rapid-growing, spreading, irregular tree, with large, heart-shaped leaves; flowers fragrant, white and purple, hanging in clusters.

Japan (C. kaempferi). Somewhat dwarf in habit, with glossy green leaves. Flowers cream-colored, speckled with purple and yellow; very fragrant.

Western (C. speciosa). Rapid grower; most desirable where quick effects are desired.

Bungei. Forms a dense, round, umbrellalike head. Each 8 to 10 ft., fine heads.....\$2.00

COTTONWOOD (Populus Fremontii). Very rapid growing tree with a spreading head. A splendid tree for quick shade.

10	+0	10	64								.\$0.75	
											60	
											50	

ELM (Ulmus). Stand in the first rank among LM (Ulmus). Stand in the first rank among American trees; grow rapidly; are long-lived, of very graceful spreading habit, and not over particular as to soil. Our trees are all budded or grafted, insuring uniformity of leaf form and habit, making them particularly desirable for avenues and for specimen planting.

12 to 15 ft 18 195 \$10.00

\$10.00 8.00 \$70.00 7.00

American White (Ulmus Americana). A magnificent large tree, with drooping, spreading branches. One of the grandest of our native forest trees; requires moist soils.

Clemmeri. Of moderate growth, with narrow, pyramidal head. A very popular avenue tree.

Cork Bark (U. suberosa). Very desirable for streets and avenues; young branches very corky.

English or French (U. campestris). An erect tree of rapid, compact growth, with dark green foliage. Very extensively used for avenue planting.

Golden English (U. campestris aure Foliage of a uniform bronzy gold color.

Huntingdon (U. scabra vegeta). Very erect habit; bark smooth; one of the finest specimen and avenue trees.

Monumental (U. campestris monumentalis). Dwarf variety, forming a straight and dense column.

Nettle-leaved (U. montana scabra crispa). with long, undulating Dwarf growing,

Purple-leaved (U. scabra atropurpurea). Leaves rich purple when young, changing to dark green when older.

Variegated (U. campestris va Large leaves, spotted with silver. variegata)

EMPRESS TREE (Paulownia imperialis).

FALSE WALNUT (Pterocarya fraxinifolia). A grand shade tree, with spreading branches and compound foliage. Fruits light green, in pendulous clusters, 12 to 15 inches long. Each
8 to 10 ft. \$1,25
6 to 8 ft. 1.00 Each \$10.00

FRINGE TREE (Chionanthus virginica). A small tree with dark green foliage and loose panicles of pure white flowers in 2 to 3 ft.....\$0.75

HACKBERRY (Celtis). Nettle Tree. Valuable as shade trees, or as single specimens for a lawn. Wood is light and elastic. Foliage resembles the nettle leaf.

American (C. occidentalis). A rare tree of large growth, with numerous slender branches, and apple-like foliage.

European (C. australis). A valuable ornamental tree of rare beauty; adapted to many soils and climatic conditions.

HONEY LOCUST, Common (Gleditschia tria-canthos). Very ornamental tree, with pin-nate, glossy green foliage; greenish flowers and striking bean-like pods in fall.

Each 10 to 12 ft.\$0.75 8 to 10 ft.60 5.00 Japonica (Gleditschia japonica). A dium-sized tree with very large, i divided leaves. mefinely 10 \$6.00



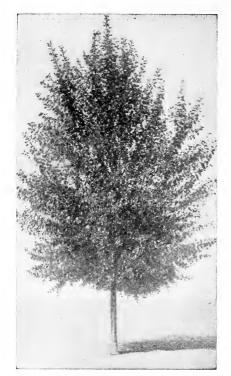
100
Rose-Flowering Locust
Triacanthos Inermis (Thornless). Very similar to the common variety, but not as strong a grower and entirely without thorns. 4 to 6 ft
HOP TREE (Ptelea trifoliata). A small tree, with short, spreading branches and glossy green foliage. Flowers small, greenish white, followed in the fall by wafer-like fruits. 6 to 8 ft
HORNBEAM, European (Carpinus betulus). Foliage much crumpled, deep green; often used for hedges. 6 to 8 ft
JUDAS TREE (Cercis). Striking ornamental trees loaded with a mass of pea-shaped, pink blossoms in early spring, before the leaves appear. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.00 6 to 8 ft. .75 \$6.00 4 to 6 ft. .60 5.00
American (C. canadensis). Medium height; flowers rosy pink.
European (C. siliquastrum). Spreading crown and purplish pink flowers. Red-Flowering (C. siliquastrum carne-
um). Flowers red.
KENTUCKY COFFEE TREE (Gymnocladus canadensis). An ornamental, hardy tree with rough bark, blunt, cane-like branches and bright yellow, fragrant flowers.

and bright yellow, fragrant nowers.

6 to 8 ft.....\$0.75 \$6.00

LINDEN, American (Tilia americana). Basswood. Shapely trees, with large, handsome foliage. Flowers creamy white and very fragrant.

some foliage. Flowers creamy when the service of th 6 to 8 ft.....\$0.75



BALM OF GILEAD POPLAR See page 29

LOCUST (Robinia). Adapt themselves to almost any soil conditions. Wood of the larger growing varieties is very hard and durable; valuable for posts and railroad ties. Varieties bloom from early spring till summer.

12 to 15 ft

12 to 15 ft

13 to 15 ft

14 to 15 ft till summer. Each 12 to 15 ft......\$1.25 \$10.00 \$75.00 7.50 60.00 6.00 50.00 5.00 40.00 Except Rose-Flowering. Black (Robinia pseudacacia). timber tree of very rapid growth. Flowers

Pink-Flowering (R. decaisneana).

orous straggling grower with pink flowers; very ornamental.

Semperflorens. Medium-growing variety, producing an abundance of white flowers all

Thornless (R. inermis). Of medium growth, with large, dark green leaves; thornless.

Umbrella (R. bessoniana). The most ornamental locust, with compact, round head, making a fine shade tree; nearly thornless.

Rose-Flowering (R. hispida). Dwarf-growing, bristling branches; beautiful rosecolored flowers appearing all summer. tra fine for ornamentation among shrub-Each 10 bery.

						. \$1.00	
AGNO							Each
					 . .	 	.\$0.75
1	to.	9	foot				50

. See Special Price. Except Soulang's. See Special Price. Cucumber Tree (Magnolia acuminata). all, pyramidal tree; conspicuous leaves and yellowish white flowers.

Conspicua (Chinese White Magnolia). A very free bloomer, with very fragrant, large white flowers.

Kobus. Flowers white, reverse of petals shaded light pink. Very hardy. Soulang's (M. soulangeana). A small

tree; flowers cup-shaped, pink and fragrant. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft.....\$1.25

MAIDENHAIR TREE (Salisburia adiantifolia). Foliage fern-like, yellowish-green, curiously lobed, resembling maidenhair fern.

4 to 6 ft.....\$0.75

MAPLE (Acer). Valuable trees for street and park planting. Some varieties are valuable for lumber, which commands high-

Except Reitenbach and Schwedler's Pur-e. See Special Price. Ash-Leaved or Box Elder (Acer negundo). A fine, rapid-growing avenue tree; withstands both cold and drought.

California or Large-Leaved (A. macro-phyllum). A strong-growing native tree; adapts itself to almost any location.

English (A. campestris). Stocky tree of compact habit with rough corky bark. A good variety for the interior.

Montpellier (A. monspessulanum). A handsome small tree, with rounded head, thriving in poor, dry soils.

Norway (A. platanoides). Large and handsome; deep green foliage and compact growth. A valuable tree for interior vallevs.

Silver or Soft (A. dasycarpum). A large tree of rapid growth; foliage bright green above, silvery beneath. A favorite for streets and parks; grows well in interior valleys.

Sugar (A. saccharum). A fine shade tree; valuable for production of sugar and timber. Not suited to hot climates.

Sycamore (A. pseudo-platanus). A rapid, upright growing tree, with bright green foliage. Fine for streets and avenues, doing well in this valley.

Reitenbach's Purple (A. platanoides Reitenbachi). Purplish green foliage.

Each ...\$0.75 \$6.00 Schwedler's Purple (A. platanoides Schwedleri). A vigorous grower, with large, bronzy red leaves, and young shoots of same color. Each 4 to 6 ft.....\$0.75

MOUNTAIN ASH (Sorbus). These very ornamental trees all have handsome foliage turning orange-red in the fall. The scarlet fruits often remain on the branches all winter.

European (S. aucuparia). White flowers followed by brilliant red berries.

\$6.00 5.00

MULBERRY (Morus). Rapid, dense-growing trees; popular for planting in hog pastures and chicken yards. A few trees planted near a cherry orchard act as a protection from birds. Each

12 to 15 ft. \$1.25 \$10.00 \$80.00 10 to 12 ft. 1.00 8.00 70.00 8 to 10 ft. .70 6.00 50.00

Except Persian. See Special Price.

Lick's American (M. rubra). Fruit large, black and of exquisite flavor; tree a strong, thrifty grower.

Multicaulus (Chinese). Widely planted for silkworm culture.

New American (M. rubra). A vigorous grower, with fine, large leaves and producing large, black fruit.

Russian (M. tatarica). Of spreading habit and rapid growth. Valuable for timspreading ber.

White (M. alba). Medium-sized, glossy green foliage; fruit small, pale white.

OAK (Quercus). Noted for their longevity; varieties range from stately trees having a spread of 100 feet to small shrubs. The value of the wood for furniture, flooring

3 to 4 ft.....

English (Quercus pedunculata). Of low, spreading growth; leaves dark green, fading to yellow and russet; brown in autumn.

Pin (Q. palustris). One of the most graceful and shapely trees for avenue planting.

Red American (Q. rubra). Of large size and rapid growth. A splendid specimen or avenue tree.

Pyramidal (Q. pedunculata fastigiata). handsome tree, with erect, pyramidal branches and deep, dark green foliage.

Scarlet (Q. coccinea). A rapid-growing, pyramidal tree; beautiful in the autumn, when the foliage changes to a bright scarlet.

Turkey (Q. cerris). A rapid, symmetrical grower; short, spreading branches, forming a broad, pyramidal head.

Valley or Weeping (Q. lobata). One of the great trees of California, with wide-spreading and slender, drooping branches.

AGODA TREE (Sophora japonica). A rare tree with dark green, compound leaves and creamy yellow, pea-shaped flowers.

8 to 10 ft. .\$1.00 6 to 8 ft. .75 4 to 6 ft. .60 \$7.50 6.00 5.00

PARASOL TREE (Sterculia platanifolia). A splendid, thrifty tree with large, maple-like leaves and greenish-white flowers, followed by curious pod-like fruits. A fine street or Each

4 to 6 ft.....\$0.75 3 to 4 ft......60 \$6.00 5.00

PEACH, Flowering (Persica). They blossom in April, and the branches are covered with a mass of beautiful colored flowers, long

Double Red-Flowered (P. vulgaris sanguinea plena). Flowers semi-double, bright

Double Rose-Fringed (P. vulgaris rosea ena). Flowers double, fringed and roseplena). colored.

Double White (P. vulgaris alba plena). Flowers large, double, pure white.

PLUM (Prunus). Medium-sized trees, used very effectively in grouping with other trees and shrubs.

Purple-Leaved (P. pissardi). Wood and leaves dark purple. Each 10
4 to 6 ft.\$0.50 \$4.00
Spinosa (Blackthorn). A shrub or small

tree of spreading growth; flowers small, white; fruit deep blue. Very ornamental.

Each

ly superior in growth and in the size and beautiful tints of the foliage, which is of a rich, metallic crimson color, with a crumpled surface like a Coleus. A splen-did ornamental tree with edible purple fruit.

Each 4 to 6 ft.....\$0.60 \$5.00

POPLAR (Populus). Very rapid growing trees, thriving in a great variety of soil conditions. Fine for windbreaks and shade. Each

15 to 18 ft. \$1.25 12 to 15 ft. 1.00 10 to 12 ft. 75 8 to 10 ft. 60 6 to 8 ft. 50 \$10.00 7.50 60.00 $6.00 \\ 5.00$ 50.00 40.00 4.00 30.00

Angulato Robusta. Resembles Carolina, but is a more robust grower and has larger leaves.

Aurea van Geerti (Populus). Has fine golden yellow foliage.

Balm of Gilead (P. balsamifera candicans). A handsome, tall tree with spreading branches. Most popular variety for shade and avenue planting.

Balsam (Balsamifera). A tall tree with erect branches forming a narrow, pyramidal head. Often planted for the delightful resiniferous odor of the buds.

Bolles' Silver (P. bolleana).

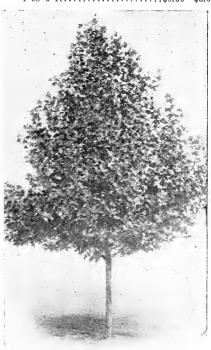
Very compact, upright grower with glossy leaves, green above and silvery beneath.

Carolina (P. carolinensis). Very rapid grower. Valuable for avenue planting.

Lombardy (P. nigra fastigiata). Erect growing tree, with a tall, spiry-like form.

SERVICE TREE (Sorbus domestica). A round-headed tree, with white flowers and orange-red fruits. Each 10 6 to 8 ft.....\$0.75 \$6.00

SIBERIAN PEA TREE (Caragana arborescens). Very ornamental; yellow, pea-like Each 4 to 6 ft.....\$0.60 \$5.00



EUROPEAN SYCAMORE See page 30

SWEET						
				r-shaped		ıge,
changi	ng to	bright	red in	autumn.	ch	10

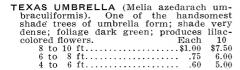
		Each IV
6 to 8	ft	.\$1.00 \$7.50
4 to 6	ft	75 6.00
		,0.00

SYCAMORE (Platanus). Plane Tree. In great demand for shade and avenue planting; a rapid, symmetrical grower, thriving

alm	ost	an	ıy so	11.		Each	10	100
12	to	15	ft		 	 \$1.25	\$9.00	\$80.00
							8.00	70.00
8	to	10	ft		 	 .80	7.00	60.00
6	to	8	ft		 	 .70	6.00	50.00

American (P. occidentalis). American Plane or Buttonwood. A well-known, spreading tree, common throughout the United States.

European (P. orientalis). Erect-growing tree, with bright green foliage and beautifully mottled trunk.

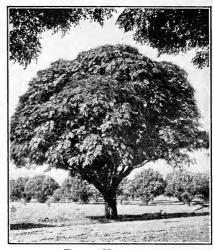


THORN (Crataegus). Grow in almost any soil; abundant flowers in spring, are followed by showy fruits in fall. Each 10

Double White (C. monogyna alba plena). Small, double, white flowers and lustrous green leaves.

English Hawthorn (C. monogyna). Small tree with spreading, spiny branches; flowers single, white; fruit scarlet.

Single Pink Thorn (C. monogyna punicea). Flowers in clusters, single, varying in color from pink to rose.



TEXAS UMBRELLA

	(Liriodend				
	glossy,				
greeni	sh-yellow,	tuli	p-shaped	flowers.	

													10
8	to	10	ft	 							.\$	1.00	
6	to	8	ft									.75	
4	to	6	ft									.60	\$5.00

WALNUT (Juglans). American Black and California Black. (See pages 13-14.)

WILLOW, Golden (Salix vitellina aurea). A handsome tree, branches golden yellow. Each

Osier (S. viminalis). A low-growing tree, valuable for basket-making and tying.

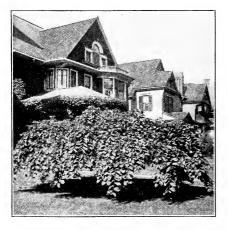
Each 10

6 to 8 ft....\$0.60 \$5.00

> Each . \$2.00

WEEPING DECIDUOUS TREES

The weeping trees stand in a class by themselves and are particularly effective when used as specimens on a lawn or when grouped along the outer edges of larger-growing trees. They are budded or grafted on straight stems of the same species at a height of 6 to 8 feet from the ground.



Camperdown Weeping Elm

ASH.		_	4					
6	to	8	ft	٠.	•	٠	٠	
Eur	ope	aı	n Weeping (Fraxinus		e	x	c	4

pendula). A fine lawn and arbor tree. Golden Weeping (Fraxinus excelsior aurea pendula). Has bright golden yellow bark.

IRCH, Cut-Leaved Weeping (Betula alba pendula laciniata). Has a silvery white bark and slender, drooping branches with deeply laciniated foliage. 6 to 8 ft.....\$1.50

ELM, Camperdown Weeping (Ulmus scabra pendula). Branches of uniform weeping pendula). Branches of uniform weeping habit, overlapping regularly; leaves dark, glossy green. Each 10 6 to 8 ft. \$1.50 \$12.50

LOCUST HISPIDA (Topgrafted). Weeping type of the Rose-Flowering Locust, topworked at 6 feet on the Common or Black Locust. Each 6 to 8 ft.....\$1.50

APLE, Wier's Cut-Leaved (Acer saccharinum Wieri laciniatum). One of the most beautiful trees with cut foliage. MAPLE,

											Each	10
8 :	to	10	ft.								\$2.00	\$15.00
											1 50	

MULBERRY, Teas Weeping (Morus alba Tatarica pendula). One of the most graceful and vigorous weeping trees; the slender branches drooping parallel to the trunk. SOPHORA, Weeping (Sophora Japonica pendula). Regular and graceful habit; leaves deep, dark glossy green. Each 10 \$12.50 THORN, Weeping (Crataegus monogyna pendula rosea). A pretty, drooping tree with pink flowers. 6 to 8 ft.....\$1.50 walnut (Juglans regia pendula). This is one of the most beautiful of the weeping trees. It is grafted on California Black Walnut 6 feet from the ground. In addition to its beauty as an ornamental tree, it produces very fine, large, thin-shelled English Walnuts Each Walnuts. tions. Baron de Solomon. The most rapid growing of all Weeping Willows. Very re-Each cent introduction.

6 to 8 ft.....\$1.00



TEAS WEEPING MULBERRY

New American (S. Babylonica dolorosa). Large, glossy leaves and very pendulous habit.

			Each	10
12	to	15	ft\$1.25	\$10.00
10	to	12	ft	7.00
8	to	10	ft	6.00
6	to	8	ft	5.00

DECIDUOUS SHRUBS

\$8.00

Double

BHCIBC	$\overline{}$
ALTHEA, or Rose of Sharon (Hibiscus synacus). Of the easiest cultivation and wilarge, delicately hued, bell-shaped flowe appearing very profusely during the surmer months. Each 1 4 to 5 ft	ther:
Amplissima. White, violet throat. Argentea Variegata. Variegated. Carnea Plena. Pink. Duchess de Brabant. Dark red. Monstruosa. White. Sims Double Violet. Violet.	
APPLE, Flowering Crab (Pyrus). Low growing trees, admirable for lawn or len ing color to low shrubbery. Each 1 4 to 6 ft \$0.50 \$4. 3 to 4 ft 40 3. Floribunda. Single carmine and white.	d 0 0
Single carmine and white.	

Kaido. Single white and pink.

Medwietzkyanas. Double red.

white.

Spectabilis alba flore pleno.

Spectabilis rosea flore pleno. Double rose. RALIA, Japonica (Chinese Angelica Tree). Resembles Aralia Spinosa, but much hardier. Each 10 6 to 8 ft.....\$0.75 \$6.00 \$7.50 6.00 BARBERRY.

ARBERRY. Each 10
4 to 6 ft. \$0.60 \$5.00
3 to 4 ft. 50 4.00
Common (Berberis vulgaris). Handsome distinct foliage and yellow flowers, succeeded by red berries.

Purple-Leaved (B. atropurpurea). A pretty shrub with purple foliage.

BUCKTHORN (Rhamnus catharticus). fine, very robust shrub, with large, dull green, rough foliage; blooms in April, succeeded by numerous small fruits. \$5.00

6 to 8 ft.....\$0.60 4 to 6 ft.......50

CHAMAECERASUS alberti (Upright Honeysuckle). A small, upright bush, with narrow leaves, glossy branches, and fragrant flowers. Each 10 1 to 2 ft.....\$3.00 pink flowers.

Deep Double Pink. Light Double Pink. Single White.

colutea Arborescens (Bladder Senna). Has yellow pea-blossomed flowers in June, followed by reddish pods. Each 3 to 4 ft. \$0.50

CORCHORUS, Japanese rose (Kerria Japonica). Double rose-like flowers of the deep-Each 10 yellow. Each 10 4 to 6 ft.\$0.50 \$4.00 est yellow.

CORYLOPSIS spicata (Flowering Hazel). An

CRAPE MYRTLE. Strong-growing shrubs,

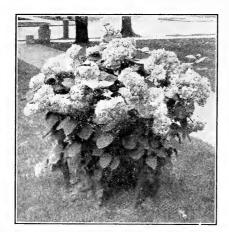
EXCEPT WHITE

Pink (Lagerstroemia Indica rosea). Flow-

ers pink; very free bloomer.

Purple (L. Indica purpurea). Flowers deep purple.

White (L. Indica alba). Flowers very much crimpled and ruffled. Each 2 to 3 ft.....\$1.00



HYDRANGEA HORTENSIS

TIIDRANGEA TIORIENSIS
DEUTZIA. A very attractive, free-flowering shrub, with long flower racemes. Each 10
4 to 6 ft
Crenata candidissima (Double White). Flowers double; pure white.
Gracilis Rosea. Dwarf; flowers light rose.
Lemonei. Very free flowering, flowers pure white.
Scabra (Rough-leaved). Flowers white; bell-shaped.
Purplish branches and greenish white flowers, followed by small, black berries. Each 4 to 6 ft
ELDER (Sambucus). Each 10 6 to 8 ft
in clusters.
Cut-Leaved (S. nigra laciniata). Leaves deeply cut.
Silver Variegated (S. nigra argentea). Leaves edged silvery white.
ERYTHRINA crista-galli (Coral Plant). The flowers are bright brilliant crimson color, like immense peas. Flowers profusely from early spring till late in fall. A grand flowering shrub. Each 10 Strong roots\$0.50 \$4.00
EUONYMUS Europaeus (Strawberry or Spindle Tree). A small tree or shrub bearing medium-sized, scarlet berries. Each 10 6 to 8 ft. \$10.000 \$5.00
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell). Each 10 4 to 6 ft
Suspensa (Drooping Golden Bell). Foliage deep green; flowers bright yellow; branches slender, drooping.
Suspensa Fortunei (Fortune's Golden Bell). Similar to the preceding, but of more vigorous, upright growth.
Viridissima. An upright grower with narrow, dark green leaves and golden yellow flowers.

HALESIA diptera (Silver Bell). Leaves bright green; pure white, bell-shaped flow-

HYDRANGEA. There is nothing so effective as the Hydrangea for grouping. Their luxuriant foliage and rich, delicate flower

globes render them very attractive.

3 to 4 ft.....\$0.75

Each

```
their height.
      Avalanche.
                             Large heads of pure white
    flowers.
       Potted, 12 to 15 inches........$0.75

Bouquet Rose. Flowers rosy pink. Each 8 in boxes, 12 to 15 inches......$0.75
       Hortensis. Has large, dark green leaves
   and globular heads of rose-colored flowers.
       Each 10
8 in boxes, 12 to 18 inches. $0.75 $6.00
Madam Renault. One of the new vari-
    eties. Blooms large; carmine rose color.
          Each 10
12 to 18 inches.....$1.00 $7.50
       Mile. Agnes Barrilet. Larger bloom than
   Thos. Hogg, strong grower, blooms creamy
   white. $0.75 to 18 inches. $0.75 Immense
   Otaksa (Giant-Flowered). Immense
blooms of a pleasing shade of pink; heads
12 to 15 inches in diameter not uncommon.
Each 10
8 in boxes, 12 to 18 inches. $1.00 $7.50
   8 in boxes, 12 to 18 inches...$1.00 $7.50
Thomas Hogg. One of the hardiest;
flowers pure white; profuse bloomer.
          Each
Potted. 6 to 12 inches.....$0.75
                                                                       $6.00
   Paniculata grandiflora. Immense heads, cream colored in bud; pure white, changing to pink and bronze with age. Each 10 Potted, 12 to 18 inches.....$0.40 $3.00
LEMON VERBENA (Lippia citriodora). The old-fashioned favorite shrub, with long, narrow, pointed leaves, which emit a delightful fragrance Each 10 4 to 6 ft. $0.50 $4.00 $3 to 4 ft. 40 $3.00
LIGUSTRUM (Privet). Fine, rapide-growing shrubs; good for hedges, or for training as specimens.

4 to 6 ft.

4 to 6 ft.

4 to 3.00

2 to 3 ft.

California (Ovalifolium).

A pyramidal shrub with bright green, narrow leaves; producing white flowers in June.

Ciliatum. Dwarf, dense shrub, with short
   Ciliatum. Dwarf, dense shrub, with short, rigid branches; leaves dense, glossy, dark green, leathery; flowers white, in erect, compact clusters.
   Ciliatum variegatum. Similar to the preceding except that the leaves have a yellowish variegation, pink when young.
                                                           Each
   ceding with white flowers.
   GRAFTED AND BUDDED VARIETIES
                                                         Each
                                                                       $4.00
      3 to 4 ft.....$0.50
      Persica Laciniata. Pale lilac, cut-leaved.
MOCK ORANGE (Philadelphus). Very vig-
orous shrubs with handsome foliage; flow-
ers white, with orange-blossom fragrance.
                                                        Each
   Grandiflorus (Large-Flowered).
                                                               Slender,
   twiggy habit, with fragrant flowers.
   Inodorus (Scentless). Spreading branches, coated with brown bark; flowers very large,
   white, scentless.
```

prices of the following plants are regulated by the number of branches rather than by



PHILADELPHUS-MOCK ORANGE See page 32

OINCIANA Gilliesii (Bird of Paradise). Adapts itself to the poorest soils. Flowers light yellow, pea-shaped, 2 inches long, with brilliant, protruding, red stamens, appearing all summer Each 10 POINCIANA

POMEGRANATE (Punica). These fine shrubs do particularly well in California; flowers are very double and appear all through the season, followed by brilliant, showy fruits. Except Dwarf Varieties. See Price.

Each 10 100

4 to 6 ft......\$0.50 \$4.00 \$30.00

3 to 4 ft.........40 3.00 25.00

Double Scarlet (Punica rubra). Rapidgrowing shrubs; flowers deep, double scar**let**

Double White (P. alba). Flowers double, creamy white.

Mme. Legrelle (P. Legrellei). Very fine,

large, scarlet flowers, edged with yellow.

Dwarf Scarlet (P. nana rubra). A very handsome small shrub with beautiful double scarlet flowers; fruits brilliant red, very showy, but not fit to be eaten.

Dwarf White (P. nana alba). Very similar in habit to the preceding; flowers are double, yellowish white.

Potted 114 to 2 ft 50.75

Potted, 1½ to 2 ft.....\$0.75

RHODOTYPOS kerrioides (White Kerria). Has deeply veined leaves and white flowers, followed by small, black berries. Each 1½ to 2 ft.......................\$0.40

SMOKE TREE (Rhus cotinus). A low-growing, shrubby tree, with clusters of feathery flowers, giving the appearance of a cloud of smoke. Each

6 to 8 ft.....\$0.75 4 to 6 ft.....

SNOWBALL. Very attractive, free-flowering Each 10 2 to 3 ft.....\$0.40

Common (Viburnum Opulus sterilis). Produces an abundance of pure white, globular flowers in May and June.

(V. tomentosum Japanese plicatum).

SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpos).

2 to 3 ft.....\$0.50 \$4.00

Racemosus. Has small pink flowers and large white berries which hang in clusters the greater part of the winter.

Racemosus Variegatus. Same as above, except foliage is variegated.

PIREA (Spiraea). Medium-sized shrubs, embracing a wide range of growth, color of flowers and season of blooming. Of easy SPIREA culture. Each 10

3.00

Except Anthony Waterer. See Price.

Billardii alba (Billard's). White flowers in dense spikes; blooms nearly all summer.

Reevesiana (Bridal Wreath). Well-known, graceful, arching branches and round clusters of white flowers. Blooms in May.

Van Houttei (Van Houtte's). Similar to the Bridal Wreath, but of far more graceful habit. Blooms in April.

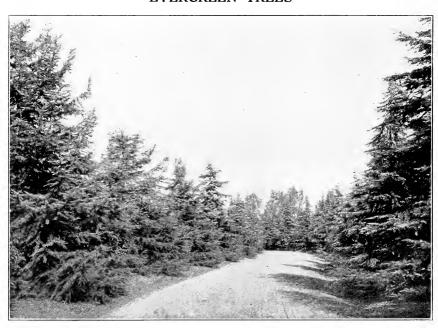
Anthony Waterer (Crimson Spirea). New. A strong grower; a free bloomer; an ideal pot-plant; a grand Spirea. Each 10, 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.40 \$3.50



FLOWERING QUINCE

SUMACH (Rhus). Few shrubs are more picturesque. Their beauty lies in the gorgeousness of their foliage. Each 8 to 10 ft. \$0.75	TREE PEONY (Paeonia moutan). Intro- duced from Japan. The flowers are enor- mous in size, numerous and gorgeous in color. Blooms in April. Each In pots\$2.00
Glabra laciniata (Cut-leaved). Leaves very large, deeply cut, and turning to a rich Each red in autumn. Each 4 to 6 ft. \$0.75 3 to 4 ft. .60	VITEX agnus castus (Chaste Tree). A small tree with palmate leaves, scented like lavender. Pale lilac flowers. Each 10 6 to 8 ft
TAMARIX (Tamarisk). Elegant, fine-flowering and handsome foliage plant; thrives in all soils. One of the best plants for subduing shifting sands. Each 10 6 to 8 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 4 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Gallica (French Tamarisk). Foliage exceedingly fine and feathery; flowers pink, small, very numerous.	shrubs, from Japan; bloom after lilacs. Each 10 4 to 6 ft
Germanica (German Tamarisk). Compact growth; leaves bluish green, minute; flowers light pink. Tamarix Hispida (T. Kashgarica). New. Very vigorous, upright grower; leaves bluish green; flowers bright carmine-red.	gated silvery white; flowers nearly white. XANTHOCERAS sorbifolia (Chinese Flowering Chestnut). Leaves pinnate; flowers white. 4 to 6 ft

EVERGREEN TREES



An Avenue of Cedrus Deodara See page 36

We invite inspection of our evergreen stocks, as it often happens we have an as-sortment of large sizes in specimen plants on which it is difficult to make quotations in this

list.
This list includes trees that do not shed

all their foliage at one time, thereby remaining green after deciduous trees are bare.
All stock quoted in tubs, cement pots and boxes are specimens which have been well established in their containers.

ACACIAS

Although there are some 400 species of Acacia, we have confined ourselves to varieties of well-known merit, the uses of which are enumerated below. The Acacia finds the

most favorable conditions to its development in California.

Armata (Kangaroo Thorn). A spreading shrub, with yellow flowers; excellent for grouping. Each 10

Potted, 4 to 5 ft.....\$0.50 Potted, 3 to 4 ft................40 \$4.00 3.50

Baileyana. A fine specimen or avenue tree; blooms earliest of all; lemon-yellow flowers. One of the hardiest. Each 10

\$10.00 7.50 6.00 5.00

Podalyriaefolia.

10

\$5.00 4.00

and unusually

Each

 \mathbf{Rare} striking; foliage large, bluish green.

Potted, 2 to 3 ft.....\$0.80 \$7.50 Pycnantha (Golden Wattle). Rapid growth, leaves long and narrow, flowers fragrant, brilliant yellow, in pendulous clusters. Potted, 4 to 5 ft......\$0.60 Potted, 3 to 4 ft.......50

ARAUCARIA Bidwilli (Bunya Bunya Tree). A magnificent tree; branches in regular whorls, closely set with spiny, deep green leaves; handsome for lawn, and by far the finest and most attractive of all evergreen

Golden (T. orientalis aurea). Elegant variety, regular habit; foliage beautifully tinged with gold in the spring.

Rosedale. Dwarf, very compact, foliage delicate and glaucous. Best suited for for-

Weeping (T. filiformis pendula). Weeping variety, with pendulous, thread-like branches; foliage light yellowish green.

mal planting and cemeteries.



Cultriformis (Knife-leaved). A s m a l l tree; leaves triangular shaped; blooms profusely; flowers deep yellow. Hardy. 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft		trees. Each 10 14-inch box, 6 to 7 ft\$6.00 12-inch box, 5 to 6 ft\$6.00 8-inch box, 2 to 3 ft 2.00 \$17.50 8-inch box, 1½ to 2 ft 1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 3.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 2.50 Excelsa (Norfolk Island Pine). One of the handsomest. Pyramidal in form and very symmetrical; very desirable for interior decoration. Adapted to outdoor culture only in the coast counties.
Cultriformis (Knife-leaved). A s m a 11 tree; leaves triangular shaped; blooms profusely; flowers deep yellow. Hardy. 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to	Acacia Mollissima	Each 12-inch tubs, 5 to 6 ft\$5.00 8-inch tubs, 4 to 5 ft4.00
Dealbata (Silver Wattle). A rapid-growing tree; feathery foliage; golden yellow flowers in February. Very hardy. Potted, 4 to 5 ft \$0.60 \$5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 50 4.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft 35 3.00 Decurrens (Green Wattle). One of the best for parks or avenues; leaves feathery, dark green; flowers whitish yellow, appearing in May; upright habit; hardy. Potted, 6 to 7 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 60 5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 40 3.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 40 3.00 Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beautiful street tree, of pendulous habit; long, narrow leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping. Each 10 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 50 4.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 50 4.	fusely; flowers deep yellow. Hardy. Each 10 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft\$0 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$40	Potted, 4 to 5 it
flowers in February. Very hardy. Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.60 \$5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 35 3.00 Decurrens (Green Wattle). One of the best for parks or avenues; leaves feathery, dark green; flowers whitish yellow, appearing in May; upright habit; hardy. Potted, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 40 3.00 Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beautiful street tree, of pendulous habit; long, narrow leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping. 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50 4		growth. Color rich, deep green. Each Pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$3.00
Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.60 \$5.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 50 4.00 best for parks or avenues; leaves feathery, dark green; flowers whitish yellow, appearing in May; upright habit; hardy. Potted, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Pot	ing tree; feathery foliage; golden yellow	Imbricata (Monkey Puzzle). A fine tree
dark green; flowers whitish yellow, appearing in May; upright habit; hardy. Potted, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 40 3.00 Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beautiful street tree, of pendulous habit; long, narrow leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping. 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 50.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50	Potted, 4 to 5 ft	green, broad, thick, pointed and overlap-
Potted, 5 to 6 ft 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 50 4.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 40 3.00 Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beautiful street tree, of pendulous habit; long, narrow leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping. Each 10 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 40 3.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft 40 3.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 30 2.50 Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; valuable for grouping; long, glossy green leaves; flowers golden yellow. Each 10 8-inch box, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Reinch box, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Reinch box, 5 to 6 ft \$0.75 \$6.00	best for parks or avenues; leaves feathery, dark green; flowers whitish yellow, appear-	Potted, I It 1.00
Floribunda (A. Neriifolia). A beautiful street tree, of pendulous habit; long, narrow leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping. 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 30 2.50 Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; valuable for grouping; long, glossy green leaves; flowers golden yellow. Each 10 8-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. \$0	Potted, 6 to 7 ft	for massing or borders, also for hedges and windbreaks. Each 10 Boxed, 6 to 8 ft\$5.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	street tree, of pendulous habit; long, nar- row leaves and bright yellow flowers. Fine for grouping.	Boxed, 4 to 5 ft
Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; valuable for grouping; long, glossy green leaves; flowers golden yellow. 8-inch box, 6 to 7 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$0.35 3.00 Melanoxylon (Australian Black Wood). A strong grower; one of the best for parks	Potted, 4 to 5 ft	Special prices on application on specimen boxed plants, larger than listed above.
Melanoxylon (Australian Black Wood). A strong grower; one of the best for parks	Latifolia. Of a spreading habit; valuable for grouping; long, glossy green leaves; flowers golden yellow. Each 10 8-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$0.75 \$6.00 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 40 3.50	American (T. occidentalis). A native species known as the White Cedar. Foliage bright green, yellow-green beneath; brown and bronze in winter. Ellwangeriana (Tom Thumb Arborvitae). A dwarf, compact-growing variety. Ever Golden (T. orientalis semperaures-
6-in. box, 5 to 6 ft75 6.00 \$50.00 Globosa Viridis. Very dwarf and com Potted, 6 to 7 ft75 6.00 45.00 pact. Rounded, ball-like form. Desirabl Potted, 5 to 6 ft60 5.00 35.00 for specimens and formal planting.	Potted, 3 to 4 ft	the year round. One of the best. Gigantea (Plicata). Branches spreading, regularly and closely set; foliage bright green, dark green beneath. The bark is brownish red and very attractive. Globosa Viridis. Very dwarf and compact. Rounded, ball-like form. Desirable

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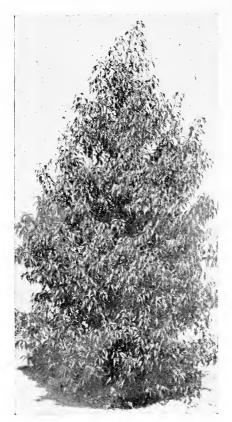
\$5.00 4.00

Each

Mollissima (Black Wattle). One of the finest, foliage feathery, dark green; flowers

Potted, 4 to 5 ft. ...\$0.60 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. ...50 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. ...35

yellow, appearing in early spring.



Brachychiton VICTORIAN BOTTLE TREE

RACHYCHITON (Sterculia acerifolia). Flame Tree. Of pyramidal habit, with large, light green, deeply lobed, maple-like leaves. This is a very popular and desirable tree for street and lawn planting. Not BRACHYCHITON very hardy.

Diversifolia (Victorian Bottle Tree). Α magnificent avenue tree with graceful, tapering trunk. Foliage bright, glossy green, deeply lobed; shape changes throughout the season.

Populneum (Poplar-Leaved). preceding; leaves poplar-shaped.

Prices of Diversifolia and Populneum:

	Each	10
Boxed, 15 to 18 ft		
Boxed, 12 to 15 ft		
Bare Roots, 6 to 8 ft		\$15.00
Bare Roots, 5 to 6 ft		12.50
6-inch box, 3 to 4 ft		10.00
6-inch box, 2 to 3 ft	1.00	7.50

CALIFORNIA BIG TREE (Sequoia gigantea). A magnificent park, avenue or specimen tree, of pyramidal form: lower branches sweeping the ground. Foliage bluish green, completely covering the branches. This is the "Big Tree of California." Each 10

Balled,	5	to	6	ft	.\$4.00	
Balled,	4	to	5	ft	. 3.00	\$25.00
Balled,	3	to	4	ft	. 2.50	20.00
Balled,	2	to	3	ft	. 2.00	15.00

CALIFORNIA LAUREL or Bay Tree (Umbellularia). A very rapid-growing tree,

with glo	ssy, ob	long	leaves	and fo	oliage e	mit-
ting an						Each
	ed, 2					
	ed, 1½					
Pott	ed, 8	to 1	L2 in			.75

CALIFORNIA REDWOOD (Sequoia sempervirens). A valuable ornamental tree of rapid growth and of a tapering pyramidal habit. Leaves dark green with two pale bands beneath. The seed-cones, measuring 1 inch or less in length, are borne on long, drooping stems. Timber world famous.

					Cach	10
Boxed,	8	to	10	ft:	\$7.00	
Balled,	6	to	7	ft	5.00	
Balled,	5	to	6	ft	2.50	
Balled,	4	to	5	ft	2.00	\$15.00
Balled,	3	to	4	ft	1.25	10.00
Balled,	2	to	3	ft	1.00	7.50
Potted,	2	to	3	ft	.75	6.00
Potted,	$1\frac{1}{2}$	to	2	ft	.60	5.00
Potted.	1	to	11/6	ft	.50	4.00

CALLITRIS AUSTRALIS. Resembles our native Red Cedar. Conical in form and very dense habit. Desirable as a specimen Each Potted, 8 to 12 inches.....\$1.00

CAMPHOR TREE (Camphora officinalis). most symmetrical ornamental tree, thriving in poor soil; foliage bright green. Well in poor soil; foliage bright green. adapted for lawn, street and avenue plant-Each 10 \$12.50

8-inch box, 6 to 7 ft. \$1.50 6-inch box, 5 to 6 ft. 1.25 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 1.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 75 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 60 10.00 7.50 6.00 5.00

CASUARINA (The Beefwoods). Native of ASUARINA (The Beetwoods). Native of Australia; extremely hard, of reddish color, hence the name. A valuable tree for the coast as well as for the interior. Fine for avenues and hedges. Requires heavy pruning.

Each 10

Stricta (C. quadrivalvis). Is of more erect habit than the preceding, but does not grow so tall.

Of majestic habit; valu-CEDAR (Cedrus). able for planting grounds or avenues, where shade is not an object. Will succeed all

er California.		Each	10
Tubs and boxes,	10 to 12	ft.\$8.00	\$70.00
Tubs and boxes,	'8 to 10	ft. 7.00	60.00
Tubs and boxes,	6 to 8	ft. 6.00	50.00
Tubs and boxes,	5 to 6	ft. 5.00	40.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft		3.00	25.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft		2.50	20.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft		2.00	15.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft		1.50	12.50

Note prices on Rare Varieties.

Atlantica (Mt. Atlas Cedar). A handsome pyramidal tree; silvery green foliage; branches have an upright tendency.

Atlantica glauca (Mt. Atlas Silver Cedar). Similar to preceding, irregular straggling when young, later becoming symmetrical. A striking and most beautiful tree.

Deodara (Himalayan, or Indian Cedar). Exceedingly handsome; drooping branches and silvery green foliage; very popular. The most rapid-growing of all cedars.

Deodara verticillata glauca (Blue Cedar). Very picturesque; branches rather irregular and clothed with silvery blue foliage; very distinct.

Libani (Cedar of Lebanon). Vigorous, compact growth; foliage dark green.

•
RARE VARIETIES.
Atlantica pyramidalis. Shrub or tree of pyramidal habit, with ascending branches. Each
12-inch tub, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 1.50 Deodara aurea (Golden Variegated). Of striking habit; foliage tipped golden.
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$2.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft2.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft1.50 \$12.50
Deodara viridis (Green Cedar). Of grace- ful habit; foliage rich, lustrous green. Each 10
Balled, 6 to 7 ft \$5.00 Balled, 6 to 6 ft 4.00 30.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 3.00 25.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.50 20.00 Deodara robusta. A type of the Deodara with much longer leaves, very rigid.
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
CEPHALOTAXUS Fortunei (Cluster-Flow- ered Yew). Graceful tree with Yew-like foliage; plum-like fruit in clusters.
Boxes, 5 to 6 ft. \$4.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 12.50 6-inch boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 7.50 6-inch boxes, 1 to 2 ft. 75 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 75
$\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Drupacea.} & A \text{ low bush with stiff, spreading branches.} & Each & 10 \\ & Balled, 2 \text{ to } 3 \text{ ft.} & & \$1.50 & \$10.00 \end{array}$
CHORISIA Samni (Cotton Tree). A spiny tree, very ornamental. Striking on account of its fluffy, cotton-like seed-pods. Each 10
Each 10 Potted, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Potted, 2 to 3 ft
CRYPTOMERIA Japonica (Japan Cedar). Large, elongated, pyramidal tree, with straight, slender, tapering trunk; fern-like, upward spreading branches. Each 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 \$7.50 Potted, 1 to 2 ft. 60 5.00 Japonica elegans (Elegant Japanese Ce-
Japonica elegans (Elegant Japanese Cedar). Low, dense tree, with horizontal and pendulous branchlets; leaves soft; bronzy crimson in fall and winter. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 1.00 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. 75
CYPRESS (Cupressus). This includes nu-

CYPRESS (Cupressus). This includes numerous varieties well adapted to California, all having aromatic foliage. Not particular about soils, but prefer deep, sandy loams.

				Each	10
Tubs and	boxes,	12 to	15 ft	.\$8.00	
Tubs and	boxes,	10 to	12 ft	6.00	
Tubs and	boxes,	8 to	10 ft	4.00	
Tubs and	boxes,	7 to	8 ft	3.00	
Tubs and	boxes,	6 to	7 ft	2.50	
Tubs and					
Balled, 6	to 8 ft			. 2.00	\$15.00
Balled, 5	to 6 ft			. 1.25	10.00
Balled, 4	to 5 ft			. 1.00	7.50
Balled, 3	to 4 ft			75	6.00
Potted, 3	to 4 ft			60	5.00
Potted, 2	to 3 ft			50	4.00
6-inch bo					6.00
6-inch bo	x, 3 to	4 ft		60	5.00
Macrocar					
12 in.,	\$2.50 p	er 100	; \$20	.00 per	1,000.
Note pri	ices on	Rare	Vai	rieties.	

Arizonica (Arizona Cypress). Rare, slender, pyramidal; foliage pale, glaucous green, brown in winter.

Funebris (Funeral Cypress). A noble tree, with wide, drooping branches.

Goveniana (Goven's Cypress). Of erect growth, forming a handsome crown.

Knightiana. Rapid grower; foliage glaucous green.

Lambertiana Lutea. Spreading branches, foliage yellow.

Lawsoniana (Lawson Cypress). Graceful and conspicuous; branches horizontal, slightly pendulous; foliage dark green. Fine for grouping or single specimen.

Lusitanica. Of spreading habit, with pendulous branchlets; leaves glaucous.

Macrocarpa Guadalupensis (Blue Cypress). Branches spreading; foliage silvery blue; fine for grouping.

Macrocarpa (Monterey). One of California's famous trees; foliage grayish green; desirable for hedges.

Sempervirens fastigiata (Italian Cypress). Tall, tapering; branches erect, growing parallel with trunk; branches frond-like; leaves smooth, deep green.

RARE VARIETIES, LAWSON TYPES

	Each	10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	\$1.50	\$12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	1.25	10.00
6-inch box, 2 to 3 ft	1.25	
Potted, 3 to 4 ft		
Potted, 2 to 3 ft	1.00	

Lawsoniana Coerulea Glauca. A Lawson type with foliage of immensely glaucous tint.

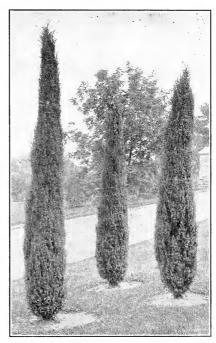
Lawsoniana erecta viridis (Erect Green Lawson Cypress). Upright, dense columnar habit; bright green foliage.

Lawsoniana lutea (Yellow Lawson Cypress). Young foliage clear yellow.

Lawsoniana Triomph de Boskoop. A superb variety of recent introduction. Foliage bluish green. Finest coloring of the Lawson types.

son types.

Lawsoniana Youngii. One of the new varieties introduced from France. Erect grower, foliage glaucous green. Fine for specimen planting.



ITALIAN CYPRESS



LAWSON CYPRESS See page 37

EUCALYPTUS (The Gum Tree)

The tree is a native of Australia and serves The tree is a native of Australia and serves a variety of purposes—for example, it is often planted in damp, swamp places, where it acts as a sort of drain, absorbing excess moisture and frequently improving an otherwise malarial locality. The ornamental value of the Eucalyptus is considerable; its merits should not be overlooked. should not be overlooked.

All varieties planted in flats contain about 100 plants to the flat. As it is necessary to cut the flat in case a smaller quantity is ordered, part flats will be charged at 1½ cents per tree higher than the hundred rate.

Each 10 6-inch box, 6 to 8 ft.\$0.60 \$5.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft.... 50 4.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft.... 40 3.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft.... 30 2.50 Transplanted in flats, 10 to 12 \$1.75 per 100; \$16.00 per 1,000. \$40.00 30.00 25.00 12 inches, Note prices on Rare Varieties.

Corynocalyx. Beautiful, upright grower; distinct, bright, shiny leaves; timber very durable. A graceful avenue tree.

Crebra (Narrow-Leaved Iron Bark).

tremely hardy; stands great extremes of heat. Wood hard, elastic; very heavy.

Globulus (Blue Gum). Broad, bluish leaves when young. More extensively planted than any other variety; wood when polished resembles hickory. Valuable for wagon work, bridges, tool-handles, and as firewood.

Polyanthema (Red Box). A fine avenue tree; leaves round, silvery; a late bloomer, not subject to drought and cold. A fine avenue

Robusta (Swamp Mahogany). Well adapted to low ground; foliage deep, glossy green; immense clusters of white flowers fall and winter; desirable for bee-

Rostrata (Red Gum). Remarkably rapid grower. Wood takes a handsome finish and is desirable for interiors. Called "Red

Mahogany." Valuable for ties, fence posts.

An excellent avenue tree, of very rapid growth, and withstands both heat and cold. Wood hard and close-grained.

Tereticornis (Forest Red Gum). Fully as rapid a grower as the Rostrata; timber somewhat more durable.

Viminalis (Manna Gum). Very hardy; of rapid growth; fine avenue tree, with long, graceful, festoon-like branches.

RARE VARIETIES OF EUCALYPTUS

6-inch box, 6 to 8 ft	Each . \$0.75					
Potted, 5 to 6 ft		5.00				
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	50	4.00				
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	40	3.00				
Except Ficifolia.						

Bosistiana Botryoides Citriodora Cajaputea Callophylla Cornuta

Hemiphloia Leucoxylon Leucoxylon rosea Melliodora Resinifera Sideroxylon rosea

Ficifolia (Crimson-Flowering). A unique type; dwarfish habit, large, dark green leaves and great clusters of brilliant scarlet flowers. Seed-cones so large they are often used for pipe bowls.

Potted, 3 to 4 ft.....\$1.50 Potted, 2 to 3 ft......1.00

FICUS elastica (Rubber Tree). Popular for indoor decoration; leaves large, dark, glossy green above, yellow beneath. Has a habit of staying bright and attractive even when neglected; is hardly practicable outdoors except along southern coasts. Each Each

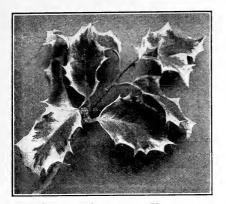
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50
Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft. 1.00

Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig). Hardier than the above, with somewhat smaller leaves; valuable for indoor and outdoor planting.

Each



GREVILLEA ROBUSTA See page 39



Golden Variegated Holly

REVILLEA robusta (Silk Oak). Very graceful, fern-like leaves; of rapid growth; covered with bronze-yellow flowers in early summer. Resists drought; stately for avenue and lawn.

	Each	10	100
6-inch box, 6 to 7	ft.\$0.80	\$7.50	\$60. 00
Potted, 5 to 6 ft	70	6.00	50.00
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	60	5.00	40.00
Potted, 3 to 4 ft	50	4.00	30.00

HOLLY, European (Ilex aquifolium). A small tree; shining, dark green, thorny leaves; bright red berries in winter. Each 10 10-inch box, 2 to 3 ft...\$1.50 \$12.50 10-inch box, 1½ to 2 ft... 1.25 10.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft... 1.00 7.50 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft... ... 75 6.00 Also the following are varieties of greenleaved Holly, varying from the European in shape of leaves:

Handersoni Maderiensis Shepardii

Golden Variegated. We have imported a number of Holly with variegated foliage. They are all fine types of the varieties. Potted, 2 to 3 ft.....\$1.50 8-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft.....1.00

mimosaefolia. Symmetrical JACARANDA tree; fern-like leaves; flowers blue or violet, 5.00

JUNIPER (Juniperus). Hardy and ornamental; of pyramidal or columnar habit; for hedges and windbreaks. Each 10

tal; of pyramidal or columnar hat hedges and windbreaks. Each Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft., \$4.00 Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft. ... 3.00 Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft. ... 2.50 Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft. ... 2.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. ... 2.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. ... 2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. ... 1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. ... 1.25 \$12.50 10.00 Note prices on rare varieties.

Bermudiana (Bermuda Juniper). A very beautiful tree; foliage pale, bluish green.
Communis (Common). A shrub with spreading branches, foliage grayish green, very dense; valuable as a ground cover.

Irish (J. communis Hibernica). An erect, dense, conical tree.

Japan (J. Japonica). Of pwith grayish green foliage. Of pyramidal habit,

Large-Fruited (J. Neaboriensis). Dense, pyramidal outline; foliage bluish green; leaves spiny.

Savin (J. Sabina). Low shrub; trailing branches; foliage dense, dark green.

Virginiana (Red Cedar). Usually pyramidal; foliage green or bronze-green.

RARE VARIETIES

Chinensis Procumbens (Japanese	
ing Juniper). Valuable for rock w	ork. A
striking variety.	Each
Balled, 2 ft	\$2.00
Japan Golden (J. Japonica	
Spreading habit; foliage beautiful g	
	Each
10-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft	
Balled, 1% to 2 ft	1.50

Variegated (J. Sabina variegata).

LIBOCEDRUS (Incense Cedar). A valuable park and lawn tree, of pyramidal form; foliage bright green. Each 10 Each

age bright green. Bach
Boxed, 8 to 10 ft. \$6.00
Boxed, 6 to 8 ft. 5.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft. 2.50
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25 \$20.00 12.50 10.00

Chilensis (Chilean Cedar). Silvery foliage; broad, drooping branches, ascending towards the summit, and quite erect at top.

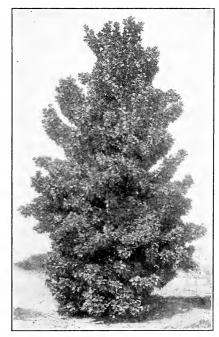
Chilensis viridis (Green Chilean Cedar). Of same general type, but light green foliage. A magnificent evergreen.

Decurrens (Incense Cedar). Distinct, erect, compact; stout trunk, and bright, glossy green leaves.

LOQUAT (Eriobotrya). See page 20.

ADRONA (Arbutus Menziesi). Foliage thick, leathery, bright green; bark smooth, brownish red; flowers white, fragrant; MADRONA white berries. Each Potted, 1 to 1½ ft.....\$1.50

MAGNOLIA. One of the grandest of broadleaved evergreens; flowers fragrant, 10 to 12 inches across. Blooms abundantly in May and June, succeeded by cone-like fruits, bearing seeds of deep coral-red in October.



Magnolia Grandiflora

MAGNOLIA—Continued	
Grandiflora (Bull Bay). Foliage thick, brilliant green on the upper surface, and rusty underneath; flowers pure waxy white. Each 10	
Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 ft. \$7.00 Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft. 5.00 Tubs and boxes, 4 to 6 ft. 3.00 \$25.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 3.00 \$25.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. 2.50 20.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2.00 15.00	
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 2.00 15.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 12.50 Gloriosa. Strong grower, foliage large, thick and incurved. A very free bloomer.	
thick and incurved. A very free bloomer. Each 6-inch box, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$1.50 6-inch box, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft1.25	
Grandiflora Exoniensis (Exmouth Mag- nolia). Hardiest of Magnolias; begins blooming young; flowers large, pure white, double. Each	
8-inch box, 3 to 4 ft\$2.50 8-inch box, 2 to 3 ft2.00	
OAK (Quercus). The evergreen oaks are among our most picturesque trees; recommended for parks and avenues. Each 10 Boxed, 6 to 8 ft	
Potted, 4 to 5 it	
California Live Oak (Q. agrifolia). The well-known majestic evergreen, growing abundantly along the shores of San Fran- cisco Bay.	Downwage, Drive Veryow Drive
Cork (Q. Suber). Upright; outer bark furnishes cork of commerce. A rapid grower and admirably adapted for avenue,	Ponderosa Pine, Yellow Pine Excelsa. Handsome tree with drooping,
park and street. Holly-Leaved (Q. Ilex). Medium; up- right growth; beautiful for grouping	silvery foliage. Hardy. Halepensis (Aleppo Pine). A fine variety, with dense, bluish foliage.
Each Potted, 4 to 5 ft\$1.25 Potted, 3 to 4 ft	Laricio (Corsican Pine). Erect; branches tend to curve round the tree; leaves long, dark green.
ORANGE, Seville (Citrus amara). Leaves deep green, aromatic; flowers white, frafrant; fruit bitter. This is the sour orange; extensively used as stock for budding. Each Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00	Maritima (Cluster Pine). A beautiful tree; leaves stiff, twisted, bright, glossy green. From Southern Europe; of variable habit. Valuable for the seaside. Ponderosa (Yellow Pine). A great timber
PARKINSONIA aculeata (Jerusalem Thorn). A rare and beautiful thorny tree, with needle-like leaves; f e a the ry, drooping branches and yellowish flowers. Each 10	tree. Rapid grower, perfectly hardy. Radiata (Monterey Pine). Leaves slender and dark green. Well adapted to coast regions.
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft50 4.00 PEPPER TREE (Schinus Molle). A most	Strobus (Weymouth Pine). Very tall trees; branches horizontal, in regular whorls; leaves soft, bluish green.
picturesque park, avenue or shade tree. Feathery foliage, yellowish white blossoms followed by rose-colored or deep red berries.	Sylvestris (Scotch Pine). Of robust growth, with pendulous branches; leaves bluish green.
Each 10 100 6-inch box, 6 to 7 ft\$0.80 \$7.00 \$60.00 Potted, 6 to 7 ft70 6.00 50.00 Potted, 5 to 6 ft60 5.00 40.00	Torreyana (Soledad Pine). Branches spreading or ascending; leaves rigid, dark green.
Potted, 4 to 5 ft	RARE VARIETIES Banksiana. Branches slender; spreading;
PINE (Pinus). An important timber tree; usually tall, spreading, pyramidal or round-topped. Valuable for parks, gardens and massing.	very hardy. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 12.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 7.50
Balled, 8 to 10 ft. \$2.50 \$20.00 Balled, 6 to 8 ft. 2.00 15.00 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. 1.50 12.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 10.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 7.50	Montana (Swiss Mountain Pine). Hand- some, spreading, low-growing; bright green leaves. Each Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. 1.25
Note Rare Varieties. Austriaca (Austrian Pine). Robust, hardy, spreading; leaves rigid, dark green;	Muricata (Coast Pine). Native of California. Tree medium size, spreading
thrives in exposed situations. Coulteri (Bull Pine). Stout branches.	branches, flat top, reddish bark. Each Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft75 6.00
drooping below and ascending above, form a loose, pyramidal head. Canarlensis (Canary Island Pine). A	Pinea (Parasol Pine). Branches spreading, usually clustered at top of tree.
rapid-growing, handsome pine. Leaves slender, spreading and pendulous, dark green.	10-inch box, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.25

RETINOSPORA SPORA Ericoides (Japanese Cy-Dwarf; foliage bright green above, glaucous beneath; ruddy in winter.

Each Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft....\$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.....1.25 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft.....1.00 \$10.00 7.50

SCIADOPITYS Verticillata (Umbrella Pine). Branches in regular whorls; leaves deep green, lustrous. A fine lawn tree; not adapted to the interior valley; does well on the coast. Each
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft. \$2.00
Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25

SPRUCES AND FIRS (Abies)

In habit of growth the Spruces are very similar to the Firs, but the branches stand out from the main stem more horizontally, and not so closely together. Distinguished from the Firs mainly by their drooping cones and linear, flat leaves on the upper side of the branches; the Firs have their needles short and scattered all around the branches. Each 10

Note Rare Varieties.	
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 1.00	
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.50	
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 2.50	\$20.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 3.00	
6-inch boxes, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft 1.50	
6-inch boxes, 2 to 3 ft 2.00	
Boxed, 2 to 3 ft 3.00	
Boxed, 3 to 4 ft\$4.00	
Each	10

Alba (White Spruce). Foliage silvery gray; strong aromatic odor when bruised.

Douglasi (Douglas Spruce). \mathbf{A} growing native tree of symmetrical habit.

Excelsa (Norway Spruce). A lofty, rapid branches of graceful, drooping habit; very hardy.

Firma (Japanese Fir). Stately tree rapid growth. Branches stout and flexible. Menziesii (Sitka Spruce). Similar to White Spruce; foliage rich blue or sage color.

Nobilis (Red Fir). A well-known fir of Oregon and Washington. Foliage green above, silvery beneath.



COLORADO BLUE SPRUCE

Nordmanniana (Nordmann's Silver Fir). Very symmetrical; foliage massive, dark green, glossy above, slightly glaucous be-Does well in the interior valleys.

Pectinata (European Fir). noble spreading branches; broad, silvery foliage.

Pinsapo (Spanish Silver Fir). Very regular and symmetrical in habit; leaves bright green above, silvery beneath; adapted to warm climates.

RARE VARIETIES

Pungens Glauca (Colorado Spruce). Branches in regular whorls, gradually receding toward top, and forming a conical outline. Leaves vary from green to silvery white. Thrives in dry climates.

Pungens Glauca Kosteriana (Colorado Blue Spruce). A form of preceding. The most beautiful for garden or lawn; foliage silvery blue.

14-inch	box.	, 2	to	3	ft.	 	 		 \$3.50
6-inch	box	, 11/2	to	2	ft.	 	 		 1.50
Balled.	2	to 3	ft			 	 		 3.00
Balled,	11/2	to 2	ft	٠.			 		 2.00

STERCULIA. See Brachychiton.

THUYOPSIS. The Japanese Thuyas. Beautiful conifers, thriving best in moist, cool climates; stand extreme cold.

Borealis (Nootka Sound Cypress). 120	
feet. Very desirable; pyramidal habit, with	1
light, glossy green foliage. Each	1
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft\$3.00	0
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 2.50	0
10-inch box, 3 to 4 ft 2.00	ð
10-inch box, 2 to 3 ft 1.50	O
Balled, 5 to 6 ft	ð
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	0
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50	J

Balled, 3 to 4 t.....

Dolobrata (Hatchet-Leaved Arborvitae).

Leaves shining green above, silvery beEach 10 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft......\$1.00 \$7.50

Dolobrata variegata (Variegated Axe-Leaved Arborvitae). Similar to above; end of branches tipped with pale yellow.

Each Balled, 1½ to 2 ft.....\$1.00

TORREYA (Nutmeg Cedar). Beautiful Yewlike trees; well adapted to California ditions.

Nucifera (Japan Nutmeg). Branches reg-

ular whorls. Yew-like; leaves leathery, dark green. Bark bright red, contrasting strongly with the foliage.

UMBRELLA PINE. See Sciadopitys.

EW (Taxus). Very desirable for park planting; densely clothed with dark green. Wood heavy, hard, close-grained, strong, elastic, reddish. Each 10

Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft..\$3.50 Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft.. 2.50 **.** Balled, 3 to 4 ft..... 2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 3 to 3 ft. 1.50
Potted, 2 ft. 1.60
6-inch boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50
6-inch boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25 12.50

Baccata (English Yew). Slow gr densely branched, spreading head; Slow growth; green leaves.

Dwarf Golden (T. elegantissima). One of the most valuable dwarf, golden-leaved evergreens; new leaves bright straw color.

Irish Pyramidal (T. baccata fastigiata). n upright-growing variety; deep, dark Αn green foliage.

Variegated Pyramidal (T. baccata fasti-giata variegata). Same habit as above, but with part of the foliage striped and mar-gined with silvery white or pole attack. with silvery white or pale strawgined colored blotches.

EVERGREEN SHRUBS

ABELIA grandiflora (Hybrid Abelia). Of straggling growth; small, whitish pink, fragrant, tube-like flowers all summer.
straggling growth; small, whitish pink, fra-
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft 1.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft 1.50 \$12.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.00 7.50
Potted, 10 to 12 in
ARALIA papyrifera (Rice Paper Plant). Small tree or shrub; leaves large, deeply
Small tree or shrub; leaves large, deeply
lobed, light green above, downy beneath. Each
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
palmate leaves. Each
Cement pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$2.00
Potted 10 to 19 inches
Sieholdii variegata (Japanese Variegated
Aralia). Similar to preceding: leaves
broadly marked with creamy white. Each
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00
Potted, 1½ to 2 It
Sieboldii (Japanese Aralia). Large, glossy palmate leaves. Each Cement pots, 1½ to 2 ft\$2.00 Cement pots, 1 to 1½ ft\$5.00 Potted, 10 to 12 inches\$5.00 Sieboldii variegata (Japanese Variegated Aralia). Similar to preceding; 1 e a v e s broadly marked with creamy white. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.50 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$1.25
ARBUTUS Unedo (Strawberry Tree). Foliage dark green; blooms in fall and matures
edible fruits, identical in appearance with
strawberries.
Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$1.50
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 1.00
AUCUBA Japonica (Variegated Japanese Laurel). Leaves large, distinctly speckled
Laurel). Leaves large, distinctly speckled
with golden yellow. Each Potted, I to 1½ ft. \$0.75 Japonica aureo-maculata (Gold Dust Laurel). A form of the above, with yellow
languiga aurea-magulata (Cold T) u.s.t
Laurel). A form of the above, with vellow
spotted leaves. Each
spotted leaves. Each Tubs, 2 to 3 ft\$1.50
AZARA microphylla. A graceful shrub, with dark, shining green leaves; flowers greenish yellow, succeeded by orange-colored berries.
dark, shining green leaves; flowers green-
ish yellow, succeeded by orange-colored
berries. Each 10
Balled, 4 to 5 ft
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00
berries. Each 10 Balled, 5 to 6 ft. \$2.00 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft75 \$6.00
BERBERIS Darwini (Darwin's Barberry). A
BERBERIS Darwin (Darwin's Barberry). A spreading shrub, with thick, leathery foliage; flowers orange-yellow, very fragrant, followed by dark purple fruit. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
followed by dark number fruit Fach 10
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$1.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Ilicitolia (Holly-Leaved Barberry). Of
let in fall. Each 10
Balled, 2 to 3 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
tow, dense growth, brilliant red fruits, sear- let in fall. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft
BOX (Buxus). Shrubs of dense, slow growth, with shining foliage; valuable for grouping, lawn decoration and hedge purposes.
lawn decoration and hedge purposes. Each 10
Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft\$3.00
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft 2.50
Tubs and hoves 2 to 3 ft 200
10-men box, 2 to 5 it 1.25
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft., 2.50
Cement pots, 1½ to 2 ft. 2.00
Cement pots, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft 1.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00 \$15.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50 12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50 12.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.25 10.00
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft 1.00 7.50
Except Suffruticosa.
Balearica. A handsome shrub, foliage
light green. Sempervirens (Tree Box). Large shrubs
of dense habit: small foliage
Sempervirens arborescens. Tall shrub or
small tree. Suitable for tall hedge.
Sempervirens argentea-marginata (Silver

Sempervirens argentea-marginata (Silver Striped-Leaved Box Tree). Of the same habit as the above, but with silvery-striped

leaves.



TRAINED BOX

Sempervirens aurea (Golden-Leaved Box Tree). Leaves striped and variegated with golden.

Handsworthii. Erect grower, noted for the size and symmetry of foliage.

Sempervirens rotundifolia. Foliage large, golden. Fine for single specimens.

Sempervirens suffruticosa (Dwarf Box). Small bush, with glossy, roundish leaves; extensively used for edging.

	Eacn	10	100
Cement pots, $1 \text{ to } 1\frac{1}{2} \text{ ft.}$	\$2.00		
10-inch boxes, 1½ to 2 ft	1.50		
6-inch boxes, 6 to 8 inches		\$5.00	
Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. Balled, 6 to 8 in.	1.00	7.50 3.50	\$30.00

BROOM (Cytisus). Will succeed in almost any soil or situation. The large, pea-shaped flowers appear in the spring, followed by small pods; leaves rounded elongation of the stem.

the stem.

Alba. With slender, erect, grooved branches, and white flowers. Each 10

Potted, 1 to 2 ft...........\$0.50 \$4.00

TREES, SINOSS, EVENC	THEMS, ROSES
Andreana (C. scoparius Andreanus). New. A beautiful variety. Flowers golden yellow, rich, velvety purple and crimson wings. 6-inch boxes, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 Potted, 10 to 12 inches40 \$3.00 Scotch (C. scoparius). Drooping branches; covered in spring with bright yellow, pea-shaped flowers. Each 10 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft \$0.35 \$3.00 Spanish (C. Hispanica). An uprightgrowing shrub; flowers yellow, on long, drooping, leafless branches. Each 10 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft \$0.35 \$3.00 BURNING BUSH (Crataegus Pyracantha). A thick, thorny shrub, foliage small, rich bronzy, glossy green color; white flowers, followed by masses of crimson berries, per-	CARRISA Grandiflora. A striking flowering shrub. Flowers have a strong Jasmine odor, succeeded by scarlet edible fruits; foliage glossy green. Each 10 Balled, 10 to 12 inches. \$0.50 \$4.00 \$CASSIA Artemesoides. A very strong growing shrub with narrow, linear leaves; flowers deep yellow; withstands drought. Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.40 \$3.00 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. \$0.40 \$3.00 Balled, 1 to 15 ft. \$0.40 \$3.00 Balled, 1 to 15 ft. \$0.40 \$3.00 Balled, 1 to 5 ft.
sisting all winter. All of this family is very hardy and withstands the coldest weather.	CEANOTHUS azureus. Flowers pale blue, leaves bright green above, downy beneath. Balled, 3 to 4 ft
CAMELLIA Japonica. Beautiful winter-flowering evergreens, with dark, glossy green foliage and magnificent waxy flowers of various colors. Potted, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.25 to \$1.50 Double Pink. Blooms early; one of the best. Double Red. Flowers very double; largest size; beautiful red. Double Red and White. Flowers double red, striped white; free-flowering. Double White. Produces abundance of large, pure white, double flowers. CARPENTERIA Californica. Native shrubs with pure white, fragrant flowers. Adapted to the driest locations. Potted, 1½ to 2 ft	CHERRY, Evergreen. Very ornamental bush or small tree, with shining, dark, glossy green, holly-like foliage. The racemes of white flowers being followed by large red or black-purple cherries. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft \$1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft 60 \$5.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft 40 3.50 California Evergreen (Cerasus illicifolia). With brilliant foliage, lighter than Holly. Found in the lower foothills of California. Broad-Leaved (C. integrifolia). Similar to preceding; leaves larger, with few spines; flowers more numerous and fruit larger. CHOISYA ternata (Mexican Orange). Lowgrowing shrub; glossy, bright green, fragrant leaves and abundant, snowy, sweetscented flowers during the entire season. Each 10 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft \$0.75 \$6.00 Potted, 10 to 12 in 50
	CHRISTMAS BERRY (Heteromeles arbutifolia). A native shrub of California, grow-



CARPENTERIA CALIFORNICA

Danieu, 10 to 12 menes
CASSIA Artemesoides. A very strong growing shrub with narrow, linear leaves; flowers deep yellow; withstands drought.
Balled, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft\$0.40 \$3.00 Balled, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft30 2.50
Corymbosa (White Senna). An elegant shrub with yellow flowers. Each 10 Potted 3 to 4 ft\$0.40 \$3.00
Corymbosa (white Seniar). An elegant shrub with yellow flowers. Each 10 Potted 3 to 4 ft
CEANOTHUS azureus. Flowers pale blue, leaves bright green above, downy beneath.
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 Potted, 1 to 2 ft
Gloire de Versailles (Hybrid Ceanothus). Desirable late-flowering shrub, with large, blue flowers. Thyrsiflorus (California Lilae). A splen-
did variety, with fine, dark green foliage; flowers light blue.
CESTRUM aurantiacum. Free-flowering evergreen shrub; covered all summer with orange-colored flowers. Each Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.40
or small tree, with shining, dark, glossy green, holly-like foliage. The racemes of white flowers being followed by large red or black-purple cherries. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 60 \$5.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft. 40 3.50
With brilliant foliage lighter than Holly
Found in the lower foothills of California. Broad-Leaved (C. integrifolia). Similar to preceding; leaves larger, with few spines; flowers more numerous and fruit larger.
CHOISYA ternata (Mexican Orange). Low- growing shrub; glossy, bright green, fra- grant leaves and abundant, snowy, sweet- scented flowers during the entire season. Each 10
Potted, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft $\frac{\$0.75}{10.75}$ $\frac{\$6.00}{10.75}$ Potted, 10 to 12 in
CHRISTMAS BERRY (Heteromeles arbutifolia). A native shrub of California, growing abundantly in the coast counties, and thriving equally well in the interior. The red berries, which hang from November to February, are highly valued for decorative purposes. Each 10 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
colletia CRUCIATA. Curious shrubs, with elliptic, flattened, prickly spiny leaves. Covered in spring with small white flowers. Fine single specimen plants. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 75 \$5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft 50 4.00
Potted, 2 to 3 ft
CORONILLA glauca. Pretty evergreen shrub, covered with yellow flowers in summer; fragrant in daytime, scentless at night; foliage glaucous green.

CORONILLA—Continued
Glauca variegata. Similar to the preceding, but leaves are mottled yellow.
Each 10
Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 \$7.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
COTONEASTER. Low, dense-growing shrubs, suitable for rockeries; thrive in any
sintus, suitable for fockeres, three in any good, well-drained soil. Each 10 10-inch boxes, 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50 6-inch boxes, 1 to 1½ ft50 4.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.25 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft75 6.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft60 5.00 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft60 5.00
10-inch boxes, 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50
6-inch boxes, 1 to 1½ ft50 4.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25
Balled, 14 to 2 ft
Potted, $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 ft
10tted, 0 to 12 m 3.00
Horizontalis. Branches stout, almost horizontal; large, rose-colored flowers;
leaves small, turning bright red in fall.
Microphylla. Flowers small, white, fol-
lowed by bright red berries in the fall and
winter.
DAPHNE odora (White-Flowering). Low-
growing; dark, glossy foliage and very fra- grant white flowers in winter.
Variegated (D. odora variegata). Similar
to above; leaves variegated and flowers
pink. Each
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft\$1.50
DAPHNIPHYLLUM macropodum. Effective
shrub; large, broad, leathery leaves. Each Potted, 3 to 4 ft\$0.75
·
DATURA arborea (Angel's Trumpet). Large shrub or tree: leaves 6 to 12 inches long.
shrub or tree; leaves 6 to 12 inches long, covered with fine "powder." Flowers



Euonymus—Duc d'Anjou See page 45

The state of the s
DEERINGIA celesoides. Pretty, graceful shrub; light green foliage. Celesoides variegata. Slender-growing shrub; white-margined leaves and long
spikes of white flowers in summer.
Balled, 4 to 5 ft\$1.25
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft
DENDROPANAX Japonicus. Very unique and attractive; has maple-like leaves, white flowers and small, round berries. Each Potted, 3 to 4 ft\$1.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft75
DIOSMA ericoides (Breath of Heaven). Foli- age heath-like; agreeably fragrant; flowers white, small, star-shaped; used in floral work. Plant hardy; very easily grown
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.60
DURANTA plumieri (Golden Dew Drop), Blue flowers, oddly striped in great profu- sion all summer, followed by yellow berries. Each 10
Boxed, 3 to 4 ft\$1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.00 \$7.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Boxed, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 \$7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 75 6.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft 6-inch box, 10 to 12 in60 5.00
ELAEAGNUS (The Evergreen Oleasters). Highly ornamental; foliage handsome; do well in any ordinary soil, and particularly well in the interior. Each 10
well in the interior. Each 10 Boxed, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Boxed, 2 to 3 tt. \$2.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25 \$10.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 1.00 7.50 Potted, 10 to 12 in
Potted, 10 to 12 in50 4.00
Reflexa pungens (Bronze Oleaster). Spreading shrub, bronzy brown branches; leaves glossy green above and silvery beneath.
Reflexa maculata (Golden-Leaved Oleaster). Foliage blotched golden yellow.
Reflexa variegata (Variegated Oleaster). Of same habit as two preceding, except leaves margined yellowish.
ESCALLONIA. Very free-flowering shrubs from South America. Thrive in almost any soil.
Alba. Shrub of erect habit; foliage dark green, glossy; flowers loose in panicles, white. Balled, 1 to 2 ft\$0.75
Balled, 1 to 2 ft\$0.75 6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft50 \$4.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft60
Montevidensis. Erect bush, cylindrical
branches; roundish, dark, glossy leaves; flowers white, all summer.
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 Parted 3 to 4 ft. 1.25
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 1.25 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00
Rosea. In general, same as preceding; flowers light pink. Each 6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft
Rubra. Branches erect, hairy; dwarf; shining green leaves, bright red flowers. Each 10
Potted, 10 to 12 inches\$0.40 \$3.00
EUGENIA. Shrub or low-growing tree, very closely related to the Myrtle. Desirable as specimen plants and for hedges. Each 6-inch box, 2 to 3 ft\$1.25 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft
Apiculata. Thick, dark green leaves; small, fragrant. Myrtle-like flowers in abundance.

Myrtifolia (Australian Bush Cherry). Glossy leaves; quantities of small, double white flowers.

EUONYMUS.	Very	desira	ble f	or heds	es;
stands prunir	ıg wel	l; vari	egate	d varie	ties
are very effe	ctive v	vhen p	lante	d alone;	01
easy culture.	Heigh	its, 3 to	o 8 ft	io ob	10

\mathbf{E}	ach	10
Cement pots. 3 to 4 ft\$	2.50	
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft	2.00	
Cement pots, 1½ to 2 ft	1.50	
6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft		\$ 5.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	2.00	15.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	1.50	12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	1.25	10.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft	.75	6.00
Potted, 8 to 12 in	.40	3.50

A fine, spreading variety with Alatus. A fine yellowish flowers.

Japonicus (Evergreen Euonymus). Dense, upright; leaves dark, lustrous green.

Japonicus, Duc d'Anjou (Golden-Blotched uonymus). Foliage light green, outer Euonymus). edges variegated, golden yellow band.

Japonicus aureus (Golden-Leaved Euonymus). Prized for its golden foliage.

Japonicus albo-marginatus (Silver-Margined Euonymus). Compact growth; leaves have narrow white margin.

Japonicus argenteo variegatus (Silver Variegated Euonymus). Upright; silvery var riegated foliage.

RARE VARIETIES

Japonicus microphyllus (E. pulch Dwarf; small, deep green leaves. pulchellus). \$6.00

4.00 Japonicus medio pictus. Moderate grower; leaves with yellow blotch in middle.

Japonicus President Gouthier. A splendid variety with large leaves, beautifully variegated creamy white.

Japonicus compacta viridis. (New.) very compact, erect-growing variety, with bright green leaves. th green leaves. Each
Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft......\$2.00
Tubs and boxes, 1½ to 2 ft...... 1.50 Each

FABIANA imbricata. A very erect-growing shrub with heath-like foliage and white, funnel-shaped flowers. \$10.00

FREMONTIA Californica (False Slippery Elm). A native shrub which should be more extensively cultivated. Found in the Coast Range and the Sierra Nevada Mountains. Very attractive when covered with tains. Very attractive when colorists golden yellow blooms in summer.

elliptica (The Quinine Bush). GARRYA Leaves elliptical, dark green; shining above, hoary beneath; orange-colored flowers; black berries. black berries. Each
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.25 \$12.50

Potted, 6 to 12 inches.....\$1.25

HABROTHAMNUS elegans (Coral Plant). Strong-growing shrub. Purplish red, trumpet-shaped flowers.

Faciculatum. Flowers of a deeper purplish red than the preceding. Each 10
Potted, 8 to 12 inches......\$0.30 \$2.50

HAKEA elliptica. Compact habit; older leaves glabrous, young shoots and leaves rusty bronze.

Saligna (Willow-like). Bushy shrub; leaves tipped crimson; flowers white.

Suaveolens (H. pectinata). Highly suited for hedges. Can be planted in dry locations. Flowers white. Each 6-inch box, 3 to 4 ft....\$1.00

HEATH, Mediterranean (Erica Mediterranea). Small and compact; leathery foliage, purplish pink flowers in spring. Each 10 6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft.....\$0.60 \$5.00



MEDITERRANEAN HEATH

HYPERICUM hircinum. Of bushy growth; more erect than the following. Each Potted, 8 to 12 inches......\$0.50 \$4.00

Moserianum (Gold Flower). Hardy; abundant single yellow flowers, 2 inches across; leaves dark green, ovate

Each 10 6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft....\$0.50 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft......60 Potted, 8 to 12 in......40 \$4.00 5.00

| LAUREL (Laurus). A fine decorative shrub for lawns or for grouping in parks. Each Boxed, 2 to 3 ft. \$2.50 Boxed, 1½ to 2 ft. 2.00 8-inch boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.25 Potted, 8 to 12 in. 50

Except Sweet Bay.

English (Laurus cerasus). Broad, shining leaves; great clusters of creamy white flowers; purple berries.

Portugal (L. lusitanica). Dwarfish, with glossy ďark leaves; flowers intensely fragrant at night.

Sweet Bay (L. nobilis). Upright; deep, dark green, fragrant leaves; covered in fall with shiny black berries. May be pruned or cropped into various shapes.

Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00 Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 2.50 Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 \$20.00 15.00 10.00

SWEET BAY, Trained Trees. Where formal effect is desired, nothing is more satisfactory than these specimens. Standards have straight stems 4 feet high, with

SWEET BAY—Conlinued crown trimmed to globular form. Pyramids trained in pyramidal form from base to leader; dimensions indicate diameter at base. Prices on application.
LAURUSTINUS (Virburnum Tinus). Abundance of white flowers in winter; valuable as a specimen plant; fine for hedges.
Each 10 Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft \$2.50 Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 2.00 Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 2.00 Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 1.50 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.25 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 75 6-inch boxes, 8 to 12 in 50 Except Variegated.
Grandiflorus (V. Tinus grandiflorum). Leaves and flowers much larger than pre- ceding.
Rotundifolia (V. Tinus rotundifolium). Leaves rounded, glossy green; flower heads very large; never sun-scalds. Variegated (V. Tinus variegatum).
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$
LEPTOSPERMUM laevigatum. A tall, grace-fully arching shrub with grayish green foliage, producing a great profusion of white flowers. Balled, 3 to 4 ft\$0.75 Balled, 2 to 3 ft60
LIGUSTRUM (Evergreen Privet). Ornamental shrubs or small trees, with shining
tall hedges
6-inch boxes, 1½ to 2 ft. \$0.75 \$ 6.00 6-inch boxes, 1 to 1½ ft60 5.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft1.25 10.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft1.00 7.50 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft75 6.00 Potted, 12 to 18 in50 4.00 Potted, 8 to 12 in30 2.50 Except Japonica and Robustum Va-
riegatum. Coriaceum (Privet). Dwarf; dense; short, rigid branches; leaves dark green, shining above.
Lucidum (Shining Privet). Of rapid growth and spreading habit; leaves leathery, light green.
Nepalense. An exceedingly strong, upright grower; light green leaves. Well adapted for hedges.
Sinense (Chinese Privet). Slender, spreading leaves, shining dark above, light beneath; bluish black berries covered with bloom.
Japonicum (Japanese Privet). Glossy, dark, leathery leaves; white flowers in clusters; purplish berries Each 10 100 Naked roots, 6 to 8 ft. \$1.00 \$7.50 Naked roots, 5 to 6 ft75 6.00 \$50.00 Naked roots, 4 to 5 ft60 5.00 40.00 Naked roots, 3 to 4 ft40 3.00
Robustum variegatum. A fine variety, with leaves variegated yellow. Each 10 6-inch boxes, 1 to 1½ ft\$0.75 \$6.00
MAHONIA aquifolium (Oregon Grape). Shining, purplish, prickly leaves; bright yellow flowers; berries blue-black. A native variety used for covert planting. Each $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Japonica (Japanese Mahonia). Very distinct; leaves about a foot long; clusters of bright yellow flowers in long racemes; requires shade in hot climates. Each 10-inch box, 1½ to 2 ft. \$1.50 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft. 1.00 Potted, 1 to 1½ ft

MAYTENUS boaria. A beautiful evergreen with pendulous branches and small, greenish flowers. Each Potted, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft. 75
MELALEUCA. These low-spreading shrubs are wonderfully well adapted to the interior valleys of California. Their free-flowering qualities, combined with their rapidity of growth, make them valuable acquisitions. Each 10
Boxed, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.00 Boxed, 3 to 4 ft. 1.50 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. 1.25 \$10.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 1.00 7.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 4 to 5 ft. 60 5.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 3 to 4 ft. 40 3.00 Alba. Flower white.
Armillaris. Flowers white. Decussata. Smooth leaves; lilac-colored flowers in August. Ericifolia. Flowers pale yellow; leaves leathery, spreading or recurved. Hypericifolia. Of spreading habit; flowers
red. Leucadendron (Cajuput Tree). Flowers white, in pendulous spikes; leaves long, lanceolate. A fine and very desirable shrub. Oppositifolia. Graceful foliage; scarlet flowers.
METROSIDEROS robusta. An odd shrub, covered with rich, crimson flowers, in dense racemes, in July. Semperflorens. Leaves thick, lanceolate, reddish when young; flowers in reddish spike; rather loose. Rapid grower.
Balled, 4 to 5 ft. \$1.25 Balled, 3 to 4 ft
MYOPORUM laetum. Quick growth; leaves large, glossy, oleander-like; small white flowers, pink berries. Grows well in nearly any soil. Potted. 14/2 to 2 ft
MYRTLE (Myrtus). Classic shrub, with handsome, aromatic foliage, and fragrant white flowers, which appear all summer; effective for grouping. Each 10 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.25 \$10.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 Balled, 1½ to 2 ft. 75 6.00 6-inch box, 1 to 1½ ft. 50 4.00 Potted, 8 to 12 in. 30 2.50 Common (Myrtus communis). Dwarf shrubs; lustrous green leaves. Does well in the interior valleys.
Common (Myrtus communis). Dwarf shrubs; lustrous green leaves. Does well in the interior valleys. Microphylla (Small-Leaved Myrtle).
Small, dark green foliage, set closely along

Microphylla (Small-Leaved Myrtle). Small, dark green foliage, set closely along branches. Fine ornamental shrub.



Mahonia Aquifolium



OLEANDER MADONI GRANDIFLORUM

NANDINA domestica. Dwarfish; restems; glossy green leaves and tall	
of white flowers. Masses of small re	
white berries. Each	10
Tubs, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00	
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft 3.00	.
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 2.50	
6-inch box, 1 to 1\% ft60	\$ 5.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50	12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.25	10.00
Potted, 6 to 8 in	2.50

OLEANDER (Nerium). Oleanders are particularly adapted to this climate; their deep green foliage and fragrant flowers of many colors, appearing all summer, combine to make most attractive decorative shrubs.

Each 10 100

Tubs, 4 to 5 ft	.\$2.00		
Tubs, 3 to 4 ft	. 1.50		
10-in. box, 3 to 4 ft	. 1.25		
10-in. box, 2 to 3 ft	. 1.00		
Balled, 4 to 5 ft	1.25	\$10.00	\$75.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft	1.00	7.50	60.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft	75	6.00	50.00
Potted, 1 to 1½ ft	40	3.00	
Jbum maximum. Si	ngle w	hite.	

Perfect white Oleander; Album plenum. flowers very double.

Atropurpureum duplex. One of the best doubles; deep carmine, streaked white.

Lillian Henderson. Double white; helio-

trope-scented. Madame Peyre. Double; ivory to straw color.

Mme. Planchon. Semi-double; rosy lilac. Madam Sarah Bernhardt. Immense truss; single, delicate white, streaked pink.

Madoni grandiflorum. Creamy semi-double; fragrant; strong grower.

Mrs. F. Roeding. Originated by us; strong grower; very hardy; flowers double, finely fringed, color of La France rose.

Nankin. Single; salmon-yellow; of dwarfish habit; best yellow.

Nankin Variegated. Leaves beautifully variegated; flowers double, light pink.

Professor Durand. Very double; changing from creamy yellow to deep amberyellow.

Purpureum. Single; deep carmine-crim-

son, shaded maroon.

Sister Agnes. Very large truss; single pearly white; very free-blooming.

Splendens giganteum. Double rose; very fragrant; largest of all Oleanders; blooms all summer.

LEA fragrans (Japan Fragrant Olive). Small tree; sweet; fragrant; both white and yellow flowered varieties. Blooms OLEA continuously during winter. Each
Potted, 2 to 3 ft......\$1.00

PHOTINIA serrulata. Leaves glossy green, assuming most beautiful tints in winter; flowers small, white, in large, flat corymbs, followed by bright red berries. Each 10

8-inch box, 4 to 5 ft. \$0.60
Bare roots, 4 to 5 ft. 1.50
Bare roots, 3 to 4 ft. 1.25
Bare roots, 2 to 3 ft. 1.00 \$ 5.00 10.00 8.00

ITTOSPORUM. Very ornamental, bright green and variegated foliaged plants, grow-ing either compact with spreading branches PITTOSPORUM. or upright.

Crassifolium (Thick-Leaved Pittosporum). Highly ornamental on account of glaucous foliage; valuable for windpale, g

Eugenioides. Upright grower; silvery, light green leaves; black stems; very fine for hedges. Each \$7.50 6.00 3.00 2.50

Phyllrocoides. Slender, graceiu like Weeping Willow; flowers yellow. Slender, graceful habit

6-inch box, 3 to 4 ft......\$1.25 6-inch box, 2 to 3 ft...... 1.00 \$10.00 8.00

Tobira (Japanese Pittosporum). Low-growing shrub, dark green leaves; fragrant flowers; pure white.

6-inch boxes, 1 to 11/2 ft... .60

Undulatum (Wavy-Leaved Pittosporum).

POLYGALA Dalmaisiana. Free-blooming; with rosy, pea-shaped flowers completely enveloping the plant all summer.

Each 10 6-inch box, 1½ to 2 ft...\$0.60 Balled, 3 to 4 ft......1.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.....1.00 \$ 5.00 12.50 7.50

RAPHIOLEPIS ovata. Compact-growing shrub; dark green leaves; white flowers in summer, followed by black berries.

Each \$4.00 7.50 6.00

HAMNUS alaternus. Very hardy shrub with smooth, shining green leaves and short racemes of small, greenish flowers. RHAMNUS alaternus. leaves and

Each ft.....\$1.50

ROSEMARY (Rosemarinus officinalis). Wellknown hardy shrub; used to make medici-Each nal tea.

Balled, 1½ to 2 ft......\$0.50 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft.......40 \$4.00 3.00 TEUCRIUM. Hardy plants with aromatic foliage; suitable for garden or rockwork.

 Balled, 4 to 5 ft.
 Each
 10

 Balled, 3 to 4 ft.
 1.00
 7.50

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.
 .75
 6.00

 6-inch box, 8 to 12 inches.
 .50
 4.00

Canadense. Useful for low grounds and moist borders; flowers purple to creamy.

Fruticans. Suitable for dry locations; leaves ovate; flowers blue. Has long blooming season.

Henryana. A remarkably vigorous grow-

er, with large, peculiarly variegated foliage.

VERONICA. Very showy, free-blooming plants, succeeding in any good garden soil in sunny location. Fine hedge plants.

Each 10

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft.
 \$1.00
 \$7.50

 Potted, 8 to 12 in.
 .60
 5.00

Andersonii variegata. Leaves glossy green, margined silvery; flowers violet-blue. Carnea. Leaves small; flowers red.

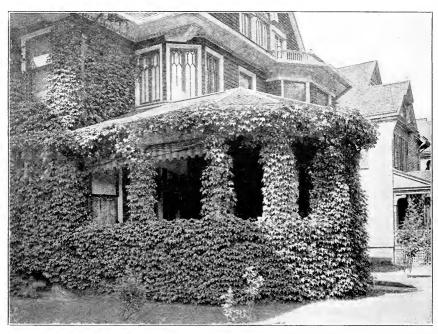
Elliptica. Leaves small, light green; flowers large, violet, changing to pure white.

Imperialis. Large, dense spikes of amaranth-red or crimson-purple flowers.

Each

Potted\$0.40 \$3.50

CLIMBING AND TRAILING PLANTS



AMPELOPSIS VEITCHII—BOSTON IV

Ampelopsis Veito	CHII—Boston IVY .
AKEBIA. Graceful, hardy climbers with twining stems. Each 10 Potted	Stricta sempervirens. Evergreen; clings well to walls; leaves smaller than Veitchii. Tricuspidata. Mich superior to the Virginia Creeper. Juage dense, very glossy. Its autumnal coloring is very beautiful.
Quinata (Five-Leaved Akebia). One of the hardiest; small, deep green foliage; violet-brown flowers; fruit dark purple.	ARISTOLOCHIA sipho (Dutchman's Pipe). Hardy, twining, deciduous vine; large, heart-shaped leaves and yellowish brown pipe-shaped flowers. Potted
AMPELOPSIS. Hardy deciduous tendril creepers; fine for covering stone walls, chimneys and fronts of houses. Each 10 Field grown	BIGNONIA. Beautiful plants with large, showy flowers of the most delicate shades and colors. Grandiflora (Trumpet Vine). Strong
Veitchii (Boston Ivy). Leaves glossy green; glorious autumnal coloring; flowers small; dense clusters of deep blue berries.	climber; large, orange-scarlet flowers; de- ciduous foliage. Each 10 Potted
Quinquefolia (Virginia Creeper). Common American Ivy; luxuriant foliage, assuming gorgeous colors in autumn.	grower; flowers extra large; beautiful shade of yellowish red; deciduous. Each 10 Potted
NEW VARIETIES OF AMPELOPSIS	Cherere. Flowers 4 inches long, blood-red, but yellow at base; one of the finest;
Each 10 Field grown \$0.60 \$5.00 Potted .50 4.00	evergreen; will not withstand much cold. Each 10 Potted\$0.50 \$4.00
Engelmanni. Shorter joints and more rapid growth than Quinquefolia.	Tweediana. Strong grower, clinging; small evergreen leaves; flowers canary-yellow; trumpet-shaped. Good for covering

Venusta. Vigorous grower; large, deep orange-colored flowers; will not withstand very much cold; evergreen. Each 10 Potted	A STA
BOUGAINVILLEA. A very showy class of climbers, requiring some protection during winter, in the interior.	
Glabra sanderiana. Evergreen climber; deep rosy flowers in abundance. Each Potted\$0.50	
Refulgens. Flowers blue. Each Potted\$0.50 Spectabilis. Leaves large, bright green:	
Spectabilis. Leaves large, bright green; flowers rosy magenta, of a lighter color than the preceding; very much showier. Each 10 Potted	
Spectabilis lateritia. Flowers larger than preceding, brick-red; very rare. Each Potted\$2.50	
CLEMATIS. Vigorous deciduous climbers; do best in light, loamy, well-drained soil. Duchess of Edinburgh. Flowers double,	
white; strongly imbricated; fragrant. Each Potted \$0.75 Flammula (Sweet Clematis). Slender,	
vigorous climber, prized for small, white, fragrant flowers. Hardy in the interior. Each	
Potted	J. S.
Potted	Bignonia Grandiflora See page 48
Montana (Mountain Clematis). Flowers white, dashed pink; very sweet; ideal for California.	FICUS repens (Climbing Fig). Evergreen climber; small, roundish, dark green leaves;
Potted\$0.40 Paniculata. Hardy Japanese climbers; clusters of small, fragrant, white flowers.	attaches itself to walls like ivy. Each 10 6-inch boxes \$0.50 \$4.00 Potted .40 3.00
Potted	HONEYSUCKLE (Lonicera). Comprise a number of well-known, hardy, climbing
COBOEA. Very profuse blooming; evergreen; very desirable for arbors and trellises.	vines. Each 10 Potted
Scandens. Flowers bell-like, violet purple; borne all summer. Each 10 Potted	Flowers yellow; fragrant; leaves netted and veined clear yellow; evergreen. Periclymenum (Woodbine Honeysuckle).
Scandens alba. Identical with the pre- ceding, except that flowers are white. Each 10	Flowers yellow, blotched red above; very fragrant; blooms all summer. Chinese (L. Standishi). Half evergreen,
Potted\$0.40 \$3.50	flowers white and pink; fragrant. Gigantea superba. Very vigorous grower.
DECUMARIA barbara (Climbing Snowball). Showy deciduous vine; climbing by aerial rootlets; blooms freely; flowers white, fra-	with large, downy leaves. Halliana Japonica (Japanese Honey-
grant. Each Potted\$0.50	suckle). Rampant evergreen climber; dark green, ovate leaves; flowers fragrant, white, changing yellow.
DOLICHOS lignosus (Australian Pea Vine). Rampant-growing evergreen; flowers pea- shaped; rosy purple. Each 20 40	Sempervirens. Rather slow growth; flowers very showy, red outside, orange inside. IPOMEA Leari (Blue Dawn Flower). Rapid
Potted\$0.40 Lignosus albus. Fully as rampant a grower as the preceding, but flowers are	grower; bell-snaped, deep lilac flowers in clusters of 12 to 30, opening in succession; a wonderful bloomer. Each 10
white. Each Potted\$0.50	Potted\$0.40 Gallon cans, extra strong60 \$5.00 IVY (Hedera). Few evergreen climbing
EUONYMUS Japonicus radicans argentea- marginatus (Variegated Trailing Euony- mus). Light green, silver-edged foliage.	plants will thrive under so many varying conditions as the Ivy. Each 10 Potted
Balled	Gallon cans, extra strong40 3.00 English (Hedera Helix). Large, thick, shining leathery leaves.
Japonicus radicans (Climbing Euonymus). Low, procumbent shrub with trailing or climbing branches, sometimes 20 feet long, Well adapted for covering wells recks or	Maculata major. Large leaves, spotted and striped yellowish white. Maderiensis var. Leaves edged white.
Well adapted for covering walls, rocks or trunks of trees, clinging by aerial rootlets. Leaves roundish, generally dull green above with whitish veins. Each 10	Variegated (H. variegata). Form of "Common English Ivy." Bright green leaves, margined and blotched, creamy shades.
Balled	Raegneriana. Handsome and distinct; leaves large, dark green, leathery.

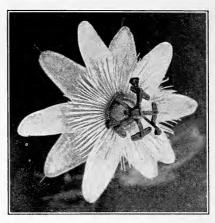
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10 \$3.00

Each

Field grown\$0.40 Potted30

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cluster	ed flower	s pur	e whit	e.		h t o
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pear.	ulium. N					
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of snow	white, f	ragra	nt flow	ers all	sun	nmer.
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	ted					\$2.50
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	as a spr			\$0	ach).35	10 \$3.00
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unique. Cape	nsis alba.	Pur	e white	e, form	of a	bove.
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Jasmin bloor	e). Ver ner; flo	y uni ower≈	que c	limber tfullv	fra.	ofuse
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	ted					
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climber	purplish Pods 1	rora filled r	vn nov with si	wers. Iky se	eds.	grand



Passion Vine

OLANUM jasminoides (Potato Vine). Rapid	
grower; dark green leaves; flowers white,	
yellow center. Each 10	
Potted\$0.40 \$3.50	
Wendlandii, Ranid grower: large, glossy	

green leaves; immense clusters of lilac-blue

SOLLYA heterophylla (Australian Blue Bell). Hardy evergreen climber; brilliant blue, tu-bular flowers. Each 10 Potted\$0.50

SWAINSONIA galegifolia albiflora. Flowers white, resembling Sweet Peas; very profuse bloomers, with delicate, bright green foliage and pure white flowers.

Galegifolia rosea. Same as preceding, but Each with pink flowers. Each
Potted\$0.35

TECOMA Beautiful, showy climbing plants, resembling Bignonias. Each Potted\$0.40 \$3.50

Australis. Rapid grower; elegant, thick, green foliage and white flowers in greatest profusion make it very desirable.

Capensis (Cape Honeysuckle). Flowers orange-red; about 2 inches long, in terminal

racemes.

Jasminoides (Australian Bower Plant). Bright glossy leaves; white flowers, shaded deep purple at throat.

Jasminoides alba. Very rare; similar to Jasminoides, but with white flowers.

Mackenii. Dark green leaves, funnel-shaped flowers; light pink, striped red.

Radicans (Trumpet Creeper). Similar to Bignonia grandiflora, but evergreen; flowers scarlet.

Stans. Erect growth; flowers fragrant, yellow; blooms all summer.

TRUMPET VINE. See Bignonia grandiflora.

VIRGINIA CREEPER. See Ampelopsis quinquefolia.

WISTARIA. One of the most desirable deciduous climbing plants.

Chinese Double Purple (W. Chinensis flore pleno). Long clusters of pale, double, blue flowers. Each 10

Chinese Purple (Wistaria Chinensis). Flowers pea-shaped, in pendulous clusters a foot long.

Chinese White (W. Chinensis albanese variety; pure white. Each Price	ch 10
Multijuga alba (Loose-clustere taria). Flowers white, fragrant, cemes.	in ra- Each

Multijuga Pink (Pink-Flowering taria). Same as preceding, but pink	Wis-
taria). Same as preceding, but pink	
ers; very rare.	Each
Price	.\$1.50
Multijuga Purple. Racemes longer looser than Chinensis; flowers small	r and
looser than Chinensis; flowers small	
,	Each
Price	.\$1.00

PALMS

No plants are more decorative, for indoors or out. The smaller and more tender varieties "set off" interior decorations, while the larger and hardier varieties are invaluable for garden, lawn and avenue. We carry a large stock in boxes, tubs and cement pots, which have been taken from the open ground and are well established. These can be used either for porch decorations or planted out in the open. Such plants give an immediate effect, and never go back, when transplanted.

All marked with an asterisk (*) are for indoors and conservatory decoration.

Baueri. A graceful and beautiful Foliage bright glossy green; very ARECA Baueri. palm. desirable house palm.

Sapida. More compact grower than the Pennated leaves heavier and preceding. Each broader.

Cement pots, 2 to 4 ft....\$2.50 to \$4.00

CHAMAEROPS. Hardy fan-leaved palms, with dark, hairy trunks, and very slender leaf stalks.

E Comment	ten 10
Tubs and boxes, 12 to 14 ft.\$25	5.00
Tubs and boxes, 10 to 12 ft. 15	5.00
Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft. 5	00
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft. 3	3.50 \$30.0 0
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 2	20.00
Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 2	2.00
Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft 4	.00
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft 3	3.00
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 2	2.50
Balled, 6 to 8 ft 3	25.00
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 2	2.50 20.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2	15.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1	50 10.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1	.00 8.00
Potted, 1½ to 2 ft 1	00
Potted, 8 to 12 in	.50 4.00

Excelsa (Windmill Palm). The hardiest we have; leaves fan-shaped, deeply cut, very symmetrical.

lumilis (Dwarf-growing Fan Palm). vided fan-shaped leaves; stems thorny. One of the hardiest.

Nepalensis. Resembles Excelsa in habit, but is more dwarf; leaves smaller, stiff, more rounded; leaf-stalk shorter and stouter; leaves deep, dark green.

NEW VARIETIES OF THE HUMILIS TYPE

Arborea	Canariensis	Gracilis
Argentea	Cochinchinensis	Robusta
Artosa	Farinosa	Spinosa
	Tomentosa	

Very graceful palms with curving pinnate leaves.

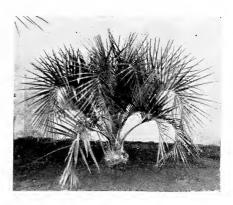
Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft. \$9.00
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 7.00
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft. 5.00
Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft. 5.00
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft. 5.00
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft. 4.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft. 4.00
Balled, 2 to 3 ft. 3.00 \$30.00 25.00

Australis (Pindo Palm). Slow-growing, graceful, hardy; leaves silvery green. Fine for small gardens.

Bonneti. Hardy; gray green; excellent for house culture.

Campestris. Similar to Australis except leaves more recurved and spiny.

quick smooth trunk; plumy, graceful leaves. Very extensively used in the southern part of Each the State for avenue planting. Tubs, 8 to 10 ft.....\$8.00



Cocos Australis

*CORYPHA australis. Handsome Fan Palm. Leaves dark green, petioles heavy; suitable for hall decoration. Each 12-inch tubs, 2 to 3 ft....\$2.50 \$6.00

CYCAS revoluta (Sago Palm). A magnificent plant; many beautiful, pinnate, dark green leaves, uncurling from the top of the stem like ostrich feathers. (These Palms are grown in pots and tubs only; quotations are based more on the number of fronds or leaves than on the size of the container.)

1	Each		
14-inch boxes\$8.00	to	\$10.00	
12-inch tubs 6.00	to	8.00	
10-inch pots 3.00	to	5.00	
8-inch pots 2.00	to	3.00	
6 and 7-inch pots 1.25	to	2.00	
4 and 5-inch pots 1.00	to	1.25	

ERYTHEA. Hardy Palms, with very large fan-shaped leaves, on long stalks. One of our best Palms. Each 10 Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft.. \$5.00 \$40.00 Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft.. 4.00 30.00 Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft.. 3.00 Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft.. 2.50 Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft..... 4.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft...... 2.50 Balled, 2 to 3 ft...... 2.00 15.00 10.00 Balled, 1 to 1½ ft..... 1.25



LIVISTONA CHINENSIS

Armata (Blue Palm). One of the most graceful and striking of Fan Palms; color of leaves gives the plant a silvery blue hue, Quite distinct and hardy.

Brandegei (Brahea Brandegei). New; tallest growing of fan-leaved Palms; hardy.

Edulis (Guadalupe Island Palm). Like California Fan Palm; stem slender, graceful; leaves deep green, no filaments.

JUBAEA spectabilis (White or Honey Palm) One of the hardiest; resembles Phoenix
but is more spreading and dwarf. Each
Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft\$6.00
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft 5.00
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 4.00
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft 5.00
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft 4.00
Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft 3.50
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
Balled, 2 to 3 ft
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.50

More extensively used for house KENTIA. decoration than any other Palm. Their stateliness and graceful, drooping foliage make them invaluable.

For extra large specimen plants, write for Each prices.

 Each
 Each

 Potted, 7 ft.
 \$8.00 to \$10.00

 Potted, 6 ft.
 7.00 to 9.00

 Potted, 5 ft.
 6.00 to 8.00

 Potted, 4 ft.
 5.00 to 7.00

 Potted, 3 ft.
 4.00 to 6.00

 Potted, 2 to 3 ft.
 2.00

 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft.
 1.50

*Belmoreana (Curly Palm). Valuable for house; elegant, pinnate leaves, stems gracefully arched. Large sizes are specimen

*Fosteriana (Thatch-Leaf Palm). Robust growth; for house culture only. Large sizes are specimen plants.

*LIVISTONA Chinensis (Latania Borbonica).

PHOENIX. The Date Palm. A very majestic family, with massive trunks and ascending, arching, pinnate leaves.

Except Roebelini see Special Price.

Each	10
Tubs and boxes, 10 to 12 ft.\$20.00	
Tubs and boxes, 8 to 10 ft. 15.00	
Tubs and boxes, 6 to 7 ft. 6.00	
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft. 5.00	• • • • •
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft. 4.00	
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 3.00	
Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 2.00	
Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft 5.00	
Cement pots, 3 to 4 ft 4.00	
Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 3.00	
Balled, 5 to 6 ft 3.00	\$25.00
Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50	20.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00	15.0 0
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.50	12.50
Canariensis (Canary Island Palm).	Hand-
somest of hardy Palms; leaves p	innate,

deep dark green; effective for lawns. Dactylifera (Fruiting Date Palm), Trunk slender; leaves decidedly upright; silvery green. Produces the date of commerce.

Leonensis. Strong grower; trunk thick and heavy. Fronds blue-green, spiny at base.

*Pumila. Dwarf; graceful, arching branches from slender trunk. Never more than 6 inches in diameter.

Reclinata (Dwarf Date Palm). Graceful, drooping leaves; handsome for avenues or lawns. Will not stand much cold.



CHAMAEROPS EXCELSA See page 51



KENTIA

Sylvestris (Wild Date Palm). Leaves long, arched, bluish green; similar to Date Palm of commerce.

*Roebelini. Introduced from Burmah. Slow grower and in shape similar to Canariensis except that leaves are finer. Very dainty in appearance. Leaves light green in color, with gracefully arched stems. Each

flabelliformis (Ground Rattan) Pretty, cane-like Palm, which suckers at roots like bamboo. Many-fingered, dark green leaves, at ends of reed-like stems.

Each Potted.....\$1.50 to \$5.00

*Humilis (Low-growing Palm). Similar to preceding; stems thicker and shorter and the palmated leaves are broader.

Each Potted.....\$1.25 to \$4.00 SABAL. The Cabbage Palms. A very hardy, graceful family; not very particular as to soils Each

 Soils.
 Each
 10

 Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft. \$5.00
 ...

 Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft. 4.00
 ...

 Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft. 2.50
 ...

 Balled, 4 to 5 ft. ...
 3.00
 \$25.00

 Balled, 3 to 4 ft. ...
 2.50
 20.00

 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. ...
 2.50
 15.00

 Potted, 1½ to 2 ft. ...
 1.50
 12.50

 Andansoni (Dwarf Palmetto).
 Leaves dark, rich green; smooth-edged stems. Flower spikes rise 6 or 7 ft. above leaves. Withstands temperature of 10 degrees Fahr.

 Blackburnianum.
 Distinct slowerowing.

Blackburnianum. Distinct, slow-growing variety; leaves long, bluish green.

Palmetto (Cabbage Palmetto). The Florida Palmetto; leaves long, heart-shaped, deeply cut; hardy and desirable.

*SEAFORTHIA elegans (Australian Feather Palm). One of the best for conservatory or greenhouse; pinnate leaves 2 to 10 ft. in length, dark green, perfectly smooth. Each

Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft.. \$6.00 to \$8.00 Cement pots, 4 to 5 ft.... 5.00 to 7.00

WASHINGTONIA. Tall-growing, fan-leaved varieties, native to California and Northern Mexico. Each

Tubs and boxes, 6 to 8 ft..\$6.00
Tubs and boxes, 5 to 6 ft.. 4.00
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft.. 3.00
Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft.. 2.00
Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft.. 1.50 Balled, 6 to 7 Balled, 5 to 6 \$30.00 20.00 10.00 8.00 4.00

During April and May, Washingtonias can be transplanted safely, taken up with naked roots, with all leaves removed except the center shoot. Write us for special the center shoot. Write us for special prices on this stock.

prices on this stock.

Filifera (California Weeping Palm).

Trunk attains diameter of 4 feet; leaves fan-shaped, with numerous divisions and whitish filaments; petioles stout, smooth, 5 to 6 ft. long, margined with hooked spines.

Robusta (W. Gracilis or Sonorea). A distinct type; leaves drooping, much greenethan preceding and with fewer white filaments. Petioles more heavily spined; much more rapid grower than W. filifera; trunk much more slender than that variety.

AGAVES, DASYLIRIONS, DRACAENAS, YUCCAS

AGAVE Americana (Century Plant).	
well-known "Century Plant"; gla	
green leaves. Not difficult to grow,	sandy
loam being the best soil to use.	
Americana variegata. Variegated	form
of preceding; leaves edged rich yellow	
Each	10
Pots and tubs, 2 to 3 ft\$2.00	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50	\$12.50
Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.25	10.00
Balled, 1½ to 2 ft 1.00	7.50
DASYLIRION. Very ornamental de	sert
plants, with slender spiny leaves; flow	
tall, dense spikes. Each	10
Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft\$4.00	
Balled, 3 to 4 ft 2.00	
D-11-1 0 1- 0 64	

desirable for lawn.

Only species with en-Quadrangulatum. tire leaf margin; drooping, dark green. Wheeleri. Leaves have a spiral twist,

which gives the plant a peculiar appearance.

DRACAENA. Fine avenue and street trees for the coast; do not do well in the interior.

	Each	10
	Tubs and boxes, 4 to 5 ft $\$3.00$	
	Tubs and boxes, 3 to 4 ft 2.50	
	Tubs and boxes, 2 to 3 ft 2.00	
	Cement pots, 2 to 3 ft 2.50	
	6-inch boxes, 1½ to 2 ft75	\$ 6.00
	6-inch boxes, 1 to 1½ ft60	5.00
	Balled, 6 to 7 ft 4.00	
	Balled, 5 to 6 ft 3.00	25.00
	Balled, 4 to 5 ft 2.50	20.00
	Balled, 3 to 4 ft 1.50	12.50
	Balled, 2 to 3 ft 1.25	10.00
	Potted, 1½ to 2 ft	6.00
	Potted, 1 to 1½ ft50	4.00
_		

Australis (Cordyline australis). Very fine; stout-branched stem; flag-like leaves. Indivisa (C. indivisa). Fine for hall or porch; rapid grower; leaves long and narrow.

NOLINA Parrii. From Mexico. Like Dasylirion, except their leaves are unarmed.

Balled, 3 to 4 ft......\$2.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft...............1.50

PANDANUS utilis (Screw Pine). So called because of screw-like arrangement of leaves around stalk; leaves green, edged with small red spines. Each Potted.....\$1.00 to \$2.50

YUCCA.					
			flowers;		
care, on	ce esta	blished.		_	Each
Ball	led, 4 to	5 ft			.\$2.00
Ball	leď, 2 to	3 ft			. 1.00
Exc	ept Alo	ifolia Q	uadricol	or and V	/arie-

Angustifolia. Tall-growing; long, narrow, white-margined leaves; spikes of immense creamy flowers.

Baccata (Spanish Bayonet). Low, compact grower; leaves rigid; yellowish green flowers. Flower cluster 5 to 6 ft. long.

Filamentosa (Adam's Needle). Compact grower; dark green leaves and majestic spikes of yellowish white flowers.

Whipplei. Very fine; has a flower-like stem 8 feet high.

SPECIAL VARIETIES

BAMBOOS (Bambusa)

Very useful and ornamental; they seem to do well in all reasonably good solls, and should be planted by every farmer. Decorative house plants, fine for lawns or groupings. Whenever used, they should be given warm, rich soil. All varieties respond quickly to good treatment.

Except Dendrocalamus and Quillioi.

					Each	10
Boxed,	4	to	5	ft	 \$1.25	\$10.00
				ft		
				ft		12.50
Balled,	5	to	6	ft	 1.25	10.00
Potted,	2	to	3	ft	 .75	6 0 0

Arundinaria Japonica (Arrow Bamboo). Extensively used for supporting pot plants. Will withstand severe cold.

Bambusa Alphonsei Karri. Yellow and green stripes on stem. Very ornamental.

Bambusa aurea striata. Dwarf, highly ornamental. Plant bushy with yellow variegated leaves.

Bambusa Henonis (Volatile Bamboo). Thick and bushy. Excellent windbreak; feathery foliage, on graceful, arching canes.

Bambusa vichli. Dark green leaves, margined white.

Bambusa vulgaris (Common Bamboo). Tall, quick growing; one of the best for tropical effects; attains height of 70 feet.

Phyllostachys mitis (Noble Bamboo). Stem often 6 inches in diameter, used for furniture, etc.; young sprouts edible.

Phyllostachys taihochiku. Highly ornamental. Slender stem grows to height of 10 feet. One of the best.

Phyllostachys viridis glaucescens. One of the hardiest. Stems often 2 inches in diameter; attains a height of 25 feet. One of the most graceful of the Bamboos and deserving of wide culture.

SPECIAL VARIETIES

Phyllostachys quillioi (Giant Bamboo). Stems 4 to 5 inches at base; leaves largest of all; grows 75 feet high. Leaves dark green, often spotted brown, glaucous on the under side.

Boxed, 4 to 5 ft.......\$1.50

Dendrocalamus latifolius. Erect stems; broad, long leaves; rapid grower. Each Boxed, 4 to 5 ft............\$5.00

DECORATIVE, BEDDING AND BORDER PLANTS

ACHANIA malvaviscus (Turk's Cap). Vigor-
ous-grower, similar to Abutilons; flowers
brilliant crimson. Each
Potted\$0.30
ACHRYANTHES. Very desirable for low
borders; foliage rich and highly colored.
Each 10
Potted\$0.20 \$1.50
ANTHERICUM vittatum variegatum (Pha-
langium lineare). Leaves dark green, beau-
tifully marked creamy white. Each
5-inch pots\$0.50
3-inch pots
ARUNDO donax variegated. A tall, graceful
reed with longitudinally striped green and



Boston Fern, in Tub See page 55

ASPARAGUS.	1	Jac	h
12-inch tubs	. \$1.50	to	\$4.00
Hanging baskets	. 1.00	to	2.50
7 and 8-inch pots	. 1.00	to	1.50
6-inch pots	50	to	1.25
5-inch pots	35	to	.50
4-inch pots	25	to	.40
Plumosus. Beautiful clin	nbing	p	lant;

bright green, arching, feathery foliage.

Sprengeri. Useful for decorative purposes; white flowers; red berries; fronds rich green, valuable for cutting, remaining fresh for weeks; an excellent house plant.

Tenuissimus. A beautiful climber, used for floral work.

ASPIDISTRA lurida. Foliage plant; long dark green leaves; odd purplish flowers.

Lurida variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves broadly marked with white.

			nacii
8-inch	pots	\$2.00	to \$3.00
6-inch	pots	1.00	to 2.00
			to 1.00

Rex. Very large, showy leaves. Each 4 to 6-inch pots......\$0.60 to \$1.50

TREES, BIRODS, EVER
CANNAS, Assorted Varieties. Very attractive; large, green leaves, shaded red and crimson. Flowers in variety of colors, spring till fall. List of varieties on appli-
crimson Flowers in variety of colors.
spring till fall. List of varieties on appli-
cation. Each 10 Tubers\$0.20 \$1.50
CARNATIONS (Dianthus Caryophyllus). As-
sorted varieties. Each Potted\$0.25 to \$1.00
Potted
CHRYSANTHEMUMS, Assorted Varieties. Write for list of varieties. Each 10
3-inch nots
CYPERUS alternifolius (Umbrella Plant). Erect, jointless stems; long, narrow leaves, umbrella-shaped; requires plenty of water.
Erect, jointless stems; long, narrow leaves,
umbrella-shaped; requires plenty of water.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
DAISV English (Ballis perappis) Pretty
plants: numerous white to pink flowers, on
stems 6 inches long. Each 10 100
DAISY, English (Bellis perennis). Pretty plants; numerous white to pink flowers, on stems 6 inches long. Each 10 100 Price
EULALIA. Tall, Ornamental grasses, 1e-
markably hardy; universal favorites for bedding.
Balled, 4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00
Balled, 3 to 4 ft
bedding. Each 10 Balled, 4 to 6 ft\$0.75 \$6.00 Balled, 3 to 4 ft 60 5.00 Balled, 2 to 3 ft 50 4.00 Potted, 2 to 3 ft 40 3.00 Evergreen. Larger and stronger than E. Inpuring For seaside locations
Fyergreen. Larger and stronger than E.
Japonica. For seaside locations. Gracilis. Similar to E. Japonica, but with
Gracilis. Similar to E. Japonica, but with
much narrower leaves.
Japonica (Japanese Eulalia). Narrow, drooping leaves, 6 to 9 feet long. Japonica variegata (Japanese Striped Grass). Long, narrow, white-striped leaves,
Japonica variegata (Japanese Striped
Grass). Long, narrow, white-striped leaves,
4 to 6 feet long. Japonica zebrina (Japanese Banded
Japonica zebrina (Japanese Banded Grass). Resembles preceding, but marked
across the leaves.
FERNS
Prices vary according to number and quality of fronds per plant.
Leading popular varieties as follows:
Each 10 to 12-inch baskets\$1.50 to \$5.00
8-inch pots or pans 1.00 to 2.50
6-inch nots or pans
4-inch pots
Assorted fern dishes75 to 1.50
Adiantum cuneatum (Maiden Hair Fern).
Adiantum Formosan.
Adiantum Farleyense. Aspidium tsussimense.
Asplinium Nidus Avis (Bird Nest Fern).
Cyrtomium falcatum (Holly Fern).
Gymnogramme sulphurea. Lycopodium.
Nephrolepis exaltata (Sword Fern).
Nephrolepis exaltata (Sword Fern). N. exaltata Bostoniensis (Boston Fern).
N. exaltata elegantissima. N. exaltata Roosevelti.
Pteris in assortment.
Woodwardia, Pteris and Nephrolepis.
Native California Ferns. Each
Potted
tion including the very best varieties.
Potted\$0.25 to \$0.75
GERANIUMS, Single, Double and lvy- Leaved. We have used the utmost care in the selection, limiting our list to improved
the selection limiting our list to improved
types. Assorted varieties. Each
Potted \$0.20 to \$0.50
GERBERA Jamesonii (Transvaal Daisy). Flower scarlet, similar in shape and size to Shasta Daisy. Each Each
Flower scarlet, similar in shape and size to
Potted\$0.35
HELIOTROPE (Heliotropium). Rich, fra-
grant flowers; dark green leaves. Assorted
varieties. Each 10 Potted\$0.30 \$2.50
HIBISCUS rosea-sinensis. Chinese Varieties
HIBISCUS rosea-sinensis, Chinese Varieties. Bright, glossy leaves; gorgeous flowers. Assorted colors. Each
Assorted colors. Each Potted, 2 to 3 ft\$0.25 to \$1.50
T OCCOU, 2 CO 9 IC



Eulalia Zebrina

IRESINE. Popular bedding plant. In demand on account of their highly colored flowers and stems. Each 10 Potted
Potted
July and August. Each Potted\$0.25
LOTUS. One of the best plants for hanging baskets. Leaves thread-like; foliage silvery gray; flowers crimson, in long clusters. Each
Potted\$0.40 MALLOW. In various colors. Flowers six inches across. Form of Perennial Hibiscus.
Each
Potted\$0.50 MARGUERITE (Chrysanthemum frutescens). Paris Daisy. We grow both the white and yellow varieties. Each 10 Potted\$0.30 \$2.50
MINT (Mentha rotundifolia variegata). Pretty border plant, round, variegated leaves, hav- ing a pleasant, mint-like odor when bruised.
Each 10
New Zealand (Phormium tenax). Large, erect, dark green leaves, with narrow, reddish brown margin. Varlegated (P. tenax varlegata). Leaves
Variegated (P. tenax variegata). Leaves shorter than preceding; marked with broad, creamy stripes. PAMPAS GRASS (Gynerium argenteum).
Leaves long, narrow, drooping; silvery plumes.
ing; plumes are fleshy pink. Argenteum variegatum. Leaves edged silver
Clumps
Transplanted in flats. \$0.10 \$0.40 \$3.00 PELARGONIUM (Lady Washington Geraniums). The best of the late introductions.
Potted
Potted\$1.50 to \$10.00



Poinsettia Pulcherina

PHLOX, Assorted Varieties. Large colors; early summer till late fall. Large range of Each Potted\$0.25 \$2.00 POGOSTEMON Heyneanus (Patchouli Plant). Affords the celebrated Patchouli perfume. Potted \$0.30 POINSETTIA pulcherrima. The well-known plant; popular in Southern California. Long stems, large leaves and great scarlet bracts surrounding flowers, which appear in win-ter. Each Potted\$0.50 to \$2.00 PRIMULA obconica (Primrose). Free flowering; dark green foliage, stems of large flowers, varying from white to crimson. Each Potted\$0.25 \$2.00 ROMNEYA Coulteri (California Tree Poppy). Perennial; large, white blossoms all sum-Each 10 Potted\$1.00 \$7.50 SALVIA. Handsome, rapid-growing; blooms ving, Each 10 25 \$2.00 all summer. Potted\$0.25 SANSEVIERIA. Leaves 1 to 3 feet long, sword-shaped; variegated with grayish white cross markings; flowers greenish white. white. Potted\$0.50 to \$1.00 SANTOLINA (Lavender Cotton). Stands ex-

treme drought and cold; valuable for borders; foliage silvery.

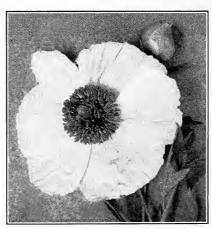
CYCLAMEN latifolium. Small plant; round, fleshy leaves on long stems; odd-shaped

Transplanted in flats, \$3.00 per 100. SHASTA DAISIES. Each Clumps\$0.30 \$2.50 THYME (Thymus). We grow the common Thyme, with plain green foliage, and the variegated variety. Each 10 Potted\$0.20 \$1.50 TRADESCANTIA (Wandering Jew). Two varieties; fine for hanging baskets, jardinieres and vases. Each 10 5-inch pots\$0.20 \$1.50 TRITOMA uvaria (Red-Hot Poker). Lateblooming; bright orange-scarlet flowers on long, straight stems. Each 10 Balled, 2 to 3 ft. . . \$0.35 \$3.00 VERBENA. Latest introductions, su superior to old sorts. old sorts. Each 10 100 Transplanted in flats.\$0.10 \$0.50 \$3.00 VINCA major (Periwinkle). Trailing plant; deep, glossy green leaves; trumpet-shaped, pale blue flowers. Major variegata. Similar to the preceding; leaves have broad, creamy margin. Each 10 ...\$0.20 Potted \$1.50

Each . . \$0.15

VIOLET (Viola odorata). Each 10 100 Transplanted in flats. \$0.10 \$0.40 \$3.00 California. Single, blue violet; profuse bloomer; very fragrant. Swanley White. Large, double, white

flowers.



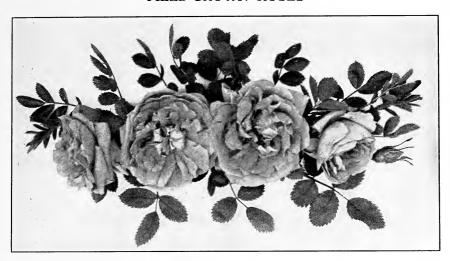
ROMNEYA COULTERI

Each

Clumps\$0.30 \$2.50

BULBS AND TUBERO	US-ROOTED PLANTS
AGAPANTHUS umbellatus (African Lily). Long, fleshy leaves; flowers of bright blue. Each Potted	flowers of various shades. November to May. Each Potted
AMARYLLIS Hippeastrum hybrida. Flowers of enormous proportions; wide range of	DAHLIA. We grow a fine assortment of double and single varieties. Each 10 Tubers
color and variations. Belladonna. Flowers rosy pink; appearing on shoots in August. Each 10 Potted	IRIS Germanica (German Iris). Hardy, early blooming; large, ornamental flowers of rich colors; early May. Each 10 Clumps
CALADIUM esculentum (Elephant's Ear). Enormous heart-shaped leaves, growing luxuriantly in very moist situations in summer. Clumps	Kaempferi (Japanese Iris). The well-known Japan "Flag," many colors. Flowers sometimes measure 10 to 12 inches across. Each 10 Price
CALLA LILY (Alba maculata). Profuse bloomer; pure white flowers. Each 10 Potted	This is a winter-blooming Iris. The blue and white types are very beautiful and are particularly valuable because of being in bloom when no other flowers are to be had.

FIELD-GROWN ROSES



We grow our roses at San Jose, Cal., where conditions are particularly favorable for the development of bushes with well-matured, strong canes and with a highly developed root system. This stock cannot be excelled. Plants will bloom first season following plant-

ABBREVIATIONS

Abbreviations opposite each variety in the Abbreviations opposite each variety in the following list indicate the class to which it belongs: Ban., Banksia; Ben., Bengal; Bour., Bourbon; H. B., Hybrid Briar; H. N., Hybrid Noisette; H. P., Hybrid Perpetual; H. T., Hybrid Tea; Misc., Miscellaneous; M., Moss, N., Noisette; Poly., Polyantha; Pr., Prairie; Rug., Rugosa; T., Tea; Wich., Wichuriana; H. Wich., Hybrid Wichuriana.

See Special Collections of Roses, page 60.

STANDARD OR TREE ROSES

Two-year heads budded on strong stocks. Elach Price\$1.25 \$10.00

Price\$1.25 \$10.00
Bridesmaid (T.). Clear, bright pink.
Duchess de Brabant (T.). Rosy pink.
Empereur du Maroc (H. P.). Velvety crimson.
Gold of Ophir (N.). Apricot yellow.
Gruss an Teplitz (Bour.). Dark crimson.
Improved Rainbow (T.). Pink, striped crim-

son. K. A. Victoria (H. T.). Pure ivory white. Liberty (H. T.). Crimson scarlet. Mad. Caroline Testout (H. T.). Clear pink. Mad. Chedanne Guinoisseau (T.). Deep yellow.

Magna Charta (H. P.). Red. Marie Van Houtte (T.). Light yellow and

rose.
Niles Cochet (T.). Pink, edged red.
Papa Gontier (T.). Brilliant carmine.
Paul Neyron (H. P.). Deep rose.
Perle des Jardins (T.). Bright straw color.
Pink Maman Cochet (T.). Rosy pink.
Reve d'Or (T.). Fawn.
Ulrich Brunner (H. P.). Cherry red.
White Maman Cochet (T.). White.

NEWEST IN ROSES

We take pleasure in calling attention to a few varieties of roses which our Mr. Geo. C. Roeding saw in a number of different nurseries while on his recent trip to Europe. Many of these sorts are entirely new and have never been offered for sale before in the United States.

Among the immense list of new roses, it is a source of satisfaction to us to be in a position to offer for sale a few of the very best varieties. Each Price\$0.50

Except Mad. Edouard Herriott and Willowmere. See Special Price.

CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT (H. T.).
The color is varied from a deep velvety scarlet shaded to bright red and then to dark velvety crimson, as the flowers expand. Its fragrance is very pronounced.

ERNA TESCHENDORFF (Dwarf Poly.). The color is a brilliant carmine red. It is a very free bloomer and it has a permanency of color which has always been lacking in other roses of this family.

EXCELSA (H. Wich.). Flowers double, bright scarlet, produced in clusters; a fine novelty.

EDWARD MAWLEY (H. T.). One of the best of the new roses; flower large, dark velvety crimson, almost continuously in bloom.

FARBEN-KONIGIN (H. T.). The color is a carmine rose, inclined to somewhat deeper color on the outside of the petals; flowers very large and full.

GEO. ARENDS (H. P.). Called by the originator "Red Frau Karl Druschki." Flowers bright red carmine, borne on long stems; an extra good forcing rose.

HEINRICH MUNCH (H. P.). It has every characteristic of the Druschki with the exception that the plants are somewhat stronger growers and the flowers are more striking, both in bud form and when fully open. The petals are beautifully reflexed. Pink.

HELVETIA (H. T.). Fine cut flower rose; inside of petals bright pink, outside fiery red; very free bloomer.

HERZOGIN MARIE ANTOINETTE (H. T.). One of the finest of the yellow roses; buds long, orange gold, opening well.

HIAWATHA (H. Wich.). Flowers rich crimson with white center.

Sol with white center.

JULIET (Hybrid Briar). A distinct type of rose. It is a wonderful grower, sending up long, strong stems surmounted by flowers of most unique color; the outside of the petals is old gold; the interior, rich rosy red, changing to deep rose as the flowers expand; very large and full; delicious fragrance. grance.

KONIGIN CAROLA (H. T.). Satiny rose with reverse of petals silvery rose. Very free flowering. Even more so than its parent.

LAURENT CARLE (H. T.). Brilliant velvety carmine; flowers very large, of perfect form, not too full, always opening freely.

LIEUTENANT CHAURE (H. T.). Vigorous grower; long buds borne on long stems. Velvety crimson, shaded garnet.

LEUCHTFEUER (Bengal). Among the new roses for bedding or massing, there is probably no variety grown today which is more effective than this rose. Its free-blooming qualities and brilliant blood red color combine to place it among the top notchers.

MADAM JULE GROLEZ (H. T.). A rose of highest quality. Color a beautiful satiny china rose: flowers of large size; very double; of good form and very free flowering. Deserves to be planted extensively.

SUNBURST (H. T.). Few roses have so many favorable points all combined in one plant. Its bronzy foliage; absence of thorns; its long, pointed, orange-yellow buds, becoming deeper towards the center, carried on long, stiff stems, place it in the front rank among the new roses.

AYON D'OR (H. T.). A vigorous grower, of fine branching habit, with fine bronzy green foliage and oval shaped buds; tinged coppery orange. It is not only very attractive in this form, but equally so when the flowers are expanded, on account of its RAYON D'OR (H. T.). fine substance and magnificent golden yellow coloring.

WHITE DOROTHY PERKINS (H. Wich.). A sport from Dorothy Perkins; of the same habit as its parent; flowers pure white.

WILLOWMERE (Pernetiana). A very vig-orous grower, of erect habit and few thorns; buds long; flowers large, shrimp pink, turning to yellow in center, edges carmine pink. 75 cents each.

MADAM EDOUARD HERRIOTT (Pernetiana). A very strong grower; flowers a unique blending of shrimp pink, copper, orange and apricot. 75 cents each.

LATE INTRODUCTIONS

Each 10 100 Price\$0.40 \$3.00 \$25.00

Climbing White Cochet (T.). Identical with White Maman Cochet except that it is a climber; flowers white, sometimes suffused with pink.

Dean Hole (T.). Silvery carmine, with salmon shadings. The flowers are large, of great substance and perfect in form, both as a bud and when fully expanded. A wonderful rose.

Dorothy Page Roberts (H. T.). Distinctively a cut-flower rose. Buds large and well a cut-flower rose. Buds large and w formed; color deep shade coppery pink.

Duchess of Wellington (H. T.). Intense saf-fron yellow, stained with crimson, chang-ing to deep coppery saffron yellow.

Florence Edith Coulthwaite (H. T.). Deep cream, suffused with bright rose; petals reflexed and back delicate orange.

Flower of Fairfield (Poly.). Crimson.

Harry Kirk (H. T.). Color deep sulphur-yellow with a lighter shade on the edges of petals. Flowers large, perfect form, buds long.

long.

His Majesty (H. T.). Dark crimson, shaded deep vermilion edge of petals.

Jonkheer J. L. Mock (H. T.). This stands out as a leader. It is fine in bud, being full and well formed, and is equally good when it opens up. In color, it is a mixture of bright red and salmon pink. As a grower, it is among the best it is among the best.

Kronprinzessin Cecilie (H. T.). Silvery pink, exquisite form.

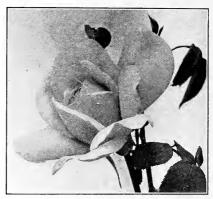
Lady Alice Stanley (H. T.). Deep coral rose, inside pale flesh.

Lady Ashtown (H. T.). Very free bloomer and keeps a splendid color; pale rose shading to yellow at base of petals, reflex of petals silvery pink; buds long and pointed; flowers large and full.

ady Hillingdon (T.). A grand rose for either pot work or garden decoration. Blooms continuously, buds very long, with a most pleasing shade of orange yellow. Particularly fine in the bud state.

Lady Ursula (H. T.). The flowers are large, and of a perfect form; delicately scented, and of beautiful pink color.

Margaret Molyneux (H. T.). Saffron yellow, shaded bronzy carmine.



MARQUISE DE SINETY

Marquise de Sinety (H. T.). This rose spires enthusiasm as soon as it is seen. This rose inis clear yellow, fading to pale rose at edge of petals, large, full and cup-shaped; very fragrant.

Mary Countess of Lichester (H. T.). Crimson carmine, delicately scented.

Mildred Grant. Color is pearly white, petals edged pink. Blooms size of Paul Neyron. edged pink. Blooms size of Paul Neyro One of the best of the late introductions.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H. T.), Long buds borne on erect stems. Flowers large; Indian yellow, suffused with salmon rose.

Mrs. E. J. Holland (H. T.). Deep salmon rose, shaded light at edge of petals.

Nita Weldon (H. T.). Ivory white with faint blush on edge of petals.

Pink Cherokee. A California introduction having all the qualities of the White Cherokee, possessing its vigorous growth, beautiful glossy foliage.

Rhea Reid (H. T.). Color varying from rose-cerise to rich crimson-red. Large, full flowers; fine for forcing.

Schneikopf (Poly.). An exquisite rose of snow-white color, borne on slender, grace-ful stems like Mlle. Cecile Brunner.

The Lyon (H. T.). Salmon pink, shading into chrome yellow.

Walter Speed (H. T.). A vigorous, erect grower, of a deep lemon-yellow color, be-coming white as it develops.

Wellesley (H. T.). Fine shade of pink.

William Shean (H. T.). Purest deep pink, with shell-shaped petals forming extra long buds.

GENERAL COLLECTION

10 100 Each Price\$0.25 \$2.00 \$18.00

Abel Carriere (H. P.). Crimson.
Agrippina (Ben.). Deep crimson.
Alice Leroy (M.). Pink.
American Beauty (H. P.). Rosy crimson.
Augustine Guinoisseau or White La France
(H. T.). Pearly white, tinted fawn.



My Maryland

Baby Rambler, "Mme. Norbert Levavasseur" (Poly.). Dwarf, bright crimson.
Banksia, White (Ban.). White.
Banksia, Single White (Ban.). White.
Baroness Rothschild (H. P.). Bright rose, shaded white.

Beauty of Glazenwood (Misc.). Coppery car-

mine and salmon yellow.

Belle Siebrecht (H. T.). Imperial pink.

Bessie Brown (H. T.). Creamy white; fragrant. A vigorous grower, flowering profusely

Black Prince (H. P.). Dark crimson.
Bridesmaid (T.). Clear, bright pink.
Capt. Christy (H. P.). Deep flesh.
Catherine Mermet (T.). Light flesh.
Cherokee, Single (Misc.). Pure white.
Cherokee, Double (Misc.). White.
Cheshunt Hybrid (H. T.). Cherry-carmine.
Clara Watson (H. T.). Pearly white, center shaded nale neach

shaded pale peach.

Clio (H. P.). Flesh color, center shaded rosy pink, large and of fine form.

Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H. T.). Imperial

pink, identical with its parent, but of climbing habit.

Climbing Bridesmaid (T.). Bright pink. Climbing Capt. Christy (H. P.). Deep flesh. Climbing Caroline Testout (H. T.). Cle Clear nink.

Climbing Devoniensis (T.). White, center blush.

Climbing Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.). White.

Climbing La France (H. T.). Silvery pink. Climbing Mlle. Cecile Brunner (Poly.). Rosy

pink.
Climbing Meteor (H. T.). Deep crimson.
Climbing Niphetos (T.). Pure white.
Climbing Papa Gontier (T.). A vigorous grower with beautifully formed buds; fine rosy crimson color.

Climbing Perle des Jardins (T.). Canary-yel-

Climbing Wooton (H. T.). Velvety red. Cloth of Gold (N.). Deep yellow, edged sul-

Crimson Rambler (Poly.). Bright crimson. Dr. William Gordon (H. P.). Exquisite pink petals, edged white; borne on strong, graceful stems about 5 feet long.

Dorothy Perkins (Wich.). Clear shell-pink.

Duchesse de Brabant (T.). Rosy pink.

Duchess of Albany or Red La France (H. T.) pink.

Eliza Sauvage (T.). Pale yellow. Empereur du Maroc (H. P.). Velvety ma-

roon. Etoile de France (H. T.). A superb rose, and a great favorite. The flowers are large and of fine form, borne on long, stiff stems;

of fine form, borne on long, stiff stems; very fragrant; color a lovely shade of clear ted-crimson velvet.

Etoile de Lyon (T.). Deep yellow.

Florence Pemberton (H. T.). Creamy white, suffused with pink.

Francisca Kruger (T.). Coppery yellow,

shaded peach. Franz Deegan (H. T.). Deep orange-yellow, merging white. Resembles its noted parent, Kaiserin Augusta Victoria, except color.

Frau Karl Druschki (Snow Queen) (H. P.). A

remarkably vigorous grower; flowers large, perfect in form, of the purest snow-white color.

Gen. Jacqueminot (H. P.). Shining crimson. General McArthur (H. T.). Fiery red. A free bloomer and very fragrant. Geo. C. Waud (H. T.). Glowing orange-ver-

milion. Flowers large, full and perfectly formed, with high, pointed center. Gloire de Dijon (T.). Buff-orange. Gold of Ophir (N.). Apricot-yellow. Grace Molyneux (H. T.). Creamy apricot,

center flesh.

center nesh.

Greville or Seven Sisters (Pr.). Light pink.

Gruss an Teplitz (Bour.). Dark crimson.

Helen Gould (H. P.). Carmine.

Hugh Dickson (H. P.). A vigorous grower,

with handsome foliage; flowers very large and of fine form, with large, smooth petals. Improved Rainbow (T.). Pink, striped crimson.

John Cuff (H. T.). Deep carmine-pink; yellow at base of petals. Buds long and pointed; fragrant. Jubilee (H. T.). Fiery maroon-crimson, often

black. Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.).

Kaiserin Augusta victoria ivory white.

Killarney (H. T.). Flesh, suffused pink; the buds are long and pointed. One of the finest for massing.

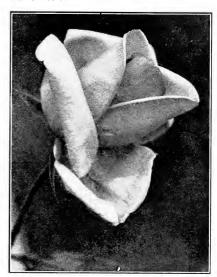
La Detroit (H. T.). Shell-pink.

Lady Battersea or Red Kaiserin (H. T.).

Beautiful cherry-crimson, permeated with

Beautiful cherry-crimson, permeated with an orange shade; vigorous, erect habit. La France (H. T.). Silvery pink. Lamarque (N.). White, shaded sulphur-yel-

low center.



Betty



Frau Karl Druschki See page 59

Liberty (H. T.). Crimson scarlet; very freeflowering.

Louis Van Houtte (H. P.). Mad. Abel Chatenay (H. P.). Rich crimson. (H. T.). A stro ad. Abel Chatenay (H. T.). A strong grower and free bloomer, producing beautiful flowers of carmine-rose shaded with strong salmon

Mme. Alfred Carriere (N.). White and yel-10 w.

Mme. C. Testout (H. T.). Clear pink.
Mme. de Watteville (T.). Salmon-white,

tinged carmine. Ime. G. Lulzet (shaded lavender. Luizet (H. P.). Clear coral-rose,

Mme. Jean Dupuy (T.). Golden yellow. Mme. Leon Paln (H. T.). Silvery salmon,

center orange-yellow.

Mme. Vermorel (T.). Coppery yellow, center shaded red.

Mad. Wagram (Climbing Paul Neyron) (T.). Rosy pink.

Mile. Cecile Brunner (Poly.). Salmon-pink.
Maman Cochet (T.). Rosy pink.
Marchioness of Londonderry (H. P.). Ivorywhite.

Marechal Neil (N.). Deep sulphur-yellow. Marie Van Houtte (T.). Light yellow and rose.

Medea (T.). Lemon-yellow.
Meteor (H. P.). Deep crimson.
Molly Sharman-Crawford (H. T.). Very
sturdy growth; flowers pure white, bloom-

sturdy growth; nowers pure white, closing profusely.
Niphetos (T.). Pure white.
Niles Cochet (T.). Pink, edged red.
Papa Gontier (T.). Brilliant carmine, changing to rose and lilac.
Paul Neyron (H. P.). Deep rose.
Peace (T.). Pale lemon-yellow; buds long and pointed, expanding into a large, broadnetaled flower of great substance and petaled flower of great substance and beauty.

Perle des Jardins (T.). Bright straw-color. Perle von Godesburg (H. T.). Deep yellow, merging to cream. Perslan Yellow (Misc.). Deepest yellow. Philadelphia Rambler (Poly.). Very deep

crimson.

Pink Soupert (Poly.). Clear pink.
Prairie Queen (Pr.). Rosy red.
Prince Camille de Rohan or La Rosler
(H. P.). Dark crimson.

(H. P.). Dark crimson. Reine Marie Henriette (H. T.). Cherry-red. Reine Olga de Wurtemburg (H. T.). Rosy carmine.

carmine.
Reve d'Or (T.). Fawn.
Richmond (H. T.). A constant bloomer;
flowers deep scarlet; buds long and pointed.
Rosalind Or (H. T.). Scarlet pink.
Rubens (T.). White, tinted rose.
Rugosa alba (Rug.). Pure white.
Rugosa rubra (Rug.). Rosy crimson.
Safrano (T.). Deep fawn.
Snowflake (T.). White.
Soleil d'Or (Misc.). Reddish gold, shaded nasturtium-red.

nasturtium-red.

Souvenir de Malmaison (Bour.). Flesh, edged blush. Souvenir de Paul Neyron (T.). Creamy white,

shaded rose.

Souvenir du President Carnot (H. T.). Rosy flesh, shaded deeper at center.

Sunset (T.). Golden amber, shaded ruddy

copper. The Bride (T.). Pure white buds and flowers

The Bride (T.). Pure white buds and flowers large and delightfully fragrant.
The Queen (T.). Pure white.
Viscountess Folkstone (H. T.). Rosy pink.
Ulrich Brunner (H. P.). Cherry-red.
White Bath (M.). White; center blush.
White Maman Cochet (T.). Pure white, sometimes suffused with pink.
W. A. Richardson (N.). Orange-yellow.
Xavier Olibo (H. P.). Violet-crimson.
Yellow Banksia (Ban.). Clear yellow.
Yellow Rambler (Poly). Deep golden yellow and very sweet-scented.

and very sweet-scented. Yellow Maman Cochet (T.). Light yellow, edged rose.

CHOICE COLLECTIONS OF BUSH ROSES

In order to simplify the matter of selecting roses for your Garden, we are submitting a list of the best varieties, also showing colors. The prices on the following collections are for same ready for shipment at Fresno, California.

Any additional roses from our Catalog may be added to the collection by including the prices of same at the 10 rate quoted.

Rose Collection "A"-\$1.50

8 roses, your selection as below.

Pick any 3 roses from "Special List." Also any 5 roses from "General List."

Rose Collection "B"—\$2.75

15 roses, your selection as below. Pick any 3 roses from "Special List." Also any 12 roses from "General List." Rose Collection "C"-\$5.00

26 roses, your selection as below.

Pick any 6 roses from "Special List." Also any 20 roses from "General List."

Varieties for these collections are as follows and must be selected from these lists:

SPECIAL LIST ROSES

Climbing White Cochet (H. T.). White. Dean Hole (T.). Silvery carmine, salmon shading.

Flower of Fairfield (Poly.). Crimson.

Harry Kirk (H. T.). Deep sulphur-yellow. Jonkheer, J. L. Mock (H. T.) Bright red and salmon pink.

Lady Ashtown (H. T.). Pale rose, shading to yellow.

Lady Hillingdon (T.). Orange-yellow.

Mary Countess of Lichester (H. T.). Crimson-carmine.

Mrs. Aaron Ward (H. T.). Indian yellow, suffused salmon-rose.

Rhea Reid (H. T.). Cerise to rich crimsonred.

The above are carefully selected varieties of the Latest Introduction.

GENERAL LIST ROSES

Selected Sorts from our General Collection. American Beauty (H. P.). Rosy crimson.

Clio (H. P.). Flesh color, center shaded rosy

Climbing Belle Siebrecht (H. T.). Imperial pink. Clear

Climbing Caroline Testout (H. T.). pink. Etoile de France (H. T.). Clear red crimson

velvet. Frau Karl Druschki (H. P.). Snow white.

General Jacqueminot (H. P.). Shining crim-

General McArthur (H. T.). Fiery red. Jubilee (H. T.). Fiery maroon-crimson. Kaiserin Augusta Victoria (H. T.). ivory white.

Killarney (H. T.). Flesh, suffused pink.

La France (H. T.). Silvery pink.

Lamarque (H.). White center, shaded sulphur-yellow.

Mme. C. Testout (H. T.). Clear pink.

Mme. Leon Pain (H. T.). Silvery salmon, center orange-yellow.

Maman Cochet (T.). Rosy pink.

Marechal Niel (H.). Deep sulphur-yellow.

Mile. Cecile Brunner (Poly.). Salmon pink. Papa Gontier (T.). Brilliant carmine, changing to rose-silver.

Paul Neyron (H. P.). Deep rose.

Perle des Jardins (T.). Bright straw color. Prince Camille de Rohan (H. P.). Dark crimson.

Richmond (H. T.). Deep scarlet.

Sunset (T.). Golden amber, shaded ruddy copper.

Ulrich Brunner (H. P.). Cherry-red.

White Killarney (H. T.). White.

Xavier Olibo (H P.). Violet-crimson.

VALUABLE REFERENCE LITERATURE

BOOKS FOR HORTICULTURISTS

California Fruits and How to Grow Them. Fifth edition, revised and extended. A Manual of Methods which have yielded greatest success. By Edward J. Wickson, A. M. Size of page, 6½ by 9½ inches, about 600 pages, bound in cloth and fully illustrated. Postage prepaid, \$3.00 per copy.

California Vegetables, in Garden and Field. Second edition, revised and extended. A manual of practice with or without irrigation for semi-tropical countries. By Edward J. Wickson, A. M. Size of page, 6 by 9¼, 368 pages, well printed and strongly bound in cloth; illustrated. Postage prepaid, \$2.00.

Farm and Garden Rule Book. L. H. Bailey. A new edition of the Horticulturists' Rule Book and Compendium of Useful Information for Nurserymen, Florists, Seedmen, and Fruit-Growers. Size of book, 12 mo., containing 587 pages plus 24 pages of front matter. Price, \$2.25, postage paid.

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CALIFORNIA GARDEN-FLOWERS By Edward J. Wickson,

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By Prof. L. H. Bailey In six volumes.

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A discussion for the amateur, professional

A discussion for the amateur, professional and commercial grower of the kinds, characteristics and methods of cultivation of the species of plants grown in the regions of the United States and Canada for ornamental trees, fruit trees and vegetables. Price, \$36.00 per set, carriage paid.

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manure; to this is added mineral and animaintre; to this is added mineral and animal matter, which makes it a valuable dressing for gardens and lawns. Manufactured under guarantee analysis, which will be supplied on request. Valuable for potted plants. 25 lbs., sacked, 75c; 50 lbs., sacked, \$1.50; 100 lbs., sacked, \$2.50.

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paper;	ver	y di	urable.	No.	1	gra	de.	

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24 in.	7 in\$1.30	\$12.00
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YUCCA TREE PROTECTORS. (1) Our extremely long, hot and dry summers make it imperative for all fruit-growers to shade the bodies of young trees the first season. The most efficient and valuable protectors are made from the Yucca Palm. Soak the bundles in water before using.

Length	Width	Wt. per 100	100	1000
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18 in.	7 in.	13 lbs	. 1.75	15.00
16 in.	7 in.	12 lbs	. 1.50	14.00
14 in.	7 in.	10 lbs	. 1.30	12.50
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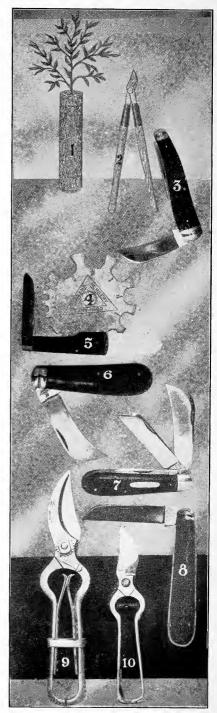
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